COMMERCIAL

Volume XXX Number 6

PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY 15, 1926

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Graham Brothers Truck sales for 1925 were the largest in their history.

The previous record breaking year was surpassed by 123 per cent.

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1 Ton Chassis				. \$	975
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f. o. b. Detroit

GRAHAM BROTHERS

EVANSVIIIE - DETROIT - STOCKTON
A DIVISION OF DODGE BROTHERS INC.
GRAHAM BROTHERS (CANADA) LIMITED-TORONTO, ONTARIO

Why Clark Bevel Drive Axles are used by the large truck manufacturers.

CLARK

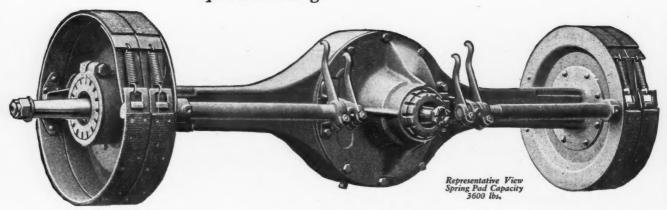
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Dual Wheel Bearings: The heavier models of Clark Axles carry dual wheel bearings, which eliminate pounding thrusts on the inner ends of the drive shafts ordinarily taken on thrust buttons—they also permit closer bearing adjustment giving greater efficiency.

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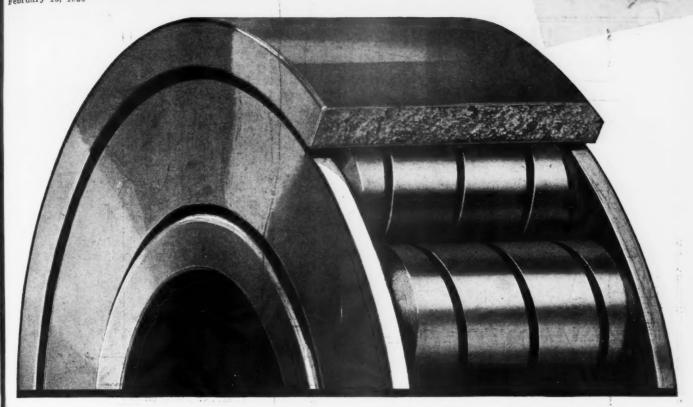
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Clark Bevel Drive Axles are made in all sizes up to $2\frac{1}{2}$ tons capacity.



Performance sells cars. It is performance that is built into Hyatt Bearings—Superior Performance—that means trouble free, carefree operation requiring no adjustment.

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HYATT ROLLER BEARING COMPANY

NEWARK Worcester DETROIT Philadelphia CHICAGO Charlotte

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"Worth a Million Dollars"

"The agency for that truck in Dallas is worth a million dollars." The exact words of a well-known man (from Dallas, Texas) after he had seen the Commerce Relay Drive Truck demonstrated at the Chicago Good Roads Show.

The same thought was expressed by hundreds of others.

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Vol. XXX

PHILADELPHIA, FEB. 15, 1926

No. 6

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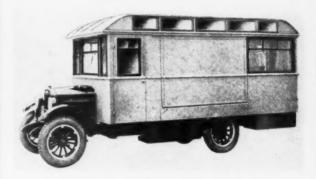
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92 out of 93 at the last show. 56 out of 56 in 1924. Timken dominance in the bus field is overwhelming.

Buses presented before the American Electric Railway Association meet the scrutiny of experts in transportation and costs.

Uninterrupted service, frugal operation, nice handling, safety, and attractiveness being economic necessities, Timkenequipped buses are the rule.

THE TIMKEN ROLLER BEARING CO.
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New Departure Ball Bearings make your electric motors worth more, whether they cost you more or not.

They reduce re-winding costs due to burnt-out motors, as much as 70%.

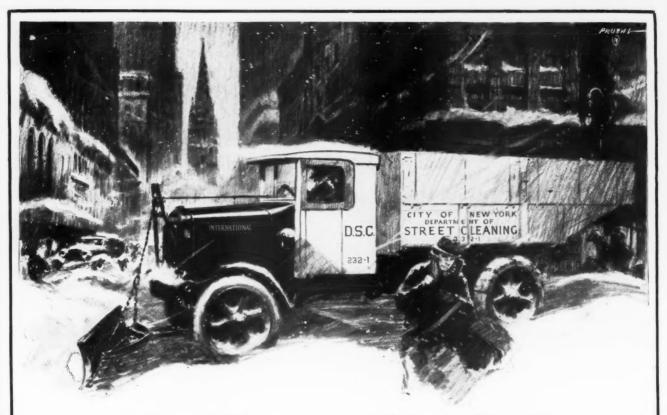
They rarely require attention oftener than every nine months, and reduce oiling and inspection costs at least 821/2%.

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More Power to New York

TEW YORK CITY uses International Trucks and the list of the boroughs and departments they serve tells a significant story of motor hauling efficiency. This great municipality demands much of its trucks but not more than these trucks are giving.

Internationals are prominently identified with

every phase of municipal transportation in the City of New York. Whether it be the 1-ton Speed Trucks making quick work of jobs that must be done when they must be done, or the 5-ton Heavy-Duty Trucks doing the toughest work with ease, Internationals are competently serving different departments of the country's largest city day in and day out. Low-cost hauling for New York!

And in cities and towns from coast to coast, in every type of work, municipal and commercial, Interna-

tional Trucks are delivering utmost satisfaction. They have been doing this for over 20 years, just as other products of the Harvester Company have been giving good service for almost a century.

The following department of the City of New York use International Trucks:

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Boroughs of Manhattan, Brooklyn,
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Department of Plant and Structures
Department of Parks—Manhattan
and Brooklyn
Department of Water Supply, Gas
and Electricity
Sheriff's Office—Bronx

Median Trucks:
Department of Public Markets
Department of Sewers—
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Boroughs of Manhattan,
Bronx and Brooklyn
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The International line includes a Speed Truck for 2,000-pound loads; Heavy-Duty Trucks ranging from 3,000 to 10,000 pounds, maximum capacities; and Motor Coaches for all requirements. International has the largest Company-owned truck service organization in the world—112 branches in this country alone—the farther you go from one the nearer to get to another.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY

606 So. Michigan Ave.

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INTERNATIONAL

TRUCKS

Our 112 branch houses are located in the cities listed here; and in addition there are dealers located conveniently from one end of the country to the other.

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The Commercial Car Journal

VOLUME XXX

PHILADELPHIA, FEBRUARY 15, 1926

NUMBER 6

The Motor Truck IS A 100% UTILITY

Says the Banker

Motor Transport in its various ramifications discussed before World
Motor Transport Conference and Annual Open Motor Truck
Convention—Vocational selling and good service seen
as business aids

THE Second World Motor Transport Congress and the Annual Open Motor Truck Meeting, both functions which were held in New York last month under the auspices of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, stressed the importance of motor transport as a world-wide utility. Two hundred delegates from all parts of the world listened with interest to the addresses on sales, service and financing, receiving information from American manufacturers which given impartially cannot help but increase the use of motor transport throughout the world.

President Clifton, of the N. A. C. C., hailed the delegates by saying, "That the purpose of the meeting was to increase motor transport facilities all over the world, without selfish advantage to any country. The world market is limitless, there is room for the trade of all countries and the problem for every nation is to work for road development, just laws and taxes."

"Vocational Selling as a Business Aid," was the subject of an address made by M. L. Pulcher, president of the Federal Motor Truck Company. In his address he compared the vocational selling idea so much talked about in the automotive industry, with the specialization selling methods which have been in use by other industries for many years. "The selling of motor trucks is essentially no different than selling any other commodity" said Mr. Pulcher. The great trouble in the past has been that salesmen have been selling the mechanical superiority of the units instead of a real transportation service.

"In the United States there are about 1800 lines of business using commercial haulage. Naturally this does not mean that salesmen must solve the intricate problems of this many businesses because many of them have kindred problems. If this number of businesses were carefully segregated it will be found that there are about 40 main industries which have similar problems. It still would be a hopeless task to train salesmen to successfully handle this number of businesses. Although he could call on many of these industries he would still be a truck salesman and not a well educated, well informed transportation engineer.

The Salesman Specializes

"The solution is to have salesmen in your employ who are thoroughly conversant with two or three allied lines of businesses. For instance we have a salesman in one of our metropolitan cities who has made an intensive study of the transportation problems of laundries dyers, cleaners and tailors. He specializes on these vocations. So carefull has his study been of these allied lines that he is being called in by many companies to come in and give his recommendations as to the proper truck installation.

"Vocationally directed selling does two things for the dealer:

First—it provides the dealer with the means of studying his market and shaping his selling messages to appeal to certain specific groups.

Second—it enables the dealer or the salesman to more economically and profitably direct his selling by specializing his effort on vocational groups that are known to need trucks and are financially able to purchase them.

"Vocational selling is a natural development of the demand for more intensive merchandising. It is a means of sending a salesman's energy where it will produce the greatest results at the lowest possible cost.

"One of the most important features in connection with a smooth running vocational plan is to have complete cooperation with the field and the home office. I mean by that, to have someone at the factory whose job it is to supply the selling force with the necessary data and statistics on the various industries, to enable the man to intelligently complete his education on the particular group he is handling.

It is usually the Sales Promotion Department that is the Clearing House for this sort of information and, from my viewpoint, it is essential that the man heading that department be one who has had wide experience in the field, and one who can appreciate the salesman's problems as he meets them every day.

"It has been proven in the past that many sales plans or systems, if you please, have been ruined because of the theoretical nature of the information provided by the home office.

"Another step in the advancement of vocational selling is to be represented at the various business shows, such as held by bottlers, bakers, laundries, road builders, etc. Special literature should be prepared featuring use of your product in that particular industry, and also to have on exhibit the type of truck that

is most adaptable for their transportation requirements.

"If salesmen are to follow the vocational plan it is quite evident that they must be familiar with all of the phases of the customer's transportation problems. For instance, it is not enough for a truck salesman to know his truck—he must also have an intimate knowledge of bodies, labor saving devices of every nature, such as roller platform bodies, demountable bodies, conveyors, elevating trucks—in fact everything that will in any way affect the ultimate end which is to secure transportation for the customer at the lowest cost per ton-mile.

"In conclusion, I want you to know that I am conscious of the fact that there is a great element of danger regarding the vocational plan of selling. In some cases it has been developed that the salesman spends so much time gathering the information and working out his own pet plans for tabulating it, etc., that his productive selling effort is cut down to a prohibitive degree. Therefore it is imperative that any distributor using this plan make it as simple as possible and outline it so complete in detail that any sales organization in the field can follow it without a burdensome amount of 'red

tion acts as a guide and a fair state of balance exists. Into this situation came the great war, the greatest disturber of modern times. It disrupted, changed prices, currency, etc. In going up, the prices kept together very well, but in coming down they came down very unevenly which upset the balance so violently that we are only now beginning to get over it. In other industries prices fell rapidly. Farm products fell very quickly. In every country there was an agricultural crisis.

We have gone through the crisis better than other countries have but the buying has not been in the country but in the industrial sections of the country. What has made conditions better lately is the changed condition of the farmer. In fact the only complaint the farmer has today is in the corn belt where the corn price is low. The reason is apparent. The only use for corn is to feed animals. Last year short crops cut down the breeding stock. This year with plenty of corn there are no hogs to feed. This makes the corn a drug on the market and puts the stock at a premium. in other words resulting in a loss of balance between the hogs and corn which has disturbed the farmers in the corn belt and destroyed their purchasing power. This, however, is merely a temporary situation which during the course of the next two years will be cured.

"Outside of this farm situation a fair state of balance prevailed and consequently we can count on good business.

"Some people fear European competition but there is no fear of this in the automobile situation. Europe is going to buy more cotton, copper and meat and consequently the farmer will profit from this additional European business and Europe's buying power is going up.

"Regarding the banking situation, we have never had a serious situation or a crisis which did not come after price and credit inflation. This brings deflation; without it we will have no serious condition. We have had no general state of inflation since the war. Some stocks are too high but no bank crisis exists. There has been building and land speculation in certain parts of the country but this is only local and not sufficient to upset the general stability. The banking situation is comparatively good and we have a great credit reserve. There were just enough symptoms of speculation around the edges of the business situation, however, for Reserve banks to give notice to the effect that there is a hand on the brakes. But, as we see it now, it is not a menace to the business situation."

GEORGE P. McCALLUM, President, Michigan Highway Transportation Association spoke on the "Attitude of Motor Truck Owners Toward Proposed Interstate Truck Regulation." McCallum expressed himself in favor of bringing the bus under the supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission but thought there should be some modification in the proposed bill. These modifi-

(Continued on page 10)

Truck and Bus Business Just Started

GEORGE E. ROBERTS, Vice-President, of the National City Bank of New York, addressed the Motor Truck Meeting on the subject of "Business Conditions and their Relation to the Motor Truck Industry." He sketched the beginning of the automotive industry and how bankers had no faith in the future of the industry, whereas today the automobile crop has a greater value than the wheat crop or the cotton crop. or even the corn crop, or of the wheat and cotton crops put together. The industry developed in spite of the bankers

and out of its own earnings.

"The truck end of the industry hasn't had as sensational a development as the passenger vehicle, but it is coming fast," said Mr. Roberts. I understand that in selling value the output of trucks is about one-fifth that of passenger cars, and while we must be coming somewhere near the saturation point on passenger cars, we are probably not much more than beginning on trucks. Whatever question there may be about the percentage of utility in passenger cars, it is a certain thing that the truck is a

100 per cent utility.

The advantages of the truck in the elimination of congestion around rail terminals were touched upon as well as the elimination of unnecessary handling of merchandise.

Getting back to the topic of his speech, on business conditions, Mr. Roberts cited Mark Twain, where in one of his stories, he related his first trip down the Mississippi to New Orleans as a cub to a pilot.

He said that the first trip down the river to New Orleans the pilot pointed out to him the various landmarks he was steering by, a house, a fence, a dead tree, the point of a bluff. Mark paid careful attention, and when they arrived at New Orleans he thought he knew the river pretty well. But when they started back he found that the steering points were all different, and he had to learn an entire new set. Well, he set himself to do it, and when they got to the end of the trip, he thought that now

he really did know the river, both coming and going. But by the next time they got down to the lower river there had been heavy rains over the Mississippi Valley and a freshet was on. Then he found that the pilot was paying no attention to the marks he had used before. He was cutting across sand bars that he went around before, where he had formerly hugged close to the bank he was now sailing down the middle of the stream, and in general seemed to be going as he pleased. Then Mark began to understand what kind of a job it was to pilot. "I want to know," he said "if I have got to learn this river all over again every time it rains!"

"Judging the business situation," said Mr. Roberts, is a good deal like judging the river. The conditions never exactly repeat themselves. The general factors may be about the same. It isn't difficult to name the principal factors in the situation at any time, but when it comes to giving them their proper weight in relation to each other at different times and taking account of all the elements of uncertainty, that is a different mat-

ter. Nobody can do it.

"In Wall St. there is a phrase 'When, as and if.' What I say regarding the business condition is to be taken 'when, as and if.' What is prosperity? Why is business better at some time than at others?

"A state of prosperity indicates a well balanced state of industry and business. Our system of business and industry is now complicated. Each man is doing some one piece of work which he is exchanging for his wants. This is a fine situation when everything is in balance, but it has defects, as every system which is highly organized and complicated can get out of order and difficulties arise when it is out of order. Price relationship of various commodities must be in balance for prosperity to exist.

"There is no supreme guiding power for the entire business condition of a country as there is for an individual business. But, in usual times the price situathis sign the passion This many pape

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Engineers Aim to Meet Public's Desires in Bus Design

Better Riding Qualities; Scientific Reduction of Bus Weight, Heating and Ventilating of Bodies Are All Problems Now Confronting the Bus Builder

By W. L. CARVER

HAT does the riding public want and what will best meet the requirements and convenience of the passengers? That this question is the criterion of bus design in all phases was the keynote of the papers presented at the Motorcoach Session of the Detroit S. A. E. Meeting. This statement was crystallized in so many words by Mr. Frank Fageol's paper and was confirmed by the speakers from the International Motor Co., A. F. Masury and L. C. Josephs, Jr., who covered such features as the elimination of vibration, heating and ventilation.

Of only slightly less importance are the subjects of operating costs and maintenance as in order to fulfill the constantly increasing demand for motorcoach transportation service, the operator must keep his vehicles running at a profit. Throughout the presentation of the papers and the discussion, these points formed the foundation of statements pertaining to any detailed phase of design or operation.

Gas-Electric vs. Gear Box

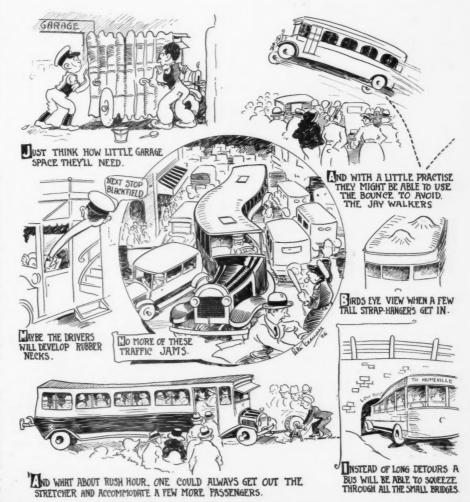
Concerning the relative future of the gas-electric and the gear box type of coaches, Gordon Lee who presented Mr. Fageol's paper stated that the question of public taste and choice will be the determining element. Because of association with the mechanical acquaintance of street railway companies, he stated that in his opinion the gas-electric type may be a great influence in breaking down the diminishing wall of prejudice against the motor coach which has existed among railway executives. Further, that bus or motorcoach transportation is a natural monopoly and thus will ultimately come under government supervision as are the existing public utilities and in the process, will come into its deserved position.

Briefly, Mr. Fageol's paper, "Problems in the Development of Body and Chassis" recited the historical and mechanical background of the Safety Coach. About six years ago, he and his associates started out with the idea of short-cutting the process of evolutionary development from existing forms of transportation. In the process, the development of the railway engine from its earliest form to the present reliable mechanical unit and

the transition from the stage coach to the steel car of today was examined as was the growth of the modern passenger car from the earlier one-lunger. The psychology of the public's attraction to any given form of transportation was an important part of this analysis.

This study combined with an intensive effort devoted to the design and correlation of mechanical units and chassis produced the coach which is regarded as the forerunner of the modern motorcoach. Low roof height and center of gravity were obtained by a wide tread

and kicked-up frame. The worm gear and mechanical gear box were chosen for their established characteristics and the frame and body were correlated in a design of some flexibility. The elimination of vibration, all-around economy of operation and maintenance and high power at all speeds were outstanding requirements. These in turn were predicated upon the needs of the operator and the already fixed riding habits of the public. As the bus must travel at high speeds because of these habits and have an equivalent decelerating ability, Westing-



The All-Rubber Bus of 1935

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house air brakes were adopted as the solution of this problem and that of long

Upholstery and fittings were based on closed car ideas but had to be developed to the demands of motorcoach service. In conclusion, Mr. Fageol stated that most recognized motorcoach manufacturers had gone to the upper extremes of weight and that the immediate problems of design now involve the scientific reduction as the type of vehicle seems to be established for years to

Rubber Increases Passenger Comfort

PASSENGER comfort was the subject of Mr. Masury's talk which was illustrated by a number of lantern slides showing the application of rubber to many points of the bus. In his opinion, the cushioning of units and prevention of the transmission of vibration from one unit to another and possibly remote units is just as important as it is essential to use pneumatic rubber tires. In conjunction with this idea he also showed and explained two instruments which have been developed for the study of transmitted vibrations, the source of which may be road shock or one of the mechanical units. Both of these recording instruments have some of the characteristics of the seismograph. use has had great effect on the entire design and has taken the question of spring suspension out of the field of personal impression.

To illustrate the application of these ideas, Mr. Masury showed and described the application of the rubber shock insulators to the spring ends. Similar compressed rubber insulators have been placed at the engine support arms and in a recent design compressed rubber bushings are placed on the radiator brace rods. The gas tank has been found a great source of transmitted vibration, a late design has this unit carried in straps which terminate in rubber bushings. A propeller shaft brake assembly has been mounted in shock insulators inside of the body, rubber blocks are used in a new aluminum seat structure to provide additional cushioning and insulation from vibration. This adaptation also has some effect in reducing the inertia effect on the passenger when starting and stopping.

Ventilation and Heating Problems

HEATING and ventilating as important factors in the comfort problem were discussed by Mr. Josephs in his portion of the paper. He stated that practically all parts of this country require some heating provision but that present bus heating and ventilating facilities are most inadequate. While the low figure of 350 cu. ft. per hr. per passenger is sufficient ventilation for the bus, its attainment is not easy, as for a single deck, 29 passenger body about 16 transfers per hr. of the total volume of the body are involved.

Ventilation must be secured without perceptible drafts which occur when air velocity reaches 2-3 ft. per sec. Many

of the suction ventilators for roof installations are woefully inadequate and much room for development exists. The best type with no restrictions will transfer about 7,200 cu. ft. per hr. when travelling at road speed. Other possibilities, and Mr. Josephs states that all should be used, are obtained by placing the carburetor air intake inside of the body. At 30 m. p. h. from 9,000 to 12,000 cu. ft. per hr. can be transfered. Then the pressure at the rear and partial vacuum at the front of the body interior can be utilized. The cowl ventilator offers some possibilities in summer operation. Window leakage ordinarily is a considerable problem but the ventilation should be obtained with reckoning this as an aid. Finally ventilation should be partially controllable by the operator so that adjustment may be made to the load and characted of the run.

Basically, heating is in about the same class as ventilation. No one source is adequate unless oil or coal heaters are considered and these require too much floor space and attention. The engine exhaust contains several times the required amount of heat but only a fraction is available for heating purposes. The restriction in this case is the high temperature of the exhaust which may be 1,100 deg. although a maximum of 200 deg. or slightly more is needed for the heating system. An exhaust jacket will reinforce the exhaust pipe line but is subject to some limitations as fumes from under the hood are driven back into the body by the fan blast.

Recommends Seamless Steel Tubing

STEAM cooling offers a new field for heating the coach body, but Mr. Josephs is in some doubt about its floor space requirements. He states that the heating units of any type should be placed near the floor and close to the outside walls of the body. If exhaust piping is used, he recommends seamless steel tubing inside of the body and particular attention to joints, as leakage is an outstanding problem. Metallic guards should protect the passengers from direct contact with the heater pipes. The exhaust outlet should be equipped with some diffusing means to facilitate mixture of the exhaust with the atmosphere.

During the discussion, representatives of the Fageol and International Motors showed some difference of opinion as to the proper location of the exhaust outlets. The first company places these outlets ahead of the left rear wheel while the latter places the outlet at the rear of the coach. Each claims that the other arrangement is conducive to bringing exhaust odors into the interior of the body.

During the discussion, representatives sidelight on the cost of bus operation was brought out by Mr. Pierre Schon of the General Motors Corp. as the result of his direction of a large fleet in Louisiana. For buses of 16-20 seats, the average cost of operation is approximately \$0.01 per seat per mi. buses of smaller seating capacity, the cost is greater and where the seating capacity exceeds 20 passengers, the unit cost per mi. is less.

Truck and Bus Business **Just Started**

(Continued from page 8)

cations had to do with the changing of certain sections which favored the railroads as opposed to the bus.

He believed, however, that the bus should come under centralized regulation because at the present time it is now being regulated by thirty-six different states and as such a large percentage of bus travel is of an interstate nature it would be better to have a central regulation than individual regulation by each of the states. He spoke of the growth of the bus stating that it is now possible to travel from New York to San Francisco by bus. He believes that the monopoly under control was necessary in order to render the best service to the public and at the same time protect the bus enterprises. As soon as capital becomes interested, destructive competition ceases, he stated. At the present time there are 470,000 miles of hard road affording opportunities for bus line operation.

Mr. McCallum pointed out that in requesting legislation for regulation of the buses he was not including the truck, which had its separate problems. Mr. McCallum also stated that he believed that there should be a closer union between the operators of bus lines and the manufacturer of buses, particularly in states where bus operation had grown to large proportion. He stated that in Michigan the Operators Association would permit makers to be members of the operative body. McCallum stated that in consideration of the entire situation that the electric traction, steam and bus interests had agreed in the main but disagreed on details which will be thrashed out before the I. C. C.

HEODORE D. PRATT, General THEODORE D. Manager of the Motor Truck Association of America and Chairman, Truck Users National Conference, talked vigorously against the bill along the lines of his previous speeches on this subject. He pointed out very clearly that the putting of the truck transportation business of the country under the Interstate Commerce Commission would be sufficient to kill the truck transportation industry. He cited how transportation over the road had been killed for several hundred years in England by this same type of legislation. He said the bill would prevent the development of the industry and also brought out very clearly the intolerable conditions which would be imposed on traffic in the border line cities and states.

He showed that the bus situation was an entirely different one from that of the truck and that while the former might require some sort of protection because of the complications due to handling human freight and necessity against destructive competition, the truck is an entirely different situation and needs a competitive condition in order to develop. AL 1926

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The Last Half of This Year Why Put Skids Under It?

By C. A. Musselman

President, CHILTON CLASS JOURNAL Co.

FOR years we have been taught that the mental attitude of the public toward business has a great effect upon volume, and therefore it is difficult to understand why statisticians and leaders of finance and industry are now broadcasting the message that the first six months of 1926 are to be excellent, but are intimating that there may be a considerable curtailment of prosperity the last six months of the year.

Why should this pessimistic note prevail, and for what reason does the average man accept these statements as gospel and think in these terms without studying the subject carefully. Is it because men are like sheep and when a stampede is started they all go in one direction?

When you deal in futures, you deal in uncertainties, and there is no one who can predict accurately what is going to happen the first or the last six months of 1926; and since business is so materially affected by what people believe and say, would it not be wiser to predict a satisfactory condition for the entire year?

On what real, constructive theory is the statement based that the last half of the year will not be satisfactory? History has taught us that for many generations you can strike an average of seven good years for every three poor ones, and as we passed through the lean post-war period and are now on the upgrade, why should we look for trouble a few months ahead? Don't most people spend most when they have most? If this is so and the first six months of 1926 are money-makers, won't the last six months be made active by the money spenders?

It is always wise to be conservative and have one's house in order so that if things do not

reach the standard of the optimist, it is possible to readjust expenses in order to make a profit even on a reduced volume.

But is it wise to deliberately try to create an impression that business will be lean the last half of the year?

No industry has ever demonstrated more thoroughly the value of optimism and energy than the automobile trade. If its manufacturers had years ago concluded that the saturation point had been reached and had ceased to expand factories and sales organizations, you would probably today find that our dear public would be satisfied with ten, instead of twenty million cars. Optimism, energy and progressive methods have sold automobiles where it was seemingly impossible to sell them. It is true that the car industry has depended—to a certain extent—for its prosperity upon the success of all business, so why don't the men-the progressive men that we have in the great automobile industry-try to stem the tide of pessimistic talk about the last half of 1926?

If all business is good the first half, should there not be enough momentum, enthusiasm and prosperity to carry us along serenely the second half?

These are questions to be considered and dealt with by everyone with large or small business interests, for we should not accept the predictions of the men who are following the lead of the few, especially when most of these predictions are based primarily on theory.

Let us make the whole of 1926 a big year, and not split it in half, keeping ever in mind that all destructive gossip is harmful.

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From a Modest Start to a Million Turnover in Four Years

How a Southern Dealer, Starting With Modest Capital in 1921, Built Up a Big Truck Business by Youthful Enthusiasm, Pep and Thoroughness

By Morris A. Hall

HIS is just a simple tale of what one man did, not at all wonderful, so he says, but sounding very big when summed up in a few words as in the title above. When he came back from the other side in 1919, H. S. Baggs, a Georgia chap, took a job as a truck salesman in Atlanta. A short time later he was in charge of sales in a South Carolina city northeast of Atlanta, but looking for a bigger opportunity.

Furnished Knowledge and Pep

Happening to go to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, he found a man named Norfleet with money to put into the truck business. Thus was the firm of Norfleet-Baggs, Inc., Winston-Salem Dodge and Graham dealers, born. Baggs furnished the youthful zip and go, enthusiasm and knowledge of truck selling; Norfleet arranged quarters in a frame building 40x60, corner of South Main and Belews Streets.

This was in 1921, and in that year the margin of profit was small, only 21/2 per cent. However, that was satisfactory all around for a beginning. Through the energy put into the business, the total in 1922 was greatly increased and the percentage of profit pushed up to 31/2. Going into new and larger quarters diagonally across the street and beginning to branch out into the Dodge truck line in 1923 boosted the total again, and the percentage also went



H. S. Baggs. Enthusiasm and knowledge of truck selling is his forte

up to 4½. In 1924, with a still higher total, due partly to taking on the Graham line of trucks, and partly to accumulated good will, the profit was up again to 5.4 per cent. And now the turnover is expected to exceed a million each year.

Was a Truck Enthusiast

Although selling passenger cars, Baggs must be described as a truck enthusiast; no other term will fit. He believes in trucks; he thinks in terms of trucks; he knows what trucks can and will do; he wants to put a truck into the business of every firm in his section of North Carolina. That is, every firm which can use a truck to advantage, for he considers that the truck must be fitted to the business. He sells them as so much transportation, and will not sell one until he is satisfied that the business needs one.

Naturally, that involves a whole lot of

study of various businesses, but somehow these Southern firms, with their fine sense of courtesy, do not seem to mind that. He goes or sends his men right into their shipping rooms, right into the heart of their delivery systems, digs right down into the amount of freight going out, the amount coming in, the distances each must be hauled, how it is being hauled now and what that costs, etc.

Then he or his men sit down and



Over 31,500 sq. ft. of floor space and a strategic location

analyze the data to find out how, when or where that business could be bettered by the use of a truck in the sizes they have to sell. If they can not figure it out that way, they tell the man so frankly, either recommending that he stick to what he has, or that he buy big, heavy trucks, or something else, according to what their extended thorough survey shows.

Sold Many Trucks

As a result Baggs has sold a great many trucks, and as these have done just what he said they would in the way of performance, he is now beginning to reap the harvest of good-will which those surveys planted. It might be summed up by saying that he did not make the mistake of overestimating or overstating, despite his enthusiasm and the foreknowledge of a need for what he had to sell.

The original frame building measured 40x60, giving 2400 sq. ft. The present buildings consist of a large brick two-story building on Main Street, running back to the next street. The width is 110 ft., the total depth 180 and the floor space 31,500, or slightly more than 13 times the original space. The rear portion is a 1925 addition, this now housing parts stock and sales, reception or garage space, making up the street frontage and very large repair shop, extending across the building immediately behind these two.

About three-quarters of the frontage is taken up by salesrooms for the new and used car departments. The offices are in the rear of, and on a mezzanine above the sales. Directly behind is the storage and service departments. Here are stored new cars and trucks, in excess of those shown on the sales floor. The second floor front is also used for storage of new and used cars and trucks.

A number of distinctive methods have been developed by Mr. Baggs. As previously stated, Baggs is a truck enthusiast and by far the greater part of his sales are of trucks. In these the Graham predominates, the approximate proportions being 80 Grahams to 20 Dodges.

Must Show a Profit

For one thing used trucks must show a profit. Every truck taken in, no matter what its condition, is put into shape where it can be guaranteed and is sold at a figure which shows a profit over and above the allowance plus all money spent on it, also plus all overhead charged to it.

Some one says, "It is a good trick, if he can do it." The only answer to that is that the absence of used trucks on hand show that he sells them, while the books prove the profit part of it.

On each and every used car or truck he keeps records in a method all his own. All papers referring to the car or truck are kept in a special file, in 8x5 manila envelopes, one envelope for each truck. On the face of this envelope are printed spaces for all information relative to car and engine numbers, work done on it, cost of this work, how and when sold, what price, what terms, record of notes taken and the profit made on the job.

Significance:

All Sales Predicated on Needs.

Used Trucks Moved with Profit.

Employes' Special Used Truck Record.

Sincere Follow-up Inspection.

Creates Work for Service Shop.

Flat Rate Service Maintained.

Trade-ins Based on Resale Value.

Develops Expert Appraisers.

Locates and Stops Leaks.

Inside the envelope are kept the shop and other papers, records, time slips, contracts, etc., from which this information is summarized, and from the face of the envelope, a summary of this is transferred to the books. It is simple, efficient and thorough. It gives all the information relative to this one truck in just one place. There is no dispute as to what was allowed for a truck because it is put down on this blank form when the truck is taken in.

There is no question, either, about what was done to put the truck in shape, because all of that work and its cost,

Receiving 8/Inspection
about 48/460

Truck Service 8/Repairs
Upper Level - about 56/167/

IIO' Wide

Car Storage, Service 8/Repairs
Lower Level

Mezzanine-Offices Under

Used Car
Dept: ab.36/56

Sales 8/Show Floor
about 36/46/net

Lay-out of New Building

either in the Norfleet-Baggs shop, or in some outside shop, is put down on the blank.

Thus, if a purchaser of a used truck were to come in and say that the battery in the truck was not in good shape, a glance at this card would show date on which it was received and checked up, what was done to the battery and what it cost, also when the truck went out. And should the customer doubt any of this data, it is only necessary to open the envelope and take out the time slips, inspector's report, outside bills, etc., to prove it.

Prevention Cure

Another of Baggs' pet ideas is that prevention is cheaper than cure as well as better for all concerned. So he has an inspection system for all the trucks he has ever sold, used as well as new. When he sells a truck, he tells the new owner that he must bring it in for inspection at regular periods, say every other month or so. Usually the buyer thinks this is just a jolly and considers that that is the last he will ever hear of the inspections.

But not so. Within a reasonable period some one following up these various trucks calls up on the telephone and asks when it will be convenient to have the truck driven in to Norfleet-Baggs for inspection. And sticks at it until he gets a positive promise for a nearby date.

When the truck comes in, it is gone over thoroughly. Details are recorded on an inspection blank. Opposite every item found satisfactory an O is marked, opposite those adjusted an A, and opposite those which need shop attention an X. If the case warrants, these are explained under the columns remarks.

The blank will show all those parts which had any attention whatever, whether needing work done on them or not. This blank is made in triplicate, the first or white copy going to the driver, the second yellow copy being mailed to the owner, and the third, a heavy manila card being filed in the shop.

Knows Truck Condition

By this system the driver knows the condition of the truck, for barring accidents, these frequent inspections prevent anything untoward developing. Also the owner of the truck knows the condition of his truck at all times, and by filing these he has a complete record of its history from the day of purchase. The shop copy gives Norfleet-Baggs a chance to recommend shop work, for items requiring adjusting time after time, indicate something wrong, while those calling for shop attention indicate what work must be done right away.

When there is such work to be done, a letter goes out to the owner with the yellow copy, calling his attention to this work and asking him to send in the truck so as to have this work done at an early date.

In the planning of the newest part of the plant the upper level just finished off late in 1925, the stockroom, which is

(Continued on page 39)

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Beauregard Parish, Louisiana, has the best equipped and organized school transfer system in

Mississippi Transports 63,535 Pupils Daily by Buses

In 1925, 67% of the rural enrollment was in consolidated schools. The Motor Vehicle made this possible.

Consolidated schools represent a big market for buses

By A. W. Roe

HE Little Red Schoolhouse is doomed; it is rapidly passing from the picture of American education. In fact, it has just about faded from view in at least two southern states. Louisiana and Mississippi are strongly intrenched with consolidated schools. While the innovation of the motorized transfer did not start the movement of centralized schools, the use of such transfers has made possible the rapid and successful growth of the idea. Wagons were formerly used.

Only Solution for Rural Sections

Centralization of schools in these states has long since passed the stage of experimentation. School authorities and community leaders agree that it is the only solution for educating rural children.

The saving in time is probably the biggest advantage of the motor transfer over the horse-drawn vehicle. More pupils can also be carried in motor

The Beauregard Parish:

Spends \$72,000 a year
Has 40 uniform buses
Covers 7 transfer centers
Contracts for drivers
Buys buses on time

buses than in wagonettes. Furthermore improved roads bring with it an even lessening cost of transfer per pupil.

In 1925, Mississippi had 862 consolidated schools as against 69 such schools in 1913, three years after the consolidation plan was put in in Mississippi with

two schools in 1910. Of 144,498 pupils in the consolidated schools of the state in 1925, 63,545 were transported. In 1925, 67 per cent of the rural enrollment of Mississippi was in consolidated schools. See chart on next page.

Buses Used Extensively

"The centralized country unit plan in Louisiana has been in operation a number of years," according to E. S. Richardson, recently elected President of the Louisiana State Teachers' Association. Prof. Richardson is also superintendent of education of Webster Parish, a county in which motor transfers are being used extensively."

Continuing, he said, "That the public has approved of the centralized plan is evident by the number of one-room schools that have been eliminated during the past few years. According to the report of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction there are left only



Forty-three units are operated under the supervision of Webster Parish, Louisiana.

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the state. The fleet comprises 40 buses of uniform type and conveys 1500 children daily

about 600 one-room schools in the state, 1300 auto transfer trucks having been put on to take care of 40,000 country children."

Having been in operation just five years, the transfer system in Webster parish today is well developed. Sketching the history of the movement in Webster, Prof. Richardson said:

"Four and one-half years ago there were thirty-nine school centers here, thirty-five of which were small indeed, and were served by the proverbial country schools. In many cases these schools were taught by second and third grade teachers having little or no experience. With such limited school opportunities the country children were forced to be content with an elementary education, unless their parents were financially able to board them away from home.

Gross Inequalities Existed

"After making a very careful survey of the whole parish, the superintendent appraised the school board of the gross inequalities that existed in the parish. The superintendent convinced the board that such inequalities were unfair and undemocratic and should be corrected. As a result of this survey, the board authorized a campaign of school publicity among the people of the more wealthy paying centers.

"Since that time the board has authorized the abandonment of twenty-four of these small schools and has divided the parish into ten high school communities embracing all the territory of the parish. In each of these communities, there has been erected commodious buildings, ample to take care of all the children in the respective area. During this time the number of high schools have increased from four to ten and the people have voted over \$500,000 in bonds, the money from which has been spent by the board for schools. The sites for these buildings were selected and buildings planned.



E. S. Richardson Superintendent of Education, Webster Parish, Louisiana. Staunch supporter of Consolidated schools and buses.

Date	Schools	Enrollment	Transported	Teachers' Homes	Consolidated Investment in School Plants
1909	0	0	0	0	0
1910	2	205	65	1 8 20	8,000
1913	69	7,150	3,120	8	40,000
1915	163	13,865	6.489	20	129,140
1917	290	33,037	14,643	35	289,625
1920	470	61,821	30,772	98	1,022,522
1923	751	117,673	44,034	226	9,461,051
1925	862	144,498	63,545	330	10,747,040
In	1925, 67%		al Enro	llmen	t in Con-
solid	ated School	ois.			

Showing the Mississippi Educational Evolution

"In order to take care of the children living beyond the two-mile limit of these centers, 43 auto truck transfers are being operated. The school board maintains seven small-room schools. Auto transfers are provided to take care of the children in these schools above the seventh grade.

"The consolidation of Webster Parish Schools has developed good road sentiment among the country people. They are demanding good roads and are voting money to make them passable the year around for school transfers. Farmers will not permit a bad piece of road to keep the school transfers from getting to school on time.

All Benefited and Prospered

"Webster Parish farmers are greatly pleased with the school organization for the reason that their children can receive the advantages of a high school education without having to board or move to town. They can have their children around their firesides at night, and at the same time they are getting the same type of training as is being given the children of the merchants and bankers; and, too, their farms have greatly enhanced in value on account of the success of consolidation. The bankers and the merchants are pleased because the country and the towns are now the same great community. Urban and rural prejudices have been eliminated; corporation lines are no longer dead lines for country people."

Answering specific questions about the transfer system in his county, Prof. Richardson said:

"Forty-three trucks are now operated under the supervision of the parish school board. The bodies for these trucks are made under directions of the board in Minden, La. These bodies are placed on Ford trucks. No person is allowed to use any unit other than the one planned by the school board.

"Trucks are owned by individuals. We pay them from \$100 to \$150 per month, the owner furnishing the truck and seeing that it is properly driven to and from

(Continued on page 38)



The trucks are owned by individuals who are paid from \$100 to \$150 a month

What Makes the Brakes Squeal?

What Are Causes of Squealing and Grabbing and How to Remove Them Was the Subject of a Special Session Devoted to This Important Service Problem at the Detroit Meeting of the S. A. E.

HE large attendance and the extensive character of the questions and discussion, apparently proves that the subjects of brake squeaking and the effects of temperatures on brake linings is one of considerable importance in the industry. Not only were the talks confined to the technical brake experts, but engineers from several bus companies as well as the operators of truck and taxicab fleets sought information.

It was generally indicated that most of the noise resulting from brake application came from two sources; namely, brakes not being in perfect adjustment and secondly the entry of foreign matter into the brake band thereby setting up ridges on the brake drums. The popular theory that most of the squealing issues from rivet heads coming in contact with the drums was not entirely upheld.

Variable Coefficient of Friction

In H. H. Allen's paper entitled "The Effect of Change of Temperature of Brake Linings on their Performance" it was stressed that in practically every case there is a drop in the apparent coefficient of friction with a rise in temperature of the brake lining material. Where the linings are wetted with oil or water there is a lower apparent coefficient of friction.

Tests were made by the Bureau of Standards on a passenger car which carried the complete apparatus for measuring the temperature of the brake linings.

Thermo-couples placed directly in the shoes carrying the lining enables the temperature to be read of any brake, or the temperature could be read of the front set of brakes and correspondingly on the rear set or again the whole set could be registered. Curves thrown on the screen showed clearly the percentage change in the frictional properties with rise in temperature.

With brakes soaked in oil there is less difference in apparent coefficient of friction than when brakes are water soaked. Tests were conducted on several of the prominent brands of brake lining and the results showed a great variance in performance. This may be attributed to the fact that certain brands of lining are more suited to some brake designs than others.

Fourteen methods of possible prevention of brake squealing, the practicability of some which may be doubted, were men-

BANG

RETERIORS

By LESLIE S. GILLETTE

tioned by F. C. Stanley in his paper on "Causes of and Remedies for Brake Squeaking." Chief among the preventative methods were: The use of castor oil, rosin oil, nests foot oil and certain forms of graphite; rubber between band and lining at points of highest pressure; metal shims; rounding of brake bands; using lining with no brass wire; prevention of the entry of grit and steel into the lining; elimination of water; eliminating contact of brass rivets from drum surface and the use of softer lining.

It was pointed out by Mr. Stanley that squeaks originate as a rule through drum vibration which is undamped by proper contact of the lining with the drum. Stanley said the ordinary drum is a bell with a high pitch which yields its tone when in contact with friction material. Damping may be best accomplished by so shaping the band that sufficient contact may be formed as to prevent vibration.

Better Brake Drum Material

Aside from better brake adjustment and the insuring of accurate concentricity of the brake drums, Stanley said the use of higher carbon steel of approximately .40 to .50 carbon content in the drums would prevent scoring and the consequent squeak. When brakes are properly adjusted at the factory silencing may be accomplished by careful adjustment. Stanley does not recommend the employing of juice, wafers, or dope when a permanent cure of squealing is desired.

A method was illustrated which indicated that drums do not have to be replaced should the cost be too high, if the drums have become badly worn. A remedy is to pry apart the lining with a screwdriver between the rivets and to insert twelve tin shims of .25 in. thickness equally spaced around the lining.

Grabbing Brakes

Many interesting views were brought out in the discussion in which the representatives of several brake lining manufacturers participated. Grabbing brakes apparently have been causing considerable trouble and in most cases were experienced in the early morning. This was explained by the fact that washing the vehicles during the night had swollen the lining through the entry of water into the brakes causing the condition, while the forming of rust spots on the drum resulted in squeaking at times

Heavier Connections Recommended

One speaker stated that he noticed that the greatest squealing occurred on vehicles which had the lightest weight braking mechanism and recommended that heavier connections be employed. Trouble had also been cured he said, by proper lubrication of the clevis pins.

Squeals are said to be divided about 50-50 between external and internal types of brakes. A Fifth Avenue coach representative stated that brake squealing on certain buses had been cured by removing a portion of the lining directly opposite the opening. He made an amusing remark that frictional electricity generated in the braking system on several buses had given the passengers a shock when they caught hold of the rail to enter or leave the bus.

Two constructive suggestions were made with regards to brake lining. If the lining is secured to the band in sections (as is employed in a few cases) the bands are given greater opportunity to flex with the consequent improvement in effectiveness. Furthermore it was recommended not to make the rivets flush with the lining but to have the heads countersunk at least 1/16 of an inch. While aluminum rivets have proved satisfactory specially during the war when copper and brass were not available, their extensive use is not recommended.

Mention was made of a metal brake lining manufactured on the Pacific coast and that the metal to metal contact had proved successful on several vehicles for a number of years. 1

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The Ruggles Model 70 Coach Chassis

THE model 70 coach chassis recently brought out by the Ruggles Motor Truck Co., of Saginaw, Mich., embodies many features recognized as necessary for increased operating efficiency. It has been built with the idea of ruggedness and service ability foremost in mind, and is adapted for both single and double deck bodies as well as 29 passenger parlor car coach bodies.

The standard capacity of the single deck street car type body for this chassis is 19 to 23 passengers, while the double decker rates as a 60 passenger. All bodies are being built complete in the new Ruggles body plant, making this company one of the few in the bus field producing complete jobs entirely within its own facilities.

The entire chassis is built up on a 9 in. frame, having a 3 in. flange which is continuous in section from the dash to the end of the rear spring. The section at the front of the frame is slightly tapered to permit the building of the chassis as closely to the front axle as possible. The kick-up over the rear axle is a continuous one-piece section,

9 in. deep, of the frame rail itself. All cross members are of cast steel of heavy I-beam section. This chassis is powered with a 105 b.h.p. $4\frac{1}{2} \times 5$ Wisconsin engine. The engine is lubricated by force pressure, even to the rocker shaft on which the valve rockers are mounted. The engine is cooled by centrifugal pump system using a Perfex cellular cored radiator, having a total exposed frontal area of 730 sq. inches.

The transmission is a Brown-Lipe—model 60, connected to the engine through a large heavy duty multiple dry disk clutch. The drive is through a 3-section, heavy duty propeller shaft and 4 universal joints.

The front axle is a special heavy duty I-beam, dropped sufficiently to permit a low frame height. Spindles are mounted on ball bearings giving easier steering and the turning angle of the wheels is 38°, permitting a turning radius of 35 ft. with the 236 in. wheelbase.

The rear axle is a Wisconsin 66 double reduction, full floating type. The entire double reduction and differential assembly is mounted on a single carrier which is easily accessible or removable for replacement parts or adjustment. This axle has a spring pad allowance of 13,000 pounds and has ample capacity for the largest single or double decked bodies.

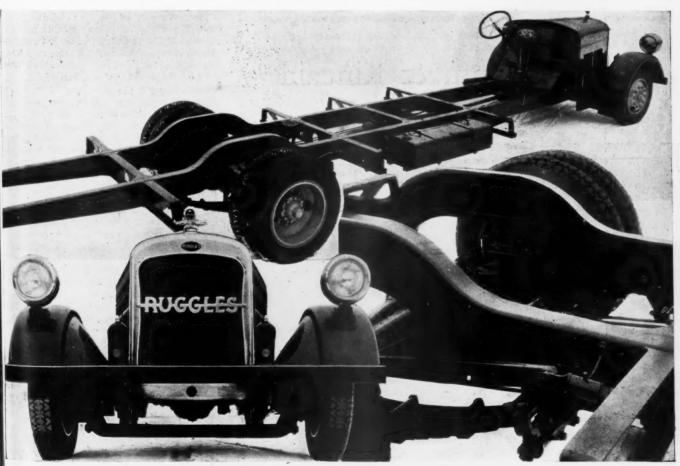
Particular attention is called to the braking system. All brakes are on the rear axle. Each wheel is equipped with two concentric bands, both internal expanding and of the floating type. All bands are operated by means of hook type cams. These, together with the floating band arrangement, insure perfect brake band contact with the drum around the entire circumference. The inner set of brakes are 131/2 in. in diameter and 3 in. wide and connected to the hand lever for emergency. The outer set of brakes are 18 in. in diameter, and 41/2 in. wide. These are used for the service brake and are connected to the foot pedal through the Bragg-Kliesrath Vacuum Booster Brake.

The overall chassis length is 343 in. Distance from dash to rear of frame 279½ in. Dash to center of rear axle 199¼ in.

The electrical equipment consists of a 6-volt Remy heavy duty starting motor; 300 watt coach generator and 200 ampere hour storage battery.

A Jacox worm and split nut type gear steering is used with 20 in. walnut wheel. The springs are semi-elliptic, chrome

vanadium steel, heat treated and oil



Views of the New Ruggles Model 70 Coach Chassis

The frame, which is 9 ins. deep, has a kick-up at the rear which is a continuous piece. The chassis is powered with a Wisconsin, 4½ x 5, 105 b. h. p. engine. The rear axle is of double reduction, full floating type, and has a spring pad allowance of 13,000 lbs. to accommodate the largest single or double decked bodies.

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tempered. Front 3 in. x 44 in. Rear 4 in. x 60 in. All springs are bronze bushed mounted on $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. pins and bolts. The front springs are equipped with Gruss transport type air springs.

Driving is accomplished through dropforged I-beam, heavy duty radius rods with drop-forged yoke.

The exhaust is carried from engine through 3 in. seamless steel tubing through a two-way Petry body heating valve to the rear of the chassis. Special vacuum type, non-explosive muffler is mounted on the outside of the frame, permitting quick disposal of all gases.

The wheel equipment includes seven Budd heavy duty 10 hole disk steel wheels, 20 in. diameter. Tires, front $34\ x$

7, single pncumatic; rear 24 x 7, dual pncumatic.

Front tread 73½ in. Rear 75¾ in. between dual tires. Tread of outside rear dual tires 85 in. The chassis weight is 6700 pounds.

The standard equipment includes special nickel plated coach type head lamps with tilting ray feature permitting full bright lights for either city or country driving. Bosch horn, motometer, aluminum bar radiator cap, nickel plated triple spring bar front bumper, indirect lighted instrument panel with speedometer, oil gauge, clock, ammeter, King-Seeley gasoline gauge together with ignition and lighting switches combined in one panel under glass. Complete tool kit, including high speed coach jack.

Instruments include speedometer, oil pressure indicator, ammeter, ignition lock, lighting switch and carburetor choke controls. Standard equipment includes sets of tools, jack, hand tire pump, extra rim, Alemite gun and oil can in holder on dash under hood.

The body allowance is 3,000 lbs. Chassis weight, 3,800 lbs. and road speed up to 60 m.p.h. The height of the frame above ground at front door is 20 in., at rear 21 in. The smallest amount of clearance under the chassis is 9 in. except where the springs are under-slung which does not make so much difference on account of their proximity to the wheels.

Taxicabs Featured at Chicago Show

THE latest attempt of the Bauer Cab Co. to solve the problems of providing maximum riding comfort, seating capacity, luggage space, safety and low operating cost, formed perhaps the most interesting exhibit of the taxicab section at the recent Chicago Automobile Show.

This cab now has three trimmed drop seats in place of the former two, and the interior is more comfortably arranged. In addition, the driver's compartment is entirely enclosed and a somewhat larger space has been preserved for baggage. Access to the interior is made easier by the cutting away of the roof at the side of the driving seat.

No price has as yet been fixed for this model, although it is expected to sell for around \$2450 in Chicago, and it is anticipated it will not be in production before June of 1926.

An attractive proposition from the owner-driver's standpoint was the new Hudson Super Six cab, which was primarily sold to Checker Cab drivers. The body on this is the standard Berline limousine, trimmed with Chase Velmo cloth and is therefore a very luxurious vehicle for hire trade. Naturally there is very little provision for baggage accommodation. This cab, painted to order and complete with cowl light, illuminated sign, dome light and curtains, but no spare tire, sells for \$1875.

Dodge Bros. staged a smart-looking cab with a Shamrock four-door Berline body by the Millspaugh and Irish Corp. This body is designed to seat three on the rear cushion, in addition to two more on the drop seats. The model shown was trimmed in the standard blue Spanish leather. A notable feature was the landau top which is a great convenience for passengers in warm weather.

Similar chassis were featured by the Yellow Cab Co. These three were all of the new Milemaster totally enclosed type. Adjacent to these was the Hertz exhibit of the tourer and sedan which have become well known through the driverless hire system.

Willys-Knight showed two cabs of standard design and the Luxor Co. their de luxe vehicle, while Reo staged both a chassis and a complete cab. There have, however, been no recent changes in design or price of any of these.



One of Gramm-Kincaid's latest bus models, the inter-city type

New Gramm & Kincaid Bus Chassis

POLLOWING the announcement of new truck models which were described in the December issue of Commercial Car Journal, Gramm & Kincaid Motors, Incorporated, Lima, Ohio, now announces two bus models built along standardized lines. Attention is called to the bridge type frame which, although common practice on large buses, is claimed to be an innovation in smaller capacity jobs.

The new models are a twenty-passenger "Intercity Coach" chassis, and a twenty-one-passenger "Pay-as-you-enter" type chassis.

The unit power plant consists of a Continental 3% x 5 in. engine, model 6-B, a multiple dry disc clutch and a 3 speeds forward transmission. Fuel is carried in a 25 gallon vacuum tank equipped with a strainer and shut off valve. A hot spot manifold is provided and the carburetor is of the compound nozzle type. A pre-heating air tube and air cleaner are used. The electrical system includes an electric starter and controlled type generator.

The cast shell radiator is supported on special rubber shoes with recoil spring checks. The core is of copper and brass.

Power is transmitted to the banjo type, semi-floating, level gear (helical type) rear axle through a tubular constructed propeller shaft, equipped with oil tight universal joints. A Ross cam and lever steering gear is used.

The frame is of pressed steel channel, $8\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 3/16$ in., bridge type construction, 41 in. wide at the rear. Triple compensating type semi-elliptic springs with cupped centers are used, giving a positive Hotchkiss drive. The driving eyes are double-wrapped. These springs measure front, 46×3 in.; rear, 60×3 in.

The service brakes which are internal expanding, foot pedal controlled, actuate on $4\frac{1}{2} \times 16$ in. drums on the rear wheels and $2\frac{1}{4} \times 16$ in. drums on the front wheels. The emergency brake, which is mounted in back of the transmission, consists of a 9×4 in. drum. It is hand lever operated and is of the external contracting type.

Metal wheels with 32 x 6 in. truck type cords are used. Large single, or dual tires are optional and are provided at extra cost. The Alemite high pressure grease system with gun is used for lubricating chassis.

New White Heavy-Duty Dump Truck Has Many Refinements

GREATER speed and safety in dumping sticky loads, a revised oiling system, an auxiliary 5-speed transmission, a new power dumping mechanism and body refinements are some of the features that characterize the new model 52-D heavy duty dump model announced by The White Company, Cleveland. The new model is built along the general lines of the Model 45-D but with many refinements. The purpose of the new model is to meet the changing conditions in the industry in the highly developed demands of dump truck transportation.

Minor changes are along the line of refinements in the power and load carrying units. A low overall height; a 50° dumping angle for the body; a high spill point well back of the rear wheels, together with engine and chassis improve-

All power driving units, such as engine, transmission, rear axle and dumping mechanism, are encased and run in oil. This applies to the complete power line from the engine to the rea wheels, as

well as the complete power line from the engine to the dump body.

New Gear Type Dumping Mechanism

A gear-type hoist has been adopted as standard equipment for this new model. This is of the under-body horizontal type driven by a shaft from the power tower. It is made up of a main worm shaft and worm gear operating through a double train of heavy spur gears giving a total reduction of 350 to 1. This leverage is more than sufficient to lift the heaviest load for which the truck is designed. The shaft which carries the last set of gears projects beyond the sides of the gear case and actuates lifting arms which raise the body.

A positive automatic cut-off prevents overrunning when the body is being raised or lowered. A one-way drive makes it impossible to apply the power in the wrong direction.

A double purpose power transmission has been developed which combines a "power driving tower" for operating the dumping mechanism with a low gear "power transmission" (or auxiliary transmission) which can be used to increase the driving torque when the power required for propelling the truck is beyond the capacity of the low speed gear of the standard transmission.

In effect this auxiliary transmission provides for a five-speed gear shift including a super-low gear for operating in soft ground and in excavations where heavy loads and steep grades are combined with the mud and muck roads usually found in this class of service. The complete assembly is in one unit placed under the driver's seat. Its location in the power line is between the rear axle and the regular truck transmission

Revised Oiling System

The pump capacity has been increased 25% which, combined with an extra large reservoir in the crankcase, insures a copious supply of oil to all parts of the engine. After leaving the pump the oil is forced through a main delivery tube which has outlets to the main crankshaft bearings, the camshaft bearings, crank pin bearings and into the timing gear

housing. An adjustable orifice and an automatic blow-off valve controls the pressure.

A novel system is used for cleaning the oil after it has returned to the pump at the rear end of the crankcase. An inverted metal box, or reservoir, is placed within the pump which allows the returning oil to flow around it into a sediment trap at the bottom of the crankcase. A fine mesh wire screen is placed between this trap and the bottom of the oil reservoir. In this way this screened bottom reservoir is continually immersed in the oil. The only oil which can enter it must first pass into the sediment trap then up and through the screen before it can reach the intake to the pump, located in the oil reservoir above the screen. In this way the dirt particles are removed from the oil. Their natural tendency to drop to the bottom of the trap makes it easy to remove them through a drain plug provided for that

Dumping Body Refinements

The standard dumping body is of five yards capacity. It measures 11 in. long, 6 in. wide and 25 in. high. It is constructed of 3/16 in. steel plate, the bottom and sides being formed of two pressed steel plates with a watertight center joint, running longitudinally, and fully supported by a heavy splice bar throughout its entire length.

The body, which has been specially designed for use with Model 52-D, is 4 in. wider at the rear than at the front. This insures easy dumping. The sides are low enough for hand-loading, while the smooth rounded corners at the bottom prevent material from sticking and clogging when discharged. Angle plates and

The White Model
53-D heavy-duty
job showing hoist
mechanism, new
radiator and
bumper. Note the
high dumping
angle



Increased pulling power is provided without sacrificing regular speds by an auxiliary transmission containing an extra super-low gear T-section strengthening members are provided for reinforcing the sides and the ends are built up 6 in. higher than the sides to allow for extension side-boards if greater capacity is desired. A double-acting tail gate is operated from the driver's seat and means can be provided to restrict the opening when load is to be spread. The body is fitted on the frame so that the spill point is as high above the ground as possible and well back of the rear wheels. This makes it possible to dump the load cleanly over

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abs of o. their ed both There nges in a dump or "fill" without the danger of miring the rear wheels in the loose ground at the edge.

The Powerplant

The powerplant in the Model 52-D is the White GRB engine, which is standard for all heavy duty models from 2½ ton to 5 ton capacity. The cylinder blocks, valves and valve ports have been modified to improve the cooling of valves and stems and increase the all-around efficiency of the engine.

The manifold is fitted with a hot air stove consisting of a pressed-steel plate chamber, one side of which is formed by the exhaust manifold. This stove is connected to the carburetor intake by a cast elbow in which a control valve is located.

There has been no change in the rear axle which is of double reduction type. The front axle also remains the same with the exception that taper roller bearings are used.

The engine has been moved from the former horizontal position and is tilted down toward the rear. This makes possible straight line drive under normal load.

Solid tires 12 in. wide in the rear and 6 in. wide in the front together with refinements in the radiator hood and steering mechanism complete the chassis and running gear design. The wheelbase is 156 inches.

N. A. C. C. Issues New Automobile Handbook

What this country now has to offer for the world's motor transportation is shown in the twenty-third annual Handbook of Automobiles, just issued by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce.

Illustrated specifications are given of 178 meter vehicles, and 770 models are

listed. The specifications are grouped in four sections, including 100 private passenger cars, 5 taxicabs, 15 motor buses and 58 commercial cars and motor trucks, representative of this year's product of the manufacturers who are members of the Chamber. All of the vehicles shown are gasoline-driven, except 3 electric commercial vehicles.

Sandow Builds Factory Branch

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The Sandow Motor Truck Co. announces the opening of a factory branch at 434-440 East 108th St., New York City, where it will continue to distribute Sandow trucks at wholesale and retail. The branch will be in charge of R. C. Kaufmann, formerly connected with the Armleder, Selden and Larrabee-Deyo truck companies, and will take in the territory of New Jersey, Long Island, Connecticut, New York and the northern portion of Pennsylvania.

Stewart Introduces the "Buddy" Three-Quarter Ton Speed Truck

THE "Buddy" Stewart, a three-quarter ton speed truck was introduced during the National shows by the Stewart Motor Corp., Buffalo, N. Y. The chassis lists at \$895.

Sturdiness of construction is emphasized. It has a five-inch frame and a ten-inch single plate clutch, bevel axle and Timken bearings in each axle. The "Buddy" Stewart is powered with sixcylinder Continental engine, 2¾ by 4¾ in. in unit with 3-speed transmission.

The entire electrical system, ignition and starting is by Remy

and starting is by Remy.

Specifications include: Zenith carburetor, cellular type radiator with pressed steel shell; 5 in. frame at point of greatest depth; Gemmer steering gear; front and rear axles Timken roller bearing equipped; wood wheels, with demountable rims equipped with 32 x 4 in. cord tires; wheelbase 118 in., tread 56 in. Chassis weight 2250 lbs.

The front springs are 38½ in. long and 2¼ in. wide, equipped with bronze bushings and ¾

in. diameter spring pins. The springs at the rear are 50 in. long and $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide with spring pins in bronze bushings 1 in, in diameter.

The service brakes are of the external contracting type, 14 in. in diameter and 2 in. in width, operating on pressed steel drums on rear wheels. The hand brake is external contracting, mounted on the transmission, 8 in. in diameter and 2 in. in width. The driveshaft is 1¾ in. in diameter equipped with metal covered, dust-proof and oil-tight joints.

The equipment includes electric lights, electric starter, electric horn, tool kit, grease gun and jack. The instrument board carries ammeter, oil gauge, start-

ing choke, lighting and ignition switches. The speedometer is included as standard

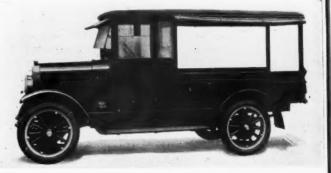
equipment.

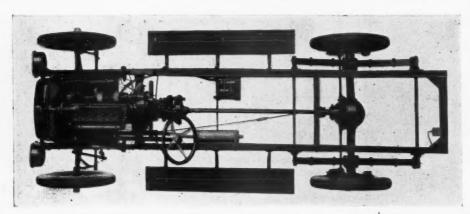
This job will throttle down to four miles per hour and will run up to a maximum speed of forty miles. Tests show 18 to 22 miles per gallon. It has been designed with the idea of producing a light truck with a road appearance as pleasing as possible. The chassis will accommodate 7-foot bodies back of the driver's seat.

Two types of Stewart-built bodies are featured with "Buddy" Stewart. Both have closed cabs built integral with the body, 44¼ in. wide, with seats 20 in deep and doors 24 in. wide. The windshield opens outward. The windows raise or lower by standard window regulators and there is a sun shield over the glass front.

The covered express body with the closed cab lists at \$245. This body is 45 in. wide and 7 ft. long. Height of floor to ceiling is 52½ in. The flare boards are 6½ in. wide and the tail gate is 13 in. high.

The panel body with closed front lists with cab at \$280. This is also 45 in wide and 7 ft. long and has two doors full-length at the rear. The manufacturer states that these bodies are designed and constructed so that they fill 90 per cent of all customer requirements.





This view clearly shows the clean cut lines of the New "Buddy" Model

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Graham Brothers Announce New Single and a Gas-Electric Double-Decker

WO new buses, both of which carry the Graham Brothers nameplate, have just been announced. The first is a 60-passenger, double-deck, fully enclosed metropolitan type bus powered by the gas-electric system. Due to the advantage which is taken of the facilities offered by the Westinghouse air braking system, this bus can be operated as either a one-man or two-man type depending upon traffic conditions. An unusual automatic inter-connected control of the rear door by means of the braking sys-

tem is a feature which makes the choice of operating method possible.

The second new bus is single-deck, street-car type, seating 29 passengers, with single front door and emergency rear door. The customary fourspeed mechanical transmission is used. Both jobs are mounted on pneumatic tires all around with duals at the rear. All wheels are Budd discs. Continental six-cylinder engines are used in both models and Timken worm drive rear axles. In the gas-electric job, the larger bus has a double axle with each rear wheel driven by a separate worthy. On the lower deck the driver is seated in the main compartment and the stairs to the upper deck are located along the rear wall. An aisle extends through the full length at the center and divides several sets of two-passenger

wheel houses and another is located opposite the driver's seat immediately back

motor through two drive shafts. Body design of the larger bus is notelateral seats. Longitudinal seats for three passengers are placed over the

of the front door. The ceiling is monitor

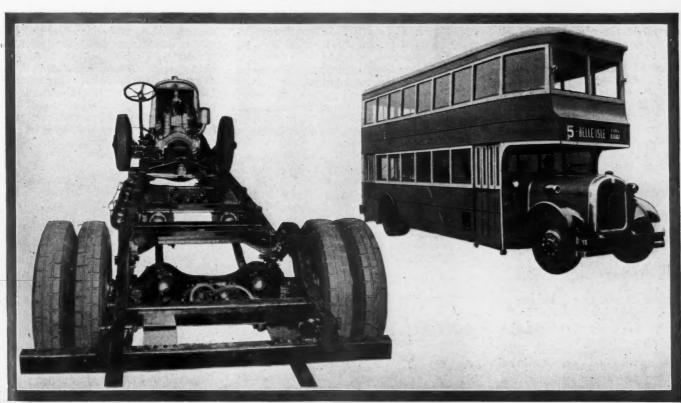
The Graham Single-Deck 29-passenger street-car type

type with 74 in. head room over the aisle and considerably less over the seats.

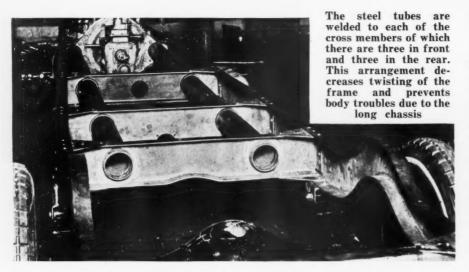
This arrangement allows the seats on the upper deck to be arranged back to back along the center line of the body. Each seat of this row on the upper deck has an individual formed back. Three seats at the front of the rear deck face forward and three auxiliary seats in excess of the rated capacity are placed in the corners, the fourth corner being taken up by the upper end of the stairway. Rated capacity calls for 28 pas-

> sengers on the lower deck and 32 passengers above.

Steel sash windows which can be lowered flush with the sills completely enclose both decks. Ventilator channels which are placed between the backs of the upper seats convey heat from the lower to the upper deck, the former being exhaust heated. Circulation of fresh air is insured by an indirect ventilator which is installed in the front wall of the monitor just above the windshield and ventilators placed in the roof of the upper compartment. Another unusual feature is the lighting of



These views show the chassis and the body design of Graham Brothers new gas-electric, double-deck bus



the interior. Lamps are placed back of sanded glass diffusers in the sides of the monitor and in conjunction with a white enamelled ceiling flood the lower deck with indirect illumination. The upper deck has similar lamps set in the roof.

Doors Control Brakes

Both doors are at the right side and their bottoms are just above the height of the ordinary curb. Each of these doors are opened and closed by air pressure drawn from the storage tanks of the air brake system and the valves are interconnected with the service or air brakes so that the bus can not be moved until the doors are closed. One exception is made to this arrangement. When two-man operation with a conductor at the rear is necessary, the inspector or starter unlocks the control of the rear door with his key to permit manual operation.

When one man is in charge of the bus control of the rear door is made automatic by a section of hinged platform just inside of the door. As the bus draws near the stop, the weight of the passenger standing at the door causes the platform to depress and control the door opening. The door remains open for six seconds after the passenger alights and the brakes are locked for this period. If another descending passenger approaches the door as it starts to close, automatic opening occurs again and the brakes are reset. Front door control is by a separate valve.

A heavy well braced pressed steel frame with a kick-up at each axle is the foun-While the dation of the entire bus. left side member extends clear to the rear of the bus, the right is cut off just back of the rear axle and supplanted by a sub-frame which provides for the low platform height at the rear door. Both front and rear axles are made by Timken and brakes operated by the Westinghouse system are mounted at all four wheels.

The powerplant consists of a Continental model 14-U, 41/2 x 53/4 in., directly connected to the General Electric electric

While the front axle is the conventional wide tread Timken bus axle, the rear axle is the special type incorporating a separate under-mounted worm drive for each wheel. Tires are 36 x 8 all around. Auxiliary springs are fitted to the rear axle.

The wheelbase of the double deck bus is 234 in, with bumpers fitted at both front and rear. Steering is by a Ross cam and lever gear. The gas tank of 41 gal. capacity is placed just back of the front door and the filler and gage are located in a set-in opening in the side of the body. At the rear the license bracket is accommodated in a similar opening, so that none of these parts is subject to collision. Road illumination is secured by Edmunds and Jones headlamps which are mounted atop the full crowned steel front fenders.

While the wheelbase of the lighter

29-passenger single-deck bus does not vary greatly from that of the larger job, the tires on this model are 36 x 6 all around with duals at the rear. Westinghouse air braking is utilized on this model as well, but only at the rear wheels. This body is fitted with the dome roof which is generally characteristic of single deck bodies and the seating arrangement is approximately conventional with the aisle at the center, several rows of cross seats, a full seat at the rear end and longitudinal seats over the wheel houses. The middle portion of the seat across the rear of the body is hinged and mounted on the emergency door. The front door is controlled by a hand lever adjacent to the steering wheel.

One of the unusual features of the smaller chassis is the frame construction. The side members are the usual heavy deep channels with spring horns at the front and a kick-up over the rear axle. These are tied together by six channel cross members, all gusseted. The rear engine support takes the form of a steel plate extending inward from each side of the frame with a formed surface which follows the joint between the engine and gear box at the bell housing. Large diameter steel tubes which are welded to each of these plates extend backward through the next three cross members and are welded again to the last of these. This arrangement is thought to decrease the twisting action of the frame and thus eliminate many of the body troubles which are related to the long chassis.

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The powerplant in the single deck bus is a Continental six-cylinder model 7-T engine of 41% in. bore and 51/4 in. stroke.

The Yellow Knight "Money Maker"

HIS new vehicle is manufactured by the Yellow Truck and Coach Mfg. Co., and sold through GMC branches.

The "Money Maker" is the lowest priced vehicle carrying the "Yellow" name and retains many of the structural features of the Yellow cab, while the power plant is identically the same as incorporated in the new limousine, type O-5, Yellow taxicab.

Another characteristic Hertz engineering practice is found in the frame, which is of unusually heavy construction, as are front axle, rear axle and fenders. The ensemble constitutes an exceptionally rugged appearing unit.

sleeve-valve, 3 7/16 bore, 5 in. stroke,

thermo-syphon, 20 quarts capacity. Gas tank is mounted on dash, gravity feed to carburetor, 11 gals. capacity. Borg & Beck clutch. Gemmer worm and sector steering gear; three speed transmission. The rear axle is a Timken spiral bevel, ratio 6 1/7 to 1. Springs are semi-elliptic 38 x 21/2 front and 50 x 21/2 rear. The frame is 51/2 in. deep, 3/16 in. thick and is fitted with four cross members. Steel disk wheels with spare. Tire 32 x 41/2 cords. Wheelbase 124 in. Complete electric equipment, speedometer and tools.



Chassis of the Yellow Knight "Money Maker"

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Front view showing new fenders and bumper arrangement

TRIKING new frontal design, several important mechanical improvements, and Fisher built steel cabs embodying latest passenger car features, characterize the new heavyduty line of trucks now being manufactured by the General Motors Truck Co., the truck division of the General Motors Corp., and the Yellow Cab Mfg. Co. of Chicago, which were merged last August.

Previously known by the K-72 and K-102 model designation, the 31/2 and 5 ton chassis in their new form are marketed under the title of "Big Brute" typifying the masterful appearance of the new models. The previous 21/2 ton chassis with certain modifications completes the heavy-duty line. Both the one ton and the 11/2 ton models introduced last spring are continued without mechanical improvements or variance in price, while on the heavy-duty line, however, prices f. o. b., Pontiac, have been slightly increased. In a few weeks a group of three specially developed truck-tractors of 5, 10 and 15 ton capacity respectively will complete the GMC line.

In presenting the new "Big Brute" line, the manufacturers lay claim to offering the most completely equipped trucks in their field, specially with regard to the maintenance viewpoint as well as pro-

viding maximum comfort for the driver. In co-operation with Fisher Body Corp. engineers, a new indestructible all-steel cab is furnished as standard equipment at no extra cost. Modern automobile body design has been taken as a pattern for the development of the new cab.

Fisher All-Steel Cab

A special type of Fisher vision - ventilating one-piece windshield is employed

GMC Introduces

the

"Big Brute"

which may be opened at the bottom for complete ventilation, while in the lowered position the two-inch aperture at the top allows maximum vision in the severest weather. In addition, an automatic windshield cleaner is installed. By continuing the roof over the windshield a sun visor is provided, the lines of which blend well with the design of the cab.

On either side of the windshield posts, permanent glass windows are fitted, while sliding curtains completely enclose the cab when the doors are in position. The doors extending from the seat level to the floor are of the disappearing type which when folded drop into metal pockets below the floor level. In the "down" position, the steel doors are protected from dirt and damage and can be lifted into position easily and in a few seconds. The sliding curtains provided with large windows of Pyralin are carried in metal tracks in the roof of the cab well out of the way when not in use. To allow the driver accessibility to the levers when vertical type hoist bodies are employed, the rear window is of the double sliding type.

Special attention has been paid to the interior fittings and appointments so that the driver will enjoy maximum comfort when engaged in long haulages. The seat containing Marshal springs and the backs which are of form design are upholstered in a Spanish leather effect Fabrikoid. In addition to being adjustable in the vertical plane by 2 in., the seat is formed in two sections to enable quick access to the battery and fuel tank, both of which are located under the seat compartment. Cowl and



Note the sliding window through which hoist levers can be operated

dash are integral with all instruments mounted in a convenient form on the panel.

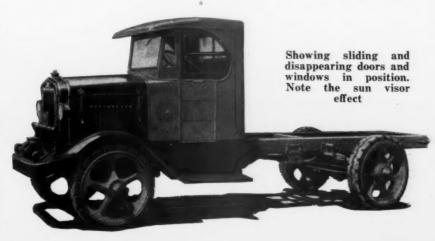
To guard against damage from road shocks, the steel cab besides having extra heavy reinforcements at all points of stress, is mounted on the frame in a three point type of suspension with contact being formed through shock absorbing rubber disks held in metal containers. The cab is suspended at two points at the forward end with the rear of the cab mounted at a single point. This system of body mounting is said to virtually eliminate rattles and enables the cab to withstand the hardest usage.

Unusual Front End Design

The front fenders are of such design as to withstand damage, loosening and noise through road vibration. In accomplishing this, the countour of the heavy gage baked enamel fenders is necessarily somewhat unusual. They are further protected by a channel bumper attached to an extension of the frame. Upon this extension are also mounted the radiator guard and tow hooks so that in the event of damage to any or all of these three units, the extension can be replaced without disturbing the frame proper. A metal apron below the cab ties-up with

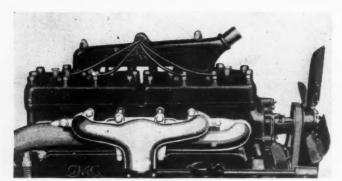
the fenders and running board completing the clean appearance of the forward part of the chassis.

Radiators on both 31/2 and 5 ton models have been materially changed to present a new appearance. The shell completely enclosing the core is now made of cast aluminum finished in black enamel but with the encircling bands and GMC trademark contrasting in polished aluminum. In addition to increasing





THE



Showing the new double cylinder heads

the capacity of the core and improvements in the air flow, the radiator is now capacity of the core and improvements insure longer life. Headlights of the two bulb type are attached to the radiator shell and are finished in aluminum and black to match the general scheme.

Engine Improvements

More power and smoother operation has been secured on the $3\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 ton chassis engine by increasing the stroke lnegth $\frac{1}{2}$ in. so that the cylinder dimensions are now $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. bore by $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. stroke. While the N. A. C. C. rating is unchanged, the maximum power has been increased to 53 b. h. p. and the piston displacement is greater by 31 cu. in.

Modifications have been made throughout the engines to give longer life and better servicing features, chief among these are: crankshafts are heavier and more rigid with special lugs forged on the webs to obtain proper balancing without removing metal from the webs themselves. Copper tubes were formerly employed to carry oil to the piston pins, the redesigned connecting rods which are lighter and stronger than before, an oil line is drilled through the main web direct from the lower bearing to the upper end. Piston pins are held to closer limits and given a lapped finish while among several improvements on the pistons is the employing of dished heads.

To reduce possibility of leakage or warping and to provide greater convenience in maintenance, the previous single casting cylinder head is now made in two separate castings. In line with these changes, the shape of the combustion chamber has been changed and the water circulation improved. Cylinder sleeves of improved materials are given a Brinnell hardness test and now finished with two distant honing operations.

Valves of Different Metal

Two different metal alloys are now used for the valves, whereas, the intake and exhaust were formerly of the same material. High chrome silicon steel is used for the exhaust to withstand the heat while the intake valves are formed of chrome nickel steel. A new process introduced in the manufacture of the valves to enable them to offer greater

resistance to heat is by "coining" the valve heads which leaves the "skin" of the metal in place. Each valve is marked to identify the intake from the exhaust.

Improved wearing qualities and smoother operation of the timing gears is accomplished by burnishing the teeth through rolling the gear with a hardened master gear. Carburetor settings,

water pump and manifolding have also undergone changes to make for more effective operation. While the oiling system remains the same as previously, at the time of changing the crankshaft, the connecting rod pins of the shaft are now drilled with large horizontal holes which automatically carry a reservoir of oil. In addition two holes in the crank pins assure the proper quality of lubricant at high and low speeds. The engine is supported on rubber blocks while the air cleaner is mounted inside the cab compartment where a cleaner supply of air is obtainable. No mechanical changes have been made on the 21/2 ton engine.

Down through the remainder of the chassis, changes have been made to give smoother operation, easier maintenance and greater durability. On the 31/2 and 5 ton editions, the clutch pilot bearing has been increased in size with the clutch pressure plates redesigned on all three models to give a greater off-set while the disks have woven fabric facings on both sides. Transmissions on the heavy-duty line are larger and stronger with increased factors of safety. All main shafts and counter shafts have been increased in diameter with the number of splines on the former increased from six to ten. Gears are larger in diameter and given a improved method of heat treatment. The teeth are also given the burnishing treatment while the length of the bear-

ing surface on all sliding gears has been increased.

Mountings for carrying the bearings are now in individual containers instead of being located directly in the case as formerly. In addition, the inner races of the bearings are locked on the shaft with nuts thus eliminating the transmission of any thrust through the case. All bearings have been increased in size and capacity. Side openings are provided for power take-off connections while the two larger models have arrangements for over-head take-offs of various types.

Virtually no improvements have been made in the rear axles with the exception of a change in the gear ratio on the 21/2 ton chassis which is increased from 71/4 to 81/2. A new floating cam assembly employed on the rear axles has considerably increased the braking power and allows the brake shoes to fit snugly all round the drum under every condition. Slight modifications have been made on the front axles while the tread at the front on the 31/2 and 5 ton chassis is increased from 67 in. to 71% in. A ball and socket type tie rod is used instead of the pin and fork type which gives a better assembly and permits of adjustment to take up wear.

Easier steering has been accomplished by changing the pitch of the worm, the lowering of the ratio and an improved angle of the steering column. A new type of steering wheel with corrugated hand grips is adopted on all models. The gear itself on the 2½ ton model has undergone more extensive changes.

Tire sizes have been increased on all three models and are now of the following dimensions:

Front Rear
2½ Ton 36 by 4 in. 36 by 10 in.
3½ Ton 36 by 5 in. 40 by 12 in.
5 Ton 36 by 6 in. 40 by 14 in.

Pneumatics and cushion tires will be furnished at slight extra cost as well as an electric starter for the engine. In spite of steel cabs, larger tires, extra equipment and heavier units there is not an appreciable increase in the total weights of the new chassis as compared with the previous line.



Timken Dual Worm Drive Axle—Type 6530—for Dual Motor Drive Gas-Electric Coaches

This shows the type of axle supplied by the Timken-Detroit Axle Co., for the 323 gas-electric motor coaches recently purchased by the Public Service Corp., Newark, N. J. This axle is constructed for underslung springs and Hotchkiss drive. The housing is a one-piece drop forging and represents what is known as a double bowl banjo type. The underslung spring pads and the flanges for mounting the brake mechanism are forged integral presenting a most difficult forging problem. The worms are underslung as will be noted in the illustration. The carrier assembly or driving unit is easily removable as a unit, and consists of the Timken F. J. type of worm drive assembled in a carrier which is boited to the underside of the housing. Each of these carriers is assembled 13½ in. from the center line of the axle. A 11 to 1 gear ratio is used.

Monthly Corrected Specifications Car commercia

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Gasoline Tractor-Trucks Supplied Direct by the Makers. of Gasoline Commercial Cars From Data Month the End Each Will be Found at Corrected Are The Specifications, Chassis Prices, Etc.,

Those Chassis Which Are Sold and Recommended for Passenger Transportation Are Designated in the Following Table by Reference Sign (\$) in Front of the Name

Where prices are not given it is because we have been unable to get them from authoritative sources) For Specially Designed Motor Bus Chassis See Pages 36 and 37

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THE COMMERCIAL CAR JOURNAL February 15, 1926 THE Februar Ros Day Own Smi F 11.6 F 10.2 54.8 A D *8.3153.3*D F Opt Opt Tim 6766 Own AC Tim 6666 4444 0888 089 089 089 089 089 089 089 D B-L 60 Ma D B-L 60 D B-L 80 P Own AC Bost B-L Opti B-L No.E‡Own Non Ful Ser Ser Str Zen COOOD COOOD FP Con PC Non PC Pie PS Own PC Pie 6 x6 40.0 L 5 x6 40.0 L 5 x6 40.0 L 5 x6 40.0 L 5 x6 40.0 L Con B-5 Wau EU Wis RBU Own AC Bud BTU Smi

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Husky Wrench Display Cabinet

The Husky Wrench Company of Milwaukee, Wis., has brought out a new cabinet to display their complete line of Standard socket wrenches.

The new items shown for the first time are: A heavy duty ratchet, 20 in. long, of strong and compact design; two sizes of Speeders with up-set forged and milled ends and swivel grips; a complete line of square sockets ranging from 3/3 in. to 1 in. square; four additional large Hex sockets from 1 13/16 in. to 2% in. Hex for heavy duty set.

The cabinet was designed to meet the requirements of the dealer selling to garage mechanics and owners. The manufacturer claims that out of the assortment of units contained in the cabinet socket wrenches for every purpose can be selected.

Blackhawk Quick Detachable Wrench

The Blackhawk Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis., is offering a special, heavy duty wrench set, designed to fill the urgent need of engine builders, electric and steam railways, power plants, oil refineries, ship and bridge builders.

This set of Quick Detachable Wrenches is guaranteed to stand up under extra hard service.

168 Electric Trucks Now in New Orleans

An analysis of electric trucks in service in New Orleans shows that there are now 168 trucks operating and 28 on order for delivery, and that during the past twelve months, a total of 68 new trucks has been purchased, ranging in size from one-half to five tens.

With the trucks now in service in New Orleans, the laundries are the largest users, operating 100 trucks. The next largest user is the New Orleans Public Service, operating 34 trucks; other users include dairies, candy manufacturers, transfer and storage, office supplies, sugar refineries, baking companies, bottling works and plate glass.

No. 150 Hexet Set

An inexpensive Socket Wrench Set, designed especially for individual use of owners who make occasional adjustments and minor repairs, is being offered by the Blackhawk Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis. These sockets are machined from solid bar steel and properly heat treated. Set consists of six sockets and one offset handle. Packed in compact metal case.

Booklet on Headlight Adjustment

The Electrical Testing Laboratories, 80th St. and East End Ave., New York, will be glad to send free copies in any reasonable quantity to anyone who has use for them.

The approved devices listed and the directions for their adjustment are valid not only in the fifteen states and provinces represented in the eastern conference, but in many others as well.

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*--M Tires:

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nec PS—I SP—C T--T-Wau-Wis-111. X-SI Governo Con—Dup—Han—Hin—K. P.: McK—Mon—Non—Ple—ISim—Tac—Wis

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McC-Mic Mod-Per-R-T-Spa-Mic Stn—S ville U. S.-

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Hol—
Joh—
Mar—
P—Pr
Ray—

Ray-Sch-Indi Ste-I

cage Til—1 V—Va Zen—

KEY OF ABBREVIATIONS

‡—Generator & Starter at Extra Cost. †—Starter not Supplied, Generator at Extra

-More than one wheelbase furnished.

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valid provnfer§ -Unless marked otherwise all tires are §§—Unless marked otherwise all the solids.

*—Pneumatics standard equipment.

‡—Pneumatics at Extra Cost.

†*—Dual pneumatics standard.

†—Dual solids.

††—Dual pneumatics extra cost.

Bud—Buda Co., Harvey, Ill. Con—Continental M. Corp., Detroit, Mich. D—Head & Side FP—Full Pressure to all bearings including wrist pins. -Hall-Scott Motor Car Co., Berkeley, Cat:
Her—Hercules Motors Corp., Canton, Ohio.
Himico—Hinkley Motors, Inc., Detroit,
Mich.

Mich.

Hin—Hinkley Motors, Inc., Detroit, Mich.

H-S—Herschell-Spillman Motor Co., North
Tonawanda, N. Y.

I—In Head.
Jackson—Master Motor Truck Mfg. Co.,
Chicago, Ill.

Kni—Yellow Sleeve Valve Eng. Works,
East Moline, Ill.

L—L-Head.
Lycoming M. Corr.

L—L-Head.
Lyc—Lycoming M. Corp., Williamsport, Pa.
Overland—Willys-Overland Co., Toledo, O.
PC—Pressure to all crankshaft and connecting rod bearings.
PS—Pressure with splash.
SP—Circulating splash.
T—T-Head.
Way Way bear and Comments.

T-T-Head. Wau-Waukesha M. Co., Waukesha, Wis. Wis-Wisconsin M. Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis-Wisconsin M. Mig. Co.,
Wis.
Wis.
Yell—Yellow Sleeve V. E. Works, E. Moline,
Ill.
Closve.

Con—Continental M. Corp., Detroit, Mich.
Dup—Eisemann Magneto Corp., New York.
Han—Handy Gov. Co., Detroit, Mich.
Hin—Hinkley Motors, Inc., Detroit, Mich.
K. P.—K. P. Products Co., New York, N. Y.
McK.—E. R. Klemm, Chicago, Ill.
Mon—Monarch Gov. Co., Detroit, Mich.
Non—Not Supplied.
Pha—Pharo Mfg. Co., Bethlehem, Pa.
Pie—Pierce Governor Co., Anderson, Ind.
Sim—Eisemann Magneto Corp., New York.
Tac—Tractor Appliance Co., New Holstein,
Wis. Tac—Tractor Appliance Co., New Holstein, Wis.

Wau—Waukesha M. Co., Waukesha, Wis.

Bus—Bush Mfg. Co., Hartford, Conn. Chi—Chicago Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill. E-M—English & Mersick Co., New Haven, E-M-English & Mersick Co., New Haven, Conn.
Fed-Fedders Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
Fle-Flexo Mfg. Co., Los Angeles, Cal.
G&O-G. & O. Mfg. Co., New Haven, Conn.
Har-Harrison Rad. Corp., Lockport, N. Y.
Idl-Ideal Sheet Metal Works, Chicago, Ill
Liv-Livingston Rad. Corp., Plainfield, N. J.
Lon-Long Mfg. Co., Detroit, Mich.
McC-McCord Rad. & Mfg. Co., Detroit,
Mich. Mich.

Mod—McCord Rad. & Mig. Co., Detroit,
Mich.

Mod—Modine Mfg. Co., Racine, Wis.
Per—Racine Radiator Co., Racine, Wis.
R-T—Rome-Turney Rad. Co., Rome, N. Y.
Spa—Sparks-Withington Co., Jackson,
Mich. Stn-Standard Radiator Co., Inc., Spring-ville, N. Y. U. S.-U. S. Cartridge Co., Lowell, Mass

B.B.—Penberthy Injector Co., Detroit. Car—Carter Carburetor Co., St. Louis, Mo. Ens—Ensign Car. Co., Los Angeles, Cal. G—Gravity,
Hol—Holley Carburetor Co., Detroit, Mich. Joh—Johnson Co., Detroit, Mich. Mar—Marvel Carburetor Co., Flint, Mich. P—Pressure.
Ray—Beneke Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill. Sch—Wheeler Schebler Carburetor Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
Ste—Detroit Lubricator Co., Detroit, Mich. Str—Stromberg Motor Devices Co., Chicago, Ill. cago, III.
T:1-Tillotson Mfg. Co., Toledo, Ohio.
V-Vacuum.
Zen-Zenith-Detroit Corp., Detroit, Mich.

Electrical System:

I-General
-Starter not Supplied, General
Cost.
-Starter at Extra Cost.
A-L-Electric Auto-Lite Corp., Toledo, O. Alc-Cincinnati S. B. Co., Cincinnati, O. Apo-Apoio Magneto Corp., Kingston, N. Y. Bij-Bijur Motor Appliance Co., Hoboken, N. J.
Bos-American Bosch Magneto Co., Springfield, Mass.
Con-Connecticut Telephone & Electric Co., Meriden, Conn.
Del-Dayton Engin. Lab. Co., Dayton, Ohio. Del—Dayton Engin. Lab. Co., Dayton, Ohio.
DJ—DeJohn Elec. Corp., Toledo, Ohio.
DJ—DeJohn Elec. Corp., Toledo, Ohio.
Dyn—(wen Dyneto Corp., Syracuse, N. Y. Eis—Eisemann Magneto Corp., New York. Exi—Electric S. B. Co., Phila., Pa.
G&D—Gray & Davis, Boston, Mass.
Gou—Gould S. B. Co., New York.
Hob—Hobbs Battery Co., Los Angeles, Cal.
L-N—Leece-Neville Co., Cleveland, O. N-E—North East Elec. Co., Rochester, N. Y.
Non—Not Supplied.
Pol—Prest-O-Lite Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
Rem—Remy Electric Co., Anderson, Ind.
RBo—Robert Bosch Magneto Co., New York, N. Y.
Sim—Simms Magneto Co., New York, N. Y.
Sim—Silmms Magneto Co., E. Orange, N. J.
Spl—Splitdorf Electrical Co., Newark, N. J.
USL—U. S. Light & Heat Corp., Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Ves—Vesta Battery Corp., Chicago, Ill.
Wes—Westinghouse Elec. & Mig. Co.,
Springfield. Mass.
Wil—Willard S. B. Co., Cleveland, O.

Clutch and Gearset:

.-Other ratios optional. Other ratios optional.
A—Amidships.
B & B—Borg & Beck Co., Chicago, Ill.
B-L—Brown-Lipe Gear Co., Syracuse, N. Y.
Cot—Cotta Trans. Corp., Rockford, Ill.
Cov—Covert Gear Co., Lockport, N. Y.
Det—A. J. Detlaff Co., Detroit, Mich.
D-G—Detroit Gear & Machine Co., Detroit,
Mich. Mich.
Dod—Dodge Brothers Co., Detroit, Mich.
D—Disk. Durston Gear Corp.,
Ful—Fuller & Sons Mfg. Co., Kalamazoo,
Mich.
H-S—Hele-Shaw, Merchant & Evans Co.,
Philadelphia, Pa.
Hoo—Hoosier Clutch Co., Muncie, Ind.
J—Unit with Jackshaft.
K—Cone.
Lon—Long Mfg. Co., Detroit, Mich.
M-E—Merchant & Evans Co., Phila., Pa.
M. M.—Mechanics Mach. Co., Rockford, Ill.
Mun—Muncie Gear Works, Muncie, Ind.
O—Disk in Oil.
P—Plate.
R—Rear Axle.
S—Separate Unit.
U—Unit with Engine.
W-G—Warner Gear Co., Muncie, Ind. DUIT DURSTON GEAR CORP., Syracuse, N. Y. Ful-Fuller & Sons Mfg. Co., Kalamazoo,

Green, Ohio.

B.G.—Universal Machine Co., Bowling Green, Ohio.

Bloo—Blood-Bros. Mach. Co., Allegan, Mich. Det—Universal Products Co., Detrolt, Mich. Har—Spicer Mfg. Co., S. Plainfield, N. J. M-E—Merchant & Evans Co., Phila., Pa. M. M.—Mechanics Machine Co., Rockford, Ill.

Pet—Cleveland Universal Parts Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

Pio—Carl Pick Co.. West Bend, Wis.

Sne—Spicer Mfg. Corp., S. Plainfield, N. J.

Spi—Spicer Mfg. Corp., S. Plainfield, N. J.

The—Thermoid Rubber Co., Trenton, N. J.

Thei—Universal Drive Shaft Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

U-M—Universal Machine Co., Bowling Green, Ohio. Green, Ohio. U-P-Universal Products Co., Detroit,

Front and Rear Axles:

4—Semi-Floating.
4—Three-Quarter Floating.
Cla—Clark Equip. Co., Buchanan, Mich. Col—Columbia Axle Co., Cleveland, O. Con—Continental Axle Co., Edgerton, Wis. C—Chain.
B—Straight Bevel.
D—Dead. D—Dead.
Eat—Eaton Axle Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
F—Floating.
I—Internal Gear.
P—Spur Gear.
R—Double Reduction.

Rus—Russel Motor Axle Co., Detroit, Mich. S—Spiral Bevel.
Sal—Salisbury Axle Co., Jamestown, N. Y. She—Sheldon Axle & Spring Co., Wilkes—Barre, Pa.
Shu—Shuler Axle Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky.
Std—Standard Parts Co., Cleveland, O.
Tim—Timken Det. Axle Co., Detroit, Mich.
Tor—Eaton Axle & Spring Co., Cleveland, Ohio.
Vul—Vulcan Motor Axle Co.
Wal—Walker Axle Co., Chicago, Ill.
W—Worm. W-Worm.
Wis-Wisconsin Parts Co., Oshkosh, Wis.

A—Rear Wheels only.

B—Drive Shaft and Rear Wheels.

D—Jackshaft and Rear Wheels.

E—4 Wheel Brakes.

Springs:

-American Autoparts Co., Detroit, Amc—American Auto Sp. Co., Pontiac, Mich.
Arm—General Motors Co., Pontiac, Mich.
Bea—Beans Spring Co., Inc., Massillon, O.
Bet—Betts Bros. Sp. Co., Inc., San Francisco, Cal. Bet—Betts Bros. Sp. Co., Inc.,
cisco, Cal.
cha—Champion Auto Sp. Co., St. Louis,
Mo.
Del—D. Delany & Son, Newark, N. J.
Det—Detroit Steel Prod. Co., Detroit, Mich.
G-C—Garden City Sp. Works, Chicago, Ill.
liar—Harvey Sp. & Forging Co., Racine,
Wis.
Lah—Laher Auto Spring Co., Portland, Ore.

Mar-Maremont Mfg. Co., Chicago, Ill.

Mat-Mather Spring Co., Toledo, O.

Mer-E. R. Merrill Spring Co., New York.

Pen-Penn Sp. Works, Baldwinsville, N. Y

Per-Eaton Bum. & Sp. Co., Cleveland, O.

Row-William & Harvey Rowland, Phila, Pa. he—Sheldon Axle & Sp. Co., Wilkes-Pa.
She—Sheldon Axle & Sp.
Barre, Pa.
S. P.—Spring Perch Co., Stratford, Conn.
S. S.—Standard Steel Sp. Co., Coraopolis,
Chicago, Ill. S. S.—Standard Pa.
Pa.
Tut—Tuthill Sp. Co., Chicago, Ill.
U. S.—United States Sp. Co., Los Angeles,
Cal.

Steering Gear:

CAS—C. A. S. Products Co., Columbus, O. Dod—Dodge Bros. Co., Detroit, Mich. Gem—Gemmer Mfg. Co., Detroit, Mich. Han—Hannum Mfg. Co., Milwaukee, Wis. Jac—Saginaw Products Co., Saginaw, Mich. Lav—Hannum Mfg. Co.
Ros—Ross Gear & Tool Co., Lafayette, Ind. Woh—Wohlrab Gear Co., Racine, Wis.

Arc—Archibald Wheel Co., Lawrence, Mass.
Arw—Auto Wheel Co., Lansing, Mich.
Bet—Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.
Bim—Bimel Spoke & Auto Wheel Co.,
Portland, Ind.
Bud—Budd Wheel Co., Philla., Pa.
Cla—Clark Equip. Co., Buchanan. Mich.
Day—Dayton Automotive Wheel Co., Dayton, Ohio.
Dis-Motor Wheel Corp., Lansing, Mich.
Hay—Hayes Wheel Co., Jackson, Mich.
Hay—Hayes Wheel Co., Jackson, Mich.
Hoo—Hoopes, Bro. & Darlington, Inc.,
West Chester, Pa.
Ind—Indestructible Wheel Co., Lebanon,
Ind. Ind.
Int-Interstate Foundry Co., Chicago, Ili.
Jon-Phineas, Jones & Co., Hillside, N. J.
Kel-Kelsey Wheel Co., Detroit, Mich.
M-M-Michigan Malleable Iron Co., Detroit.
Mot-Motor Wheel Corp., Lansing, Mich.
Mun-Muncle Wheel Corp., Alma, Mich.
Nor-Northern Wheel Corp., Alma, Mich.
Pru-Prudden Wheel Co., Lansing, Mich.
Roy-Royer Wheel Co., Aurora, Ind.
Sch-St. Marys Wheel & Spoke Co., St.
Marys, O. Marys, O.
Smi—Smith Wheel, Inc., Syracuse, N. Y.
StM—St. Marys Wheel Co., St. Marys, O.
Std—Standard Wheel Co., Terre Haute, Std—Standard Wheel Co., Terre Haut Ind. Van—Van Wheel Corp., Oneida, N. Y. Way—Wayne Wheel Co., Newark, N. Y.

Rim Equipment:

Fir—Firestone Steel Prod. Co., Akron, O. Gdy—Goodyear Tire & Rub. Co., Akron, O. Hay—Hayes Wheel Co., Jackson, Mich. Jax—Jaxon Steel Prod. Co., Jackson. Mich. Kel—Kelsey Wheel Co., Detroit, Mich. Non—None Supplied.

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Motor Bus Chassis Designed Exclusively for Passenger Transportation

For Other Chassis Which Are Recommended and Adaptable for Bus Use, See Models Having Sign (§) in the "COMMERCIAL CAR SPECIFICATIONS"

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Merchants' Association Magazine Displaced by "Service Bulletins"

The Merchants' Association of New York has discontinued its magazine "Greater New York" and substituted for it a bulletin service, which, although costing more to produce, brings all the worth while material to its reader members in the briefest possible form. Everything is typewritten in telegraphic form, and only such material is given that is of service to the membership. The bulletin is a loose leaf proposition so that items of interest can be readily detached and saved for reference.

Any lengthy subjects are included as inserts so they will not take away from the brevity of the main service and can be read or not as interest dictates. bulletins are pocket size. Each bulletin sheet has a note appended to it stating that "detailed reports on any of the subjects digested can be secured by application to the association's secretary." new bulletin service is a complete answer to the objection of business papers in general that associations put out official publications soliciting advertising largely on an improper basis, and secure entry to the Post Office as second-class mail under a subterfuge.

King Offers \$200 in Prizes

Two hundred dollars is being offered by King Quality Products, Inc., of Buffalo, N. Y., for the best names offered for the new trade character shown in its advertisement in this issue.

The trade character whom you are invited by the King Company to name will be charged with the responsibility of showing some of the inside stuff relating to the use of standard brand parts, right in the garage and repair shop.

The name requested is to suggest—accuracy, quality, uniformity, or the fact that standard brand parts lead the way to more satisfactory and profitable shop operations.

The contest closes March 1st and suggestions are to be mailed on the coupon torn from the company's advertisement appearing in this magazine.

Star Salesmen Guests of W. C. White

Eighty-seven star salesmen of White trucks and buses from all parts of the United States were the guests of President Walter C. White, of the White Company, in Cleveland, on February 8 and 9. The men are members of the White Club, an honorary organization composed of salesmen whose average sales for nine months equalled or exceeded the standard set for membership.

Fitz Gibbon & Crisp, Inc., manufacturer of bodies, recently opened a New York sales office and service station at 619-635 W. 23d St. Mr. William G. Wood has been appointed New York representative, with headquarters at this address.

Electric Commercial Cars

Name and Model Number	Total Weight Resting on Four Tires	Chassis Weight Exclusive of Battery	Minimum Load Capacity	Maximum Load Capacity	Chassis Price	Maximum Speed	Location of Battery	Mileage Per Charge	Motor	Controller	Speeds Forward	Drive	Rear Axle	Springs	Front Tires	Rear Tires	Steering Gear	Wheelbase	Per Cent of Weight on Rear Wheels
C-T F-7. C-T A-10. C-T F-10. Electruck 48. Electruck 39. Electruck 27.	6800	3650 4300 4900 6800 7200 2400 2800 2800 2800 3100 3100 6500 7000 12200 11700 1950 2900 4400 1950 2900 4400 2900 4400 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 1950 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	2000 4000 15000 1000 1020 2170 4290 6180 9500 13780	3000 5000 20000 1250 2000 2000 2000 10000 10000 1500 2000 20	2400 2800 3200 4000 4300 2500 2500 1600 1850 1850 2250 3350 1800	14 14 14 14 12 11 10 10 15 15 15 14 13 11 10 16 15 13 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 19 9	AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	555 660 60 60 550 45 445 445 550 50 60 60 550 50 50 40 60 550 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	GGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGG	G-E	555554444444444544444444444444444444444	RR RR RR ROOWN OWN OWN OWN OWN OWN OWN OWN OWN OWN	Own Own Own Own Own FF FF FF FF DF Own Own Flot Flot DD	Row Row Row Row Shel Shel Shel Shel Shel Shel Shel Shel	34x4 34x5 34x5 34x6 36x3 36x3 36x3 36x3 36x3 36x3 36x6 36x6 36x7 36x6 36x7 36x6 36x4 36x6 36x7 36x6 32x3 36x4 36x5 36x6 32x3 36x7	34x5 34x6 36x8 36x8 36x6 36x4 36x4 36x4 36x5	Ross Ross Ross Ross Ross Ross Ross Ross	107 120 131 138 138 146 96 116 122 152 112 112 112 112 112 113 114 107 135 114 107 135 114 104 194 101 114 131 140 131 140 151 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152 152	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6

NOTE: Battery Equipment on all above makes is at the option of the purchaser. Battery Location Abbreviations: A-amidships; H-under hood; and S-under seat

Mississippi School Buses

(Continued from page 15)

the school center. We help the farmer buy these trucks by going their security at the banks. They pay for the trucks with their monthly checks. These checks are issued, of course, by the school board. The farmers utilize the trucks in the summer for farm transportation.

"While exact knowledge as to the cost of operation is not known I believe that they are operated for less than \$100 per month, for we always have more applicants to drive than we have trucks.

"I would not advise the board to maintain its own fleet as it has been my experience that no man will take care of the other fellow's car or truck as he will his own.

"The board makes arrangement to get repair service for the owners at a little less cost than could ordinarily be obtained. Some trucks have been in operation for five years and are still in good repair.

"In securing drivers we try to employ the very best man that we can employ who lives at the end of the route. By giving a contract to a responsible man, living at the end of the route, we make it possible for the driver to realize more from his own time than he could if he had to travel several miles in the morning before beginning his route."

While the operation of the fleets of the various districts are fundamentally similar there are some differences. For example the Parish of Beauregard operates vehicles of a more expensive type than those employed by the Webster Parish.

In commenting on the system used in Beauregard, Prof. D. G. Lunsford, parish superintendent of education, said:

"Beauregard Parish has, perhaps, the best equipped and organized school transfer system in the state, considered from a parish-wide standpoint. It has:

"1. Seven transfer centers, each center a high school. The buildings and equipment in each are modern, teaching force and methods in accordance with the state high school requirements, all buildings electrically lighted and supplied with waterworks, individual plants being employed where city power is not available.

"2. Forty school buses of uniform type, and in three sizes, convey to these schools 1500 children.

"3. Contracts are made with the drivers who own and operate the buses, the type and size of bus being specified in each contract.

"4. Buses are of the closed type.

"5. An annual institute of bus drivers is held at the opening of the year.

"In planning for the equipment for the present system, it became evident that drivers did not realize enough profit out of a one-year contract to justify the purchase of the cars. The school board proposed to make a contract for two nine-months terms, and specified that the entire equipment be new.

"Buses equipped, cost the driver from \$1,000 to \$1,450 carrying charges, of course, to be added where buses were bought on time, which was usually the case, the period of payment extending over eighteen months of actual service.

"This type of school transportation is proving quite popular with the patrons, as the children are transported in comfort and, being in closed cars, are gotten to the school without exposure to the weather. The per capita cost of transportation has not increased because of this type of service, since the two-year contract has proven attractive to the operators. The monthly payments on an improved bus, extended over eighteen months, average smaller than those required when ordinary truck is bought on the basis of a nine-months contract. The cost of operation of these buses is about \$6,000 per month, or at an average cost of \$150. In fact, the per capita cost todate this year has not been quite so large as in previous years.

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A Million Turnover

(Continued from page 13)

also the accessory salesroom, was given unusual attention. In the floor plan it will be noted that this is so positioned as to be accessible from the street directly. This was done so it would be possible to keep this open for business, even when other departments may be closed.

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It will be noted that the service manager has direct connection with it, a door and window in the wall between affording him constant view of or access to it. There is as well a door and a window at the rear portion, off the receiving and inspection room. This window permits the shopmen in the repair shop getting any parts needed, on requisition, of course, by walking the four or five feet from their department to this window.

The service manager is W. P. Mathews, formerly assistant service manager for E. C. Williamson Motor Co., Jacksonville, Fla., Dodge and Graham dealer there. He runs the shop on a flat rate basis. In it, too, are embodied a number of up-to-date features which keep the men clean, neat, satisfied; keep the shop looking well at all times; keep the work moving through as fast as is consistent with good, careful workmanship, etc.

Mention was made of profits on used trucks. Baggs has his own appraisal methods, and his men so organized and educated that they go over trucks to be turned in on a trade deal from the point of view of resale. They inspect and test out these trucks with the thought constantly in mind, "How much money must be spent on this boiler to put it in first-class shape so we can guarantee it, and when that is done, how much can we be sure of getting for it?"

Instead of working forward from what they "guess" it will bring, they work

backward from a normal reasonable selling price, then deduct the carefully estimated and checked expenditures on it, plus a margin for overhead and to cover unexpected expense, to arrive at an allowance figure.

The men who do this keep in close touch with shop work, have access to all shop figures and costs, consequently they know almost to a penny what certain work will cost. Through this double contact with the used trucks and with the renewal work on them, they become expert at appraising trucks, and this work moves forward very swiftly, almost as fast as it can be told. And the net result is that every used truck taken in shows a profit when subsequently sold.

In many other ways, Baggs has his business so organized and his men so educated and trained that there are few of the usual leaks, that is to say no normal small losses to eat into the profits. Used cars show a profit; used trucks show a profit; new cars and trucks, of course, show a profit; the service and repair work is managed to show a profit, too, as are accessory sales. As a result of all departments being managed at a profit, the business as a whole shows what is probably higher than usual profit percentage for this kind of an all-around business.

And he modestly says there is nothing wonderful about that, just plain ordinary business sense. Anyhow, that is how he built up a million-dollar business in four years.

New Schacht Service Station

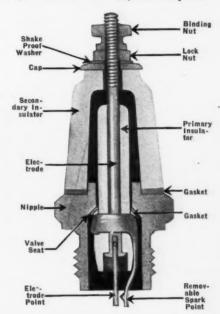
The G. A. Schacht Motor Truck Co., Cincinnati, recently completed its new service and sales plant at Van Dam, Rockdale and Nelson Sts., Long Island City. The building is of concrete and brick construction and contains 48,000 sq. ft. of floor space.

Graham Brothers NORFLEET BAGGS, Inc. Dodge Brothers Owner's Name.... Date. Address .. Speedometer Reading Type .. Operator's Name ITEMS MARKED "O" FOUND SATISFACTORY. ITEMS MARKED "A" ADJUSTED. ITEMS MARKED "X" NEED SHOP ATTENTION. INSPECTION REPORT DATE OF LAST INSPECTIO BEMARKS REMARKS PARTS ELECTRICAL SYSTEM USED CAR RECORD Cr. Messa No. Valva Litters
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Bett Fire Paint Top and Car BRAKES-Foot Brakes Hand Brakes Brake Lining Brake Rods Brake Adjusts Brake Pedal

Norfleet-Baggs, use forms as they should be used

The White Ace Spark Plug

This is a heavy duty plug designed particularly for truck and bus service. In it are incorporated a number of meritorious features which adapt it especially for the rugged service which the commercial vehicle demands. It is manufactured by the Automotive Appliance Co., 1712-16 Ludlow St., Philadelphia.



Heavy Duty Plug for buses and trucks

Attention is called to the sectional view which clearly shows the double insulation, removable spark points, and the construction which indicates that this plug can be easily taken apart and cleaned by using only a pair of pliers.

Any part of the plug can be replaced, as parts of the plug can be purchased separately. The secondary insulation of this plug makes it positively waterproof and leak proof. It is made in all standard sizes and lists at \$1.

North East Managers Gathered in Session

The branch managers of North East Service, Inc., recently met at the general offices of the company at Rochester, N. Y. They convened to discuss North East sales and service policies with particular reference to the Northeaster, the new magnetic horn recently put on the market by the North East Electric Co.

Gilmer Buys Michigan Factory

The L. H. Gilmer Co., of Philadelphia, manufacturers of Sealdedge, fan belts and woven products, announces that it has acquired a factory at Wayne, Mich., a suburb of Detroit, and within trucking distance of all automotive plants in the Michigan territory. This new factory, which is just starting production, has been equipped for the manufacture of Sealdedge, the new Gilmer antisqueak, and similar goods for use in the automotive industry.

THE Februa

for Economical Transportation

CHEVROLET

Twelve great factories! Manufacturing facilities and engineering equipment of a quality unsurpassed in the automobile industry! Two basic models with a wide variety of attractive bodies—selling at strikingly low prices! Durable, powerful chassis design especially developed to give reliable, economical haulage under all conditions.

Over 6,000 dealers and service stations stocked with parts ready to serve you promptly at low cost! The most economical time payment plan in existence! That's why Chevrolet ranks as the third largest builder of motor trucks in the world.

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., DETROIT, MICH.

Division of General Motors Corporation

One Ton Truck with Panel Body

The

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rucks



QUALITY AT LOW COST



EDITORIALS



Vocational Selling

OCATIONAL selling to many dealers sounds like some high-pressure selling scheme which can only be indulged in by the big ones in the industry. Other dealers consider it as a waste of time or something which requires lots of clerical work from which the clerks derive the most benefit. The fact of the matter is that vocational selling can be made as simple or elaborate a matter as the user wants it to be. Vocational selling is nothing new to many of the larger truck manufacturers. It requires no superhuman effort to sell trucks by this method. All it really means is the difference between analyzing the buyer's requirements or just selling him what you think he needs.

The elaborateness of the system depends entirely upon the size of the organization. Naturally, the factory that produces thousands of trucks per year can afford to carry on a factory-to-dealer system by keeping the dealer up-to-date on any information which the factory has compiled on any business. On the other hand the dealer must co-operate with the factory by sending in any valuable information gathered in the field. It is simply a case of passing around information that is valuable to all concerned.

But every dealer can independently organize his own vocational system by simply recording all the facts accompanying the interviews and sales that his men make, also filing any pertinent data that may come to his attention. One file drawer in the dealer's office, tabulated for about thirty-five lines of industry, in which all information is systematically filed, will be of great help to the salesman and especially the young salesman.

Each salesman can be furnished with a type-written copy of any information that has been reported by any of the men. There is just one condition which must be observed by those adopting the vocational selling method which is, that no one salesman can hope to become proficient in knowing every line of business. It is not possible for one man to study and become thoroughly familiar with thirty or forty lines of business. Therefore the dealer should encourage his men to specialize in a few indus-

tries and study them thoroughly. Such a man will make himself very valuable because his experience will give him *entree* with the buyer because he can talk his language. After all, the value of a vocational selling system becomes practically a personal proposition with the salesmen. All the elaborateness of a system amounts to nothing provided the man who is on the firing line does not consistently make use of the material on hand, as well as study certain businesses thoroughly on his own initiative. All of which puts the success of the vocational selling method squarely up to the individual.

What's a New Model?

UITE a few new truck models are being announced. Some of these are undoubtedly justified because they have been designed to meet certain requirements or to round out the manufacturer's line. Other manufacturers are announcing new models, showing refinements in design, to take the place of some of their former models and which, incidentally, have made a good record for themselves. Now this is all good business and is probably justifiable from a manufacturing standpoint.

However, when a manufacturer announces a so-called new model, which in reality is nothing more than the old model with perhaps new tire sizes or a change in gear ratio or a different make of major unit, then we question the fact that it is a new model. The manufacturer who believes that it is a good way toward getting his product before the buyer by showing how many new models he is capable of producing each year is on the wrong track. New models should contain more than a slight change here and there. "New" models ought to be new models in the real sense of the word. Otherwise the manufacturer would do better to retain the former model, and designate the changes or "improvements" that have been made so that the truck buyer will not be confused with a lot of data which means nothing. Perhaps it would be better for the manufacturer to concentrate on the correct building of a few models with the object in view of reducing costs by better manufacturing and sales methods.

News of the Trade

New Trucks Make Debut at Chicago

New Pac-Age-Kar and Diamond-T Vehicle Introduced at Show

SPONSORED by the hotel management, a delivery truck show was opened February 1 at the Hotel Sherman to run concurrently with the automobile show. This occasion was taken advantage of by two manufacturers to introduce new products, one being the novel Pac-Age-Kar, built by the Pac-Age-Kar Corp., and the other a speed truck added to the Diamond-T line.

The Pac-Age-Kar engine and gearset are located at the rear end of the chassis, and the drive is taken to each rear wheel by a separate shaft and worm gear.

Designed to carry a 2,000 pound load, the body capacity is 216 cu. ft., measuring 6 ft. high inside. The overall height, however, has been kept down to 7 ft. 3 in., while the wheelbase is but 95 in. With the 10 hp. engine, gasoline and oil consumptions are guaranteed at 40 m.p.g. and 800 m.p.g., respectively. A two-speed forward and one reverse is incorporated, the normal operating speed being 15 m.p.h. Lacquered any color, the complete vehicle sells for \$850.

In designing the new model 76 fast 1tonner, Diamond-T has not only made a

SHOWS

Allentown, Penna., February 27 to March 6, 1916—Annual show, Manhattan Auditorium, direction Lehigh Automobile Trade Ass'n.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 17 to 21 1926— Manufacturers exhibition and 49th convention of the National Electric Light Ass'n. Young's Million Dollar Pier.

Ass n. Young's Million Dollar Fler.

Boston, Mass., March 6 to 13, 1926—24th annual show, Mechanics Bldg. (105,000 sq. ft.), direction Boston Automobile Dealers Ass'n., Inc., and the Boston Commercial Motor Vehicle Ass'n., Inc. Passenger cars, trucks, tractors and accessories. Chester I. Campbell, Mgr., 329 Park Square Bldg.

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 15 to 20 1926— 2nd annual show, Memorial Auditorium, direction dealers of Chattanooga. Pas-senger cars, trucks and accessories. H. S. Smith, Chairman Show Committee, 528 Broad St.

Detroit, Mich., March 29 to April 3, 1926— Second annual motor bus show.

Evansville, Ind., March 1 to 6, 1926—14th annual show, direction Evansville Auto mobile Dealers Ass'n.

Indianapolis, Ind., February 15 to 20, 1926—15th annual show, Auto Show Bldg. (70,000 sq. ft.), direction of Indianapolis Auto Trade Ass'n. Passenger cars, trucks and accessories. John Orman, Mgr., 338 N. Delaware St.

Kansas City, Mo., February 13 to 20, 1926—20th annual show, American Royal Bldg. (250,000 sq. ft.), direction of Kansas City Motor Car Dealers Ass'n. Passenger cars, trucks, buses, tractors, accessories, aeroplanes and radio. Geo. A. Bond, Mgr., Firestone Bldg.

Muskegon, Mich., February 15 to 20, 1926— Annual exposition, Armory, direction Mus-kegon Automobile Business Ass'n.

Omaha, Nebraska, February 22 to 27, 1926— 21st annual show. Municipal Auditorium. Passenger cars, trucks and accessories. A. B. Waugh, Show Mgr., 1814 Douglas St.

strong bid for light delivery business but has put into practice its new policy of designing a truck that is as pleasing to the eye as a private car. An aluminum radiator shell, with a cellular core, Biflex bumper and hollow-spoke steel wheels carrying 30 x 5 in. pneumatic tires give it a de luxe finish. The engine is a Hercules 4 x 5 in., with special aluminum connecting rods, although cast-iron pistons are retained.

Another model shown was the T4, a 11/2-2ton job, which has been on the market about a month. This had a low-sided body and a 3-man totally enclosed cab. The third exhibit was a de luxe delivery vehicle, part of an order for Marshall This was mounted with a \$2000 panel body with enclosed driving compartment having half-doors.

Other delivery jobs shown were, Yellow-Knight 1-tonner, a Commerce super-7 open-side truck and a metal panel job. Ford screen and panel models, International 2000 lb. side-entrance milk truck and panel vehicles, the Stewart "Buddy," and a LeMoon 1-tonner. The latter company also exhibited the Milburn electric. which they manufacture. The Hendrickson company was represented by a 3-ton chassis, and American LaFrance by a model 2R 21/2-ton chassis.

Although not represented at the show, the Republic Motor Truck Co. and the Federal Truck Co. had exhibits at the Congress Hotel, in the form of polished

Coming Events

Portland, Maine, February 22 to 28, 1926—14th annual show, Exposition Bldg., direction Portland Automobile Dealers Ass'n., Inc. Howard B. Chandler, Mgr. Saginaw, Mich., March 10 to 13, 1926—Annual show, City Auditorium, direction Saginaw Auto Dealers Ass'n.

St. Louis, Mo., February 22 to 27, 1926—19th annual show, New Union Market Bldg. (100,000 sq. ft.), direction St. Louis Auto Dealers Ass'n. Passenger cars, trucks, accessories and boats. Robert E. Lee, Mgr., 3124 Locust St.

3124 Locust St.

San Bernardino, Cal., February 18 to 28, 1926—16th annual show, National Orange Show Bldg. (28,000 sq. ft.), direction National Orange Show Ass'n. Passenger cars, trucks, tractors and accessories. R. H. Mack, Mgr., 215 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

H. Mack, Mgr., 215 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Santa Monica, Cal., June 7 to 12, 1926—Annual show and convention, direction United States Good Roads Ass'n. and the Bankhead National Highway Ass'n. J. A. Rountree, Dir. Gen'l, Maudmont, 3200 Cliff Rd., Birmingham, Ala.
Wichita, Kansas, March 2 to 5, 1926—1st annual Southwest Road Show and School, direction Wichita Thresher & Tractor Club, Inc., showing road building, maintaining machinery, accessories, materials and contractor's equipment.

CONVENTIONS

CONVENTIONS

American Gear Manufacturers Association—
10th annual convention, May 13 to 15, 1926,
Book-Cadillac Hotel, Detroit, Mich.

Associated Advertising Clubs of the World—
Convention, June 20 to 25, 1926, Philadelphia, Pa. Carl Hunt, Mgr.

Automotive Equipment Association—Summer
convention, June 14 to 19, 1926, Mount
Royal Hotel, Montreal, Canada.

Chamber of Commerce of the United States
of America—14th annual meeting, May 10
to 13, 1926, Washington, D. C.

New Truck Tax Issue Stirs Fresh Fight

Makers, Dealers, Users, Defy "Penalty on One Branch of Transportation"

THE action of the Senate Finance Committee in restoring excise taxes on motor trucks, which the House had deleted, has aroused shippers, users, truck makers and dealers to exert every effort to fight it as a penalty on one branch of transportation.

It is regarded as possible that further reductions will be granted on passenger cars and trucks, now that the Senate Finance Committee has precipitated the issue. Opponents of the committee's action point out that motor trucks pay much higher taxes than passenger cars in many states, and state officers hold that, if commercial vehicles pay still more for the use of highways, then that is revenue which should go to the state, and it should not be seized for Federal purposes.

Among the groups on record as against the 2 per cent tax are the American Bureau Federation, American Farm Automobile Association, National Automobile Chamber of Commerce, National Automobile Dealers Association, Motor Truck Association of America, Rubber Association of America, Inc., and the Motor and Accessory Mfg. Ass'n.

Illinois Automotive Trade Association—Annual meeting, March 1 and 2, 1926, Abraham Lincoln Hotel, Springfield.
National Automobile Chamber of Commerce—Convention, May 18 and 19, 1926, Detroit.
National Electric Light Association—49th convention and manufacturers exhibition, May 17 to 21, 1926, Young's Million Dollar Pier, Atlantic City, N. J.
North Carolina Automotive Trade Association—Annual convention, March 17 to 18, 1926, Robert E. Lee Hotel, Winston-Salem.
The Tire and Rim Association of America—Annual meeting, April 14, 1926, Hollenden Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio.
Texas Automotive Dealers Association—Annual convention, May 12 and 13, 1926, Galvez Hotel, Galveston, Texas.
United States Good Roads Association and the Bankhead National Highway Association—Annual convention, June 7 to 12, 1926, Santa Monica, Cal. J. A. Rountree, Dir. Gen'l., Maudmont, 3200 Cliff Rd., Birmingham, Ala.

S. A. E.

S. A. E.

New York City, February 18, 1926—The Outlook for Bus Transportation in New York City, F. Van Z. Lane; Motor Bus operation—Cities—Dean J. Locke; High Speed Motor Bus Operation—Inter-City—Alexander Shapiro.

Motor Bus Operation—Inter-City—Alexander Shapiro.

Chicago, February 19, 1926—Soothing the Internal Combustion Engine—Prof. Daniel

Roesch.
Milwaukee, Wis., March 3, 1926—Laboratory
Methods and Technique—F. Jehle.
Detroit, March 11, 1926—Speaker from the
Bureau of Standards.
Indiana Section, March 11, 1926—Bus Development Meeting.

COMING FEATURES OF CHILTON CLASS JOURNAL PUBLICATIONS

May, Automobile Trade Journal—Small Town Market Issue.

May 7, Motor Age—Sales and Service Reference Number.

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To Consolidate the Bus Industry

Permanent Bus Organization to be Formed. R. W. Sanborn Elected Chairman of Board

PRELIMINARY arrangements for permanent organization of the huge bus industry of the nation were completed at a meeting of the governing board of the bus division of the American Automobile Association. Ralph W. Sanborn, of Cleveland, was elected chairman of the board.

Practically the entire meeting was devoted to consideration of pending legislation for the regulation of buses operating in interstate commerce. The Cummins bill is now pending in the Senate, and Representative Parker, New York, chairman of the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce Committee, has introduced a similar bill in the House.

Both measures provide for control of interstate bus traffic by state public utilities commissions, under general direction of the Interstate Commerce Commission. The bills have the backing of the railroad interests. No date has been set for hearings on the bills in either branch of Congress, and there is little likelihood that they will be acted upon by the committees before the end of the month.

An official legislative committee was appointed by the bus division board to represent the bus interests in connection with the pending legislation. The new committee will replace the unofficial committee which represented the bus operators during early stages of the discussion. The committee is headed by S. A. Markel, of the Motor Bus Association of Virginia.

The board reviewed the Cummins bill and decided on several amendments to protect the interests of the bus operators. The amendments will be broadcast through state bus associations, and a conference will be held soon with railroad representatives to ascertain if an agreement can be reached before hearings begin at the Capitol.

New Mergers for Car and Foundry Co.

In completion of various mergers and reorganizations, the American Car & Foundry Co. itself or through its subsidiaries will be a manufacturer not only of steam and electric railway equipment, but also of motor buses, engines, wheels, carburetors and motor vehicle unit parts. Rumors that the company is negotiating for control of a large truck producer could not be confirmed.

American Car & Foundry will control the J. G. Brill Corp., organized to acquire the J. G. Brill Co., Philadelphia. The American Car & Foundry Motors Co., which controls the Hall-Scott Motors Co. of California and the Fageol Motors Co. of Ohio, will be controlled by the J. G. Brill Corp.

American Car & Foundry, in addition to the ownership of the Carter Carburetor Co., has made a cooperative agreement with the Dayton Wire Wheel Co. for manufacture of the Dayton steel spoke wheel. American Car & Foundry is also making motor boats.

Common stockholders of American Car & Foundry will be offered the right to subscribe to new J. G. Brill Corp. stock on the basis of two shares of Class A and one of Class B for each eight shares of Car & Foundry common held at \$122 per unit.

Vested With Authority Iowa Forms New Bus Rules

The Iowa State Railroad Commission has just put into force a number of new rules and regulations for the operation of motor buses on the highways of the state. The board has authority vested in them under a new law enacted at the last term of the legislature to formulate new rules as they see fit.

Among the new rules are the following: Must start operation of bus line within 30 days after permit issued.

Carry sufficient reserve equipment to maintain schedules.

Report to board interruption of service lasting more than 24 hours.

Minimum deposit of \$25.00 with each application to cover hearing. Failure to operate five consecutive

days cause for forfeiture of all rights.

File time tables with board 15 days prior to effective date.

Schedule changes in rates 30 days prior to effective date.

Vehicles having two or more cushioned tires taxed double.

Revocation of permit when taxes delinquent 60 days on the assumption owner of line not financially able to operate.

Speed limit of 30 miles for passenger vehicles and 20 for freight.

Two red flags and two red lights must be carried on each vehicle.

Gasoline tanks must be on outside of bus, and not filled while motor running.

No oil stoves permitted.

Passengers or drivers must not carry acids, explosives, or other dangerous articles.

No smoking.

Passengers must not talk to driver.

Bus line shall follow detours as prescribed by highway authorities.

Stewart-Warner Corp. Doubles Net Income

The Stewart - Warner Speedometer Corp. and subsidiary companies report net income, for the year ended Dec. 31, 1925, of \$7,544,089, as compared with \$3,501,107 in 1924. These figures are given in a preliminary report just made public here.

Earnings per share of common, based on 599,990 shares outstanding, are reported as \$12.57, against \$5.84 in 1924.

Southern Business Very Promising

1925 Sales Exceeded 1924 by 25 Percent. Popularity of Bus Largely
Responsible

M OTOR bus sales in the southeastern states during the past year exceeded by approximately 25 per cent the previous best year in the history of the district, which was 1924, according to information from distributors in the district. Furthermore, present indications promise an even better volume of business during the coming year, principally due to the widespread use of the motor bus now by electric traction companies in the larger southeastern cities, which have been the largest buyers of the motor bus in this section during the past year.

The second largest buyer of bus equipment in this section during 1925 was the independent operating companies, who added largely not only to the total number of buses in use, but have been gradually turning to a heavier type of bus of large carrying capacity. But mileage alone covered by independent companies in the Southeast is believed to have increased during the year approximately 25 to 30 percent, particularly in the Georgia, Florida and East Tennessee territory where there are bus lines now operating over all important highways.

Another big buyer during the year was the real estate operating companies in Florida, who are now operating a large type bus not only all over Florida, but in all of the southeastern states from Virginia to the Mississippi River, transporting prospective real estate buyers into Florida.

It is thought that traction companies will continue to be the leading bus buyer in this section during 1926, with independent companies second.

1924 Highway Building Cost \$1.11 Per Capita

The costs of maintaining the highways of the Nation during 1924 was \$1.11 per capita, according to financial statistics of the 48 state governments in 1924, just completed by the U. S. Bureau of the Census.

The total operating and maintenance for all the states amounted to \$1,001,-465,000, or \$9 per capita. Of this sum, \$123,308,000 was expended in maintaining the highways. Expressed another way, the figures show that for all the states, 12.3 per cent of the total expenditures was for highway operation and maintenance. This does not include new highway construction projects.

Incidentally, the assessed valuations of property in all the states, subject to general property taxes, amounted in 1924 to \$131,333,557,565, or a per capita of \$1.180.16.

THE

Selden Annual Truck Sales Motor Truck Industries, Inc., Doubled

During the year 1925, truck sales of the Selden Truck Corp., of Rochester, N. Y., showed an increase of 101 percent over sales in 1924.

In a statement, Mr. A. S. More, president of the company, says: "The Roadmaster, our 21/4-3 ton 6-cylinder speed truck, has been a big factor in producing our large increase in sales last year.

"In addition to the Selden speed models we will continue to manufacture heavyduty trucks ranging from two to seven tons capacity, with added improvements and refinements for 1926."

U. S. Motor Truck Co. Had Prosperous Year

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the U.S. Motor Truck Co., Charles L. Costello, who has been associated with the company for many years, was elected vice-president and general sales manager. Mr. Costello was originally associated with the Fisk Tire Co., and then became manager of the Citizens Motor Car Co., from which position he went to the U.S. Motor Truck Co.

The annual report of the officers shows that the company is in better condition than at any time in its career. Capital stock is \$1,750,000. The report of the export department shows that sales during 1925 were made in 20 foreign countries.

Highway Program Augurs Well for Road Equipment

The amount of money to be spent on maintenance of good roads and the additional sums authorized for the building of more highway mileage plus the steel buying for truck manufacturers augurs well for the hoist and dump manufacturers for 1926.

This is the belief of Frank Dewey, assistant general manager of the Wood Hydraulic Hoist & Body Company, who spoke to some 35 branch managers and distributors attending the annual convention at the Wood factory this week.

"Nineteen twenty-five exceeded 20 percent the best year in the history of the company," Mr. Dewey said, "and the outlook for 1926 with orders which have already been received forecasts an even better year.'

Stuebing and Cowan Truck Companies Merge

None of the lines now being manufactured in Holyoke, Mass. by the Cowan Truck Co. will be discontinued as a result of the merger of this company with the Stuebing Truck Co. of Cincinnati, it is stated by J. R. Harland, secretary and manager, who is now in charge of operations at the Holyoke plant. It is expected that the volume of output will be increased shortly as a result of taking over unfilled orders from the Cincinnati This will mean increasing the operating force at the Holyoke plant, it is thought.

to Meet at Timken-Detroit's Plant

The invitation of Colonel Fred Glover, president of the Timken-Detroit Axle Company, that the next meeting of Motor Truck Industries, Inc., be held at their offices was accepted.

The meeting will be held on Wednesday, February 24th, starting in the morning at nine o'clock. Two outstanding speakers, men who are at the head of large motor truck fleets, have been

N. S. P. A. Plans Road Activities

At the January meeting of the Board of Directors of the National Standard Parts Association, held at their headquarters in Detroit, January 29th, 1926, activities of a very broad and comprehensive scope were adopted which will add to the already established asset value of a membership in the association.

Chief among these are the promotion of a definite plan of group organization among the replacement jobbers throughout the country, whether N. S. P. A. members or not and the active co-operation of N. S. P. A. officers in organizing such groups.

Creating for the benefit of the jobber trade a standardized accounting, bookkeeping, and stock keeping system which can be operated by the jobber at a minimum of time and expense and the continued lending of the efforts of the association and its officers to the bettering of conditions in the replacement parts industry.

The Townsend Company, New Brighton, Pa., manufacturers of rivets, nails, wire and wire products, recently celebrated its one hundred and tenth anniversary. It has the prestige of being the oldest wire mill in America.

Buys Clydesdale Motor Truck Co.

The Clydesdale Motor Truck Co. plant at Clyde, Ohio, offered for sale on an order of the Federal District Court, was sold at auction by the Commerce Guardian Trust & Savings Bank, Toledo, Ohio, receivers, and was bought by H. Peltrowitz, of the Marine Metal Sup-

ply Co., New York.
"We are working on reorganization now," said Mr. Peltrowitz, "and expect to complete it soon. Meanwhile, we are operating the plant on a small scale for for service and parts, and parts' orders are being filled. We hope to begin manufacturing trucks in two or three

Mack Buses Show 159% Increase

Deliveries of Mack buses in 1925 increased 159 percent as compared with deliveries in 1924, and during the last six months of the year exactly 100 more buses were delivered than during the entire year of 1924.

Of the three models of buses manufactured by the company, the greatest demand was for the city type. Thirty-two percent of deliveries in 1925 were 29passenger city type, 15 percent were 25passenger city type, making a total of 47 percent as compared with 22 percent for parlor car buses and 8 percent for sedans. The balance was special units.

1925 India Tire Sales Increase 69.6 Per Cent

Net sales of the India Tire & Rubber Co. for 1925 were \$4,600,121.40, representing an increase of 69.6 per cent over 1924 business, according to President J. M. Alderfer.

Net earnings totaled \$471,476.38. Average profit on sales figured at 10.2 per cent.



District managers of Service Motors, Inc., Wabash, Ind., hold two-day conference District managers of Service Motors, Inc., Wabash, Ind., hold two-day conference Top row, left to right: W. E. Murphy, Purchasing Agent; C. H. Yetman, Manager New York Branch; E. H. Lowe, District Manager Dayton, Ohio; J. C. Mason, District Manager Lexington, Kentucky; D. F. Myers, Engineering Department; C. E. Stults, District Manager Washington, D. C.; E. M. Schrader, Manager Chicago Branch; S. E. Houston, Advertising Manager, G. T. Mahaney, District Manager, Fort Wayne, Indiana; and T. A. Walsh, District Manager, Terre Haute District. Second row: W. L. Manning, District Manager, Plttsburgh, Pa.; A. K. Taber, Treasury Department; LeRoy Alley, District Manager, Los Angeles, Calfornia; Henry Wolf, Central Region Manager; G. L. Gillam, Vice-President and General Manager. Third row: G. A. Lazear, District Manager, Newark, N. J.; Roy Packard, District Manager, South Bend, Indiana; Otto Thornberry, District Manager, Indianapolis, Indiana; C. J. Garber, Order Department; Aaron E. Bard, District Manager, St. Louis, Missouri; F. J. Shaw, District Manager, Syracuse, N. Y.; William J. Seitz, Distributor, Detroit, Michigan. Front row: G. A. Lytle, District Manager, Cleveland, Ohio; H. O. Denman, Plant Superintendent; R. G. Ivory, District Manager, Springfield, Illinois; S. G. Gross, District Manager, Thornberry, District Manager, Indianapolis, Indiana; J. P. Seitz, Distribut Manager, Baltimore, Maryland; E. A. Dennis, Sales Manager. Co. on ırt, rce Toby uption ect are for lers gin ree

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Any Size for Any Truck!





Rolled Steel Truck Wheels

BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, General Offices: BETHLEHEM, PA.

District Offices in the following cities:

New York

Philadelphia

Baltimore

Washington

Seattle Atlanta Buffalo

Pittsburgh

BETHLEHEM

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Personals

Charles H. Bauer succeeds W. H. Smith, resigned, as manager of the automotive jobber sales division of the L. H. Gilmer Company, Philadelphia.

Frank E. Bolway has been appointed sales manager of the distributor and dealer division of the Federal Motor Truck Co. He has for the past ten years been connected with the selling and organizing end of the truck business.

Claude S. Briggs has resigned from the Gotfredson Corp., which company he had entered some time ago, to develop a body building department.

R. Charles Brower has been promoted to the position of assistant to H. J. Porter, vicepresident in charge of sales of the Timken Roller Bearing Co.

Orville Coppock, sales manager of the Standard Motor Truck Company, will in the future be known as advertising and sales manager. J. F. Ohmansiek has been appointed district sales representative for the Middlewestern territory.

P. L. Emerson, vice-president in charge of sales for the Yellow Truck & Coach Mfg. Co., has been advanced to the presidency of the newly incorporated Yellow Mfg. Sales Corp. Personnel of the new corporation is as follows: Vice-president in charge of cab and Hertz car sales, H. T. Kessler; vice-president in charge of coach sales, H. E. Listman; secretary and treasurer, I. B. Babcock; assistant secretary, W. F. Fielder; assistant treasurer, E. J. Keilty.

William Fairhurst has been appointed sales manager of the Spicer Manufacturing Co.

M. H. Frank, division manager of the Wisconsin Power & Light Co., of Fond du Lac, Wis., was named president of the recently organized Wisconsin Motor Coach Association. Other officers of this association are: Harry G. Monger, first vice-president; L. C. Knapp, second vice-president; D. R. Fitzgerald, treasurer.

James L. Geddes, president of the former Kelly-Springfield Motor Truck Co., died recently at his home after a brief illness.

F. M. Germane, formerly connected with Gilliam Mfg. Co., has become president of the Bearings Company of America, Lancaster, Pa. His headquarters will be in Philadelphia.

Joseph B. Graham, president of Graham Brothers, has been made vice-president in charge of manufacturing for Dodge Brothers, Inc. A. Z. Mitchell has been made vice-president in charge of purchases.

H. L. Horning, president of the Waukesha Motor Company, has been elected president of the Motor & Accessory Manufacturers' Association. Other officers elected are: First vice-president, C. H. L. Finterman; second vice-president, E. B. Clark; third vice-president, M. A. Moynihan; treasurer, L. M. Wainwright; secretary and assistant treasurer, J. M. McComb.

C. C. Jamieson, a New York manufacturer, has been elected chairman of the American Bus & Truck Co., which recently purchased the plant of the Kelly Springfield Motor Truck Co. Board members are: H. E. Freeman, R. D. Scott, Walter Kutzleb and H. W. Torney.

John Joseph, formerly associated with the B. F. Goodrich Co., is now vice-president and general manager of the Cincinnati Rubber Mfg. Co.

R. W. Judson was re-elected president of the Continental Motors Corp. Other officers re-elected are: W. R. Angell, executive vicepresident; W. A. Frederick, vice-president in charge of engineering; R. M. Sloane, treasurer; T. M. Simpson, secretary.

Tire Manufacturers Reduce Prices 10%

President H. S. Firestone, of the Firestone Tire & Rubber Co., reduced by 10 per cent all Firestone tires and tubes. Dealers were notified that they would be protected against further possible price reductions on "spring stock" orders until July 1.

Mr. Firestone said he looked for a further decline in the crude market, which would be accompanied by more tire

Later reports announced that other manufacturers were preparing to revise their schedules.

White Co. Announces Chassis Improvements

A number of improvements and refinements in its special bus chassis, which hereafter will be known as the Model 50-B, supplanting Model 50-A, is announced by the White Co.

One of the more important changes is the installation of Westinghouse air brakes as standard equipment. This type of brake makes it possible to use metal-to-metal friction surfaces in the rear wheel brakes, which tends to eliminate trouble from heating.

Production at American Bus & Truck Co. Begins

Production of motor buses and commercial trucks started recently at the Kelly plant of the American Bus and Truck Co., Springfield, Ohio.

The American Bus and Truck Co. recently purchased the property from the Kelly-Springfield Motor Truck Co. at a receiver's sale.

Thermoid Issues New Trade Prices

The Thermoid Rubber Company of Trenton, N. J., have discontinued the consumer price list on brake lining, which has been in effect for more than twenty years and have adopted new trade or dealer list prices on Thermoid Hydraulic Compressed and Thermoid Interwoven Brake Lining.

Breaking Records With Splitdorf Magnetos

M. W. Bartlett, president of the Splitdorf Electrical Company, reports a steady increase in magneto business in all industries.

123 Per Cent Increase for Graham Brothers

Graham Brothers' increase in total truck shipments is from 70,791 in 1924 to 24,056 in 1925 from their four plants, Detroit, Evansville, Stockton and Toronto, a gain of 123 per cent.

Personals

C. S. Kegerreis, formerly connected with the Purdue University, has joined the Tillotson Manufacturing Co., where he will direct the new research department, which has been organized to study carburetion as it relates to the internal combustion engine.

Paul N. Lineberger, vice-president and sales manager of Rainier Trucks, Inc., has resigned and disposed of his interests in said company. He has accepted an appointment as eastern sales and export manager for the Maccar Truck Co., with headquarters at 4th Ave. and Warren Sts., Brooklyn.

M. G. Michaels has joined the sales force of the India Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio, working out of the New York branch.

Carter Miller, manager of advertising and sales promotion for the Timken Roller Bearing Co., recently died after an illness of a few days.

Paul Moore, general manager of the Garford Motor Truck Co., has been appointed to the motor truck committee of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. Other members of the committee are: Windsor T. White, David C. Fenner, M. L. Pulcher, David S. Ludlum, O. H. Browning and O. E. Stoll.

R. E. Olds, chairman of the Reo Motor Car Co., sailed recently for Africa. It is understood that he plans to look over rubber lands with the idea of purchasing a large tract for cultivation by an American organization.

Oscar F. Ostby, who will be remembered by his many friends in the motor truck industry by his former connection with the Prest-O-Lite Co., as general sales manager of the battery division of the same concern, has recently entered a new field. He is now vice-president and general sales manager of the Burnoil Oil Burner Corp., 56 West 45th St., New York City.

J. L. Price has resigned as president of the Bendix Brake Co., New York, but remains vice-president of the Bendix Corp., of which the first-named concern is a subsidiary. His successor is Vincent Bendix.

Granville P. Rogers has been appointed managing director of the National Council of Lighting Fixture Manufacturers.

E. H. Shepard has been appointed sales manager for the Rayfield carburetor division of the Beneke & Kropf Mfg. Co., with headquarters in Detroit.

G. M. Stadelman, president of the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., and first vice-president of the Rubber Association of America, died suddenly at his home.

Joseph O. Stokes, president of the Thermoid Rubber Co., recently died.

Starley Stowers has joined the New Era Spring & Specialty Co. as their New England sales manager. F. B. Geitz has joined the company as district sales manager in five states.

L. L. Tremper has resigned his position as head of the purchasing and manufacturing departments of the Indiana Truck Corp. He is succeeded by H. E. Blasingham.

C. N. Uhl has been appointed to direct the Transportation Division of the Braender Rubber & Tire Co.

A. W. Wiese will continue as manager of the Strom Division of the Marlin-Rockwell Corp., which has moved its Philadelphia office to 1211 Franklin Trust Bldg., 15th and Chestnut Sts.

Ernest Wooler has been appointed chief engineer of the Timken Roller Bearing Co. Other changes include the promotion of J. W. Spray, to manager of sales, automotive division, and E. W. Austin as assistant manager of sales, automotive division.

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WHEN HE'S HAPPY, SO'S HIS BOSS

THE driver of a Ross-equipped bus or truck likes his job—and hangs onto it. He appreciates the ease of handling and the sense of security that comes with the Ross Cam and Lever Steering Gear. Good drivers are hard to get—and harder to hold. Owners of Ross-equipped busses and trucks know why they have and hold the best drivers Many other advantages, too. Let us talk them over with you.

ROSS GEAR AND TOOL COMPANY . . Lafayette, Indiana



EASIER STEERING

LESS ROAD SHOCK

A Forward Step in the Wrench Industry

Since wrenches were first made by hand, and even up to very modern times, ordinary steel has always been used either hardened by tempering (in which case steel of high carbon content was used) or else a low carbon steel was used and the surface subsequently casehardened. This produced a wrench sufficiently hard and resistant for ordinary purpose, but where strength was necessary it was found that heavy sections must be used to produce rigidity and strength, and the natural consequent was a heavy, clumsy and bulky tool. Heavy construction, of course, represented a handicap when working at points not readily accessible. It restricted the use of the earlier wrench, and mechanics



found increasing demand for a thin, longnosed wrench for use in tight places.

The Bonney Forge & Tool Works recognizing this need set about determining what steels were best for thin section and enormous strength. It found that no steel alloy or combination of metals could approach in durability and strength the alloy produced by the use of chrome and vanadium. Hence, this alloy was chosen.

The design of the wrench—the pearshaped head, the polished nickel heads, the silver finished body, the decalcomania and the words "Chrome Vanadium" prominently featured where adopted by the Bonney Forge & Tool Works to make it easy to distinguish their product and to avoid confusing it with any wrenches which had been made before.

It was only after exhaustive research as to design, weight and accessibility that the company crystalized its efforts into the production of its new tool. The data secured involved not only the design, form and finish of the wrench, but information as to sizes of opening, depth of throat, angle at which the opening was set, the combination of openings and thickness of heads. All these and more points of information were made the subject of careful test and thorough investigation.

The line of C-V Chrome Vanadium Wrenches was the result.

The above facts relate to the development of the stock line of tools. Appreciation of the value of Chrome Vanadium soon began to become evident through requests from manufacturers and makers of machines all over the country for special wrenches which should have the Chrome Vanadium steel and its treatment incorporated. Customers wanted wrenches



Bonney wrenches are furnished for every purpose

to meet particular needs, wrenches with unusual shapes of handles, unusual combination of socket and open end, special designs of spanner and uncommon depths of throat. In each case, the peculiarity of design was met by special provisions and in all cases the C-V material properly treated produced results which far exceeded expectations. A line of socket wrenches was the next achievement.

Black & Decker Fleming Solid Tire Regroover

The Black & Decker Manufacturing Co. of Towson, Maryland, announce the new Fleming Solid Tire Regroover, which is operated by the Black & Decker Heavy Duty ¼ in. Drill.

The knife is "V" shape, giving the de-

sired form of groove, and is so guided that it always cuts to the same depth. Two sizes of knives are furnished, one cutting 1/2 in. depth of groove and the other 34 in. Curves, circles and sharp right angle turns can be made and the knife can be made to enter or leave the tread at any point at will.

Provision is made for quickly removing the knife for replacement or for sharpening. It requires but a moment to in-

sert a new knife when ever necessary.

The regroover is so designed that the knife receives 3000 impulses a minute. The power from the drill is transmitted through hardened steel spiral gears, packed in grease, with provision for lubricating the reciprocating parts.

This solid tire regrooving outfit sells to the trade for \$75 and consists of the following: Heavy duty ¼ in. electric drill, \$38; solid tire regroover with 3½ in. and 3% in. knives, \$37. Extra knives of either 1/2 in. or 3/4 in. depth can be furnished for 50 cents each.

Van Dual Pneumatic Wheel

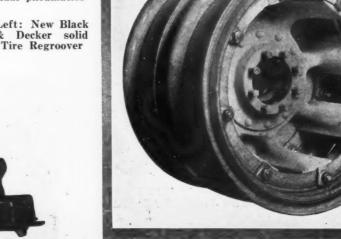
The Van Dual Wheel product of the Van Wheel Corp., Oneida, N. Y., and manufactured in the new Van Metal Wheel Division of the Erie Malleable Iron Company at Erie, Pa., is a departure from conventional type, in that it carries standard Firestone or Goodyear rims, and standard wood wheel hubs. Both rims are mounted on the old-style steel felloe bands formerly used for shrinking over The rear band is permawood felloes. nently riveted in place. The rim mounts on it and is bolted up the same as any single tire wheel. The front rim is mounted on a loose felloe band, split to provide proper gripping action. The felloe band drops over the front of the wheel, and is held in place by the same bolts and clamps which keep the rim in place. To take off the rear tire, the front eight nuts and clamps and the clamping ring are removed. The front rim and front steel felloe band then slide off, and the rear rim is removed the same as if it were on a single wheel. The rim bolt nuts for the rear rim can be tightened up while the front rim is in place.

Brake drum and rims are kept cool by radiation. Hot air is radiated through the hollow spokes, thus dissipating any

The Van Dual Wheel will be of interest not only to bus operators, but to truck manufacturers and owners desiring Dual Pneumatic tires instead of single pneumatics or solids.

Right: Special Bus Wheel for dual pneumatics

Left: New Black & Decker solid





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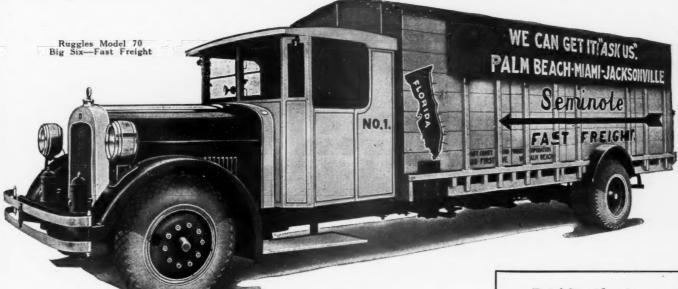
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Speed With Safety!



Built for rapid transportation of heavy as well as bulky loads, the new Ruggles Model 70 Fast Freight brings to the transportation world new possibilities for development of long distance hauling.

Forty miles an hour with a 5-ton load is now possible with safety.

With a frame height of only 22½ inches the body is unusually low hung for easy loading. A vertical, capstan power-winch in a separate compartment at forward end of body loads heavy freight without effort.

Extra wide four-man cab with two folding berths provides suitable ac-

commodations for truckmen on long trips. Long, massive frame and rugged construction permits an eighteen foot body without overhang. Proper balance and best possible distribution of weight insures safety at high speeds. Booster brake insures quick stops. These are only a few of the many features which will interest all truckmen.

Ruggles Motor Truck Company Saginaw, Michigan, U.S. A.

Brief Specifications

Wheel Base-236".

Over All-343".

Frame-Only 221/2" from ground.

Motor-105 horsepower, 6 cyl.

Rear Axle—Ruggles - Wisconsin double reduction.

Front Axle—Drop design, "l" beam construction.

Transmission—Four speeds forward and reverse.

Drive—Three-piece propeller shaft, straight line drive. Drive taken through specially designed radius rods.

Frame—Extra heavy, 8" 1-piece side members, five cross members and body outriggers, giving extra rigid body support.

Radiator—One-piece cast aluminum shell with removable cellular core. Capacity 14 gallons.

Brakes—Extra large brakes on rear wheels. Vacuum type Booster brake doubles foot pressure.

Springs-Chrome vanadium steel.

Tires — 34x7" pneumatics all around. Duals in rear.

Shock Absorbers — Gruss Transport Type air springs.

Tread—73½" front; 75¾" rear, between dual tires. Tread outside dual rear tires 85".

Turning Radius-35'.

Chassis Weight-6700 lbs. Spring pad allowance 13,000 lbs.

Write for literature and complete specifications

RUGGLES

A COMPLETE LINE OF "SIXES" AND "FOURS" FOR EVERY HAULING NEED

C. C. J. SHOP IDEAS

T HIS page is primarily designed to help service station repairmen in exacting economies in time, labor and money. Salesmen, however, can also profit by scanning over these practical hints. The average buyer of today is more conversant with the important details of truck operation and maintenance than ever before. A moneysaving idea will often result in a sale.

Commercial Car Journal will pay for each new idea which it accepts. Simply tell us exactly how it is done and send a rough pencil sketch showing clearly the method employed or the device used.

No. 49—Cleaning Rusty Rims

An old speedometer cable has been found to be a very useful bit of equipment for cleaning rusty rims. The cable is immersed in kerosene and drawn over the rim as illustrated. Three-foot lengths is recommended for this purpose.—Donald McClean, 15,706 Grovewood Ave. N. E., Cleveland, O.

No. 51-Holder for Light

The accompanying sketch shows an effective cage holder that will permit the attachment of an extension lamp at almost any point.

Bend 3/16 in. drill rod or steel iron as shown. The ends A and B are normally together so that when C and D are squeezed the ends are forced open permitting attachment to any projection fitting between the jaws.—F. J. Wilhelm, Wil-Lie Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, O.

No. 50-Straightening Rims

A ball-headed hammer ground to conform to the inside dimensions and curvature of the bead of a rim, may be effectively employed to restore a dented or partially collapsed rim bead to serviceable condition.

In reconditioning a rim a cross pein or riveting hammer will also serve as well as the reground ball pein type.

Another device satisfactory in straightening out rims is one which may be constructed from a piece of spring leaf. The leaf is hooked at one end as illustrated and is used by hooking under the bead and applying pressure at the lower end.—
J. M. Early, Toleta Garage, Toleta, Cal.

No. 52-Pick-Up Tool

The loss of a bolt, nut, pin or retainer in the base of a transmission, crankcase, differential or sod pan is often the cause of considerable effort in recovering. A ready means of recoverage is furnished by the device illustrated. It consists of a plain wooden handle fitted at one end with a small metal cup and at the other end with pronged wires. Either end may be used according to which end will meet the condition.

The prongs are arranged outwardly as shown. In use the cup tool is normally filled with heavy grease and the adherence of the part to the grease is the means of recovery. The other end may be used together with a rag in a swabbing fashion.—George A. Luers, Washington, D. C.

No. 45-Swabbing Out a Nut

First drain out the oil and remove the transmission plate. Then insert a large piece of rag, pulling it between the magneto supports as illustrated in the insert and cutout section of the accompanying illustrations. Slow rotation of the engine by means of starting crank will work rag around entire case. The object sought will be swabbed up and, when the revolution has been completed, can be picked off the rag.—Handy Garage Davenport, Iowa.

No. 47—Valve Crinding Equipment

A simple and effective valve grinder can be constructed from a section of an old spoke and the lower forked end of a Ford carburetor adjusting rod, as illustrated.

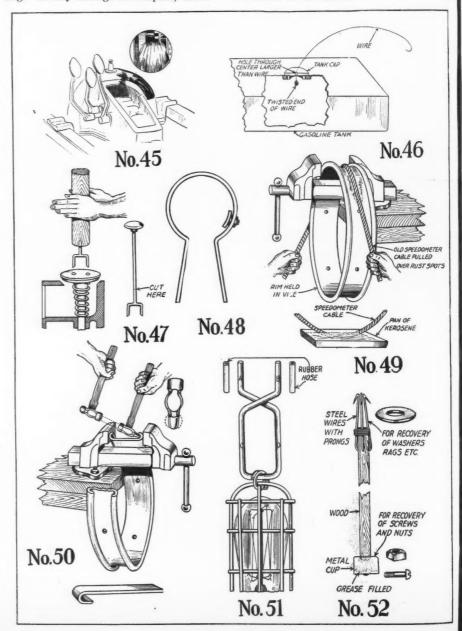
No. 48-Piston Groove Cleaner

By means of the device shown one or two quick revolutions around a piston will quickly clean piston ring grooves of practically all carbon deposits.

This device is constructed from a piston ring squeezer (Ford) and a contact segment from an old Ford timer.—R. M. Shelton, Plano, Tex.

No. 46-Securing the Tank Cap

To prevent loss of filler caps drill a small hole through the center of the cap or enlarge its air hole and insert one end of a piece of common iron wire through it. The wire should fit through the opening loosely. It is twisted at one end and fastened at the other.



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or the best names to give this man

HIS MAN is going to work for you. It's up to you to name him. We want a name something like "Profit Pete," because he is going to show you how to increase your profit by saving shop time in handling replacement parts;

or "Quality Cal," because he is going to show how you can be sure of quality in replacement parts; or "Tim True," because he stands for "accuracy first". A clever snappy name that suggests all of these ideas will win the money.

To the five persons who submit the best names we will give the following prizes: First \$100; second \$50; third \$25; fourth \$15; fifth \$10

Read contest rules below—then mail suggestions today!

Here are the conditions—Mail your suggestion on the coupon in this advertisement. Write or print plainly, and fill in your full name and address.

Contest closes at midnight March 1. All entries, to be eligible, must be post-marked not later than that date. In case of a tie the amount of the prize tied

for will be divided between the tying contestants. The decision of this company will be final. Contestants may submit as many names as desired, but no more than one name shall be submitted on the same coupon.

Additional coupons may be had on request. Write our Buffalo office mentioning this magazine.

request. Write our tioning this magazine.

Decisions will be made by officials of this company as soon as possible after the contest closes and announcement of the winning names will be made im-mediately thereafter.

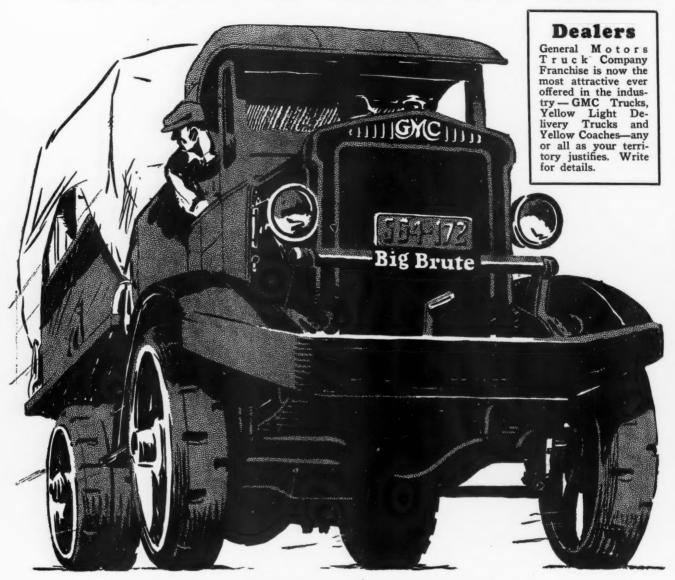
It is understood that the advertiser shall have the right to use the winning name in any way he sees fit.

KING QUALITY PRODUCTS, Inc. BUFFALO, N. Y

COUPON								
King Quality Products, Inc., Dep I suggest the following to	pt 'D, Buffalo, N. Y. name for your service man:							
Signed	Name of Company							
Address								

THE

A truck such as men



General Motors Contribution to American Industry

BORN of the combined engineering genius of 1,000 of the world's foremost engineers and fostered by the gigantic General Motors Corporation, with operations covering some 144 countries, resources running in the hundreds of millions of dollars and sales aggregating One Billion Dollars yearly, comes Big Brute—a truck such as the industrial world has never seen before.

exc Big Brute

have never seen before

BRUTE in name, power, in size. Brute in terrific stamina and tremendous endurance. Big Brute is built to stand impregnable against the most brutal requirements of man and industry.

Beautiful in its brutal ugliness, Big Brute looks what it is a Colossus among the Giants of modern transportation. With the operating ease of a lithe passenger vehicle: a Fisher-Built Cab to furnish driver's comfort unknown before, and mechanical improvements years beyond the ordinary conception of today, it stands to change the industrial motor transportation of the world.

A Truck Without "Bugs"

From its vast engineering experience, covering the production of over 4,849,485 passenger and commercial cars, during the last 25 years, General Motors Corporation has eliminated, in Big Brute, the vital weaknesses, the engineering mistakes, the structural flaws previously common among heavy duty trucks. Big Brute is a truck without "bugs." More than 71% of all motor vehicles made and sold by General Motors are now in active service.

The motor trucks of the entire world were studied by General

Motors engineers in developing Big Brute. It was learned why some trucks rendered but limited service. Why others surpassed them. Why some operated under nominal upkeep, while others were economic failures. One by one, these factors were met, analyzed and weighed. All mistakes of past years were corrected. A new standard in heavy transportation thus was set.

Sold Under GMAC Plan

Big Brute, like all other products of the General Motors Corporation, is offered under the liberal General Motors Acceptance Corporation Plan of deferred payments—the lowest cost under which any motor car or truck can be financed on time payments.

GENERAL MOTORS TRUCK
COMPANY
PONTIAC, MICH.

Products of

Yellow Truck and Coach Manufacturing Company

subsidiary of General Motors

GMC Big Brute, $3\frac{1}{2}$ and 5 ton trucks
GMC 1, $1\frac{1}{2}$ and $2\frac{1}{2}$ ton trucks
Yellow Cabs
Yellow Coaches
Yellow Light Delivery Trucks
Hertz Drivurself Cars
GMC 5 to 15 ton Tractors

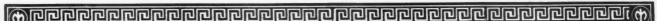
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Mack Parlor Car Bus



Mack Truck Chassis - Model A C



Mack City Bus



Mack Truck Chassis - Model A B

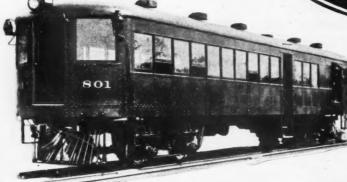
Facto One

Where performance counts your ultimate choice



Mack Fire Apparatus





Mack Rail Car

MACK TRUCKS, Inc.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR COMPANY
25 Broadway New York City

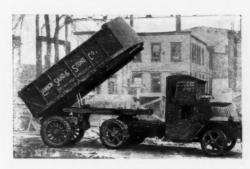


The Colonial Sand and Stone Co, of New York City use Heil Hoists and Steel Lined Wooden Bodies on all their new 5 ton Pierce-Arrow Trucks. Colonial needs sturdy bodies. They demand dependable hoists. Heil Dumps solved their problem. Fifty-three units went into service early in the season. These have been followed by forty more—a repeat order. "It pays to buy Quality."

GIVE 'EM HEIL for Service



Heil RSC Model 31 Dump Body mounted with a No. 5 Heil Hoist on a 4 ton Indiana truck. The body is 9'.0" long, 6'.0" tapered in width, 27" high, with a capacity of 4½ cubic yards. Note how heavily the body sides and tailgate are reinforced. Top hinges of tailgate and set back from rear end of body—this feature enables easy dumping of bulky loads.



Heil-equipped Trailer Dump with an SSC Dump Body and a Heil Hydro Hoist. The dump body has a rounded front end so that the tractor can easily turn at right angles. This body design throws the weight of the load forward on the tractor giving it maximum traction. These bodies are built in sizes up to 15 cubic yards in capacity.

THE FUELL CO.

1143 Montana Avenue

Milwaukee, Wis.

Factory Branches and Warehouses in Philadelphia and Chicago. One of our distributors is near you.

Address

Truck Dealers: Send in the coupon below for Bulletin 152. Indicate the trucks you are interested in. Mail the coupon today.



Send in this Coupon Today!

I would like to see Bulletin 152, which shows Heil equipment mounted on fifteen different trucks. This coupon will secure illustrated information for me without any obligation on my part whatsoever.

Name

City Truck





The greatest Speed Truck that will roll on wheels this year--

It is a 1-11/4 ton, low hung, 6 cylinder high speed truck that has:

- 40 miles an hour for the man that wants speed
- a full 1-14 ton capacity
- a sweet running six cylinder motor
- the weight and strength to keep it out of the one year class
- and complete equipment, everything from front bumper to rear fenders, ready for body and cab.

You won't know all that's new in Speed Trucks until you know about the Atterbury Speed Six. Send for complete specifications.

§ 1495

At Buffalo

ATTERBURY MOTOR CAR CO.

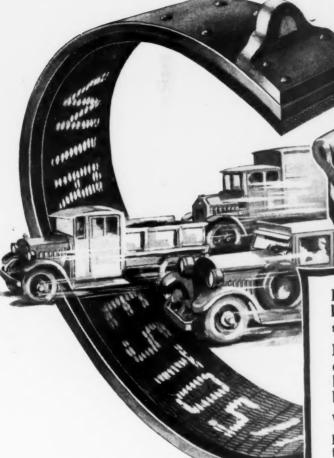
ESTABLISHED 1903

Elmwood Ave. at Hertel

Buffalo, N. Y.

Export Office: 615 Fisk Bldg., Broadway and 57th Sts., New York Also 1½-2, 2½-3, 3½-5, and 5-7 ton models.

ATTERBURY Speed 6



Passenger and Commercial Car owners keenly realize the necessity of a truly dependable, long wearing brake lining.

Motoring safety depends entirely on the driver's brakes. The efficiency of the brakes depends on the quality of the brake lining.

Wirebestos Brake Lining, because of its proven efficiency through comparative tests, is now insisted upon by many of the largest commercial car owners.

This compactly woven, highly dependable brake band fabric has justly been termed the "Inner Band of Safety"

Once Used—Forever Demanded

DURWYLLAN COMPANY, Inc.

Paterson

New Jersey

Crown of



Perfection

Products

Branches at Convenient Distributing Centers Kansas City, Mo. Coca Cola Bldg. Chicago Chicago, Ill. 2328 S. Michigan Ave.

N. S. Pittsburgh, Pa.
202 Martin Bldg., Federal St.
Atlanta, Ga.
416 Wynne-Claughton Bldg.

A Small Sample, for Comparison and Examination, Sent on Request



BRAKE LINING

遉鴐鴐鴐漞漞濥濥濥

Are You Buying Right?

Buda engines are built to give heavy duty service faithfully, day after day and year after year, in the hands of all kinds of operators. Because of simple and sturdy design, they can be quickly repaired by the average mechanic in the repair shop or in the field with minimum delay and cost. To produce such engines quality must always come ahead of price. To the manufacturer who uses them, Buda engines mean added permanence for his business, added satisfaction to his customers.

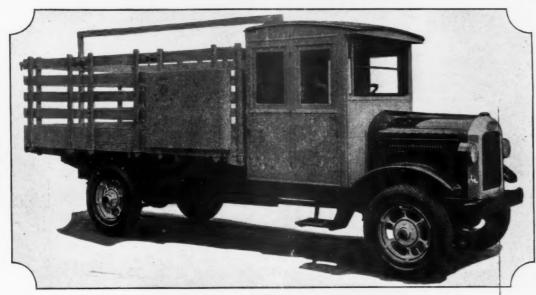
THE BUDA COMPANY, HARVEY SUBURB ILLINOIS ESTABLISHED 1881

Buy only genuine Buda Parts for your Buda engine



東海道斯坦斯河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河河

Complete Line of Greatest Truck Values







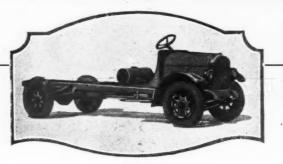
Standard and Fisher Trucks Made for Every Line of Business
BACKED BY 40 YEARS' EXPERIENCE MANUFACTURING HAULAGE UNITS
An Exceedingly Profitable Franchise for Aggressive Dealers

STANDARD MOTOR TRUCK CO.

DETROIT, MICH., U. S. A.









THESE five outstanding Lehigh selling advantages are offered by no other competitor. They are nowhere nearly approached.

The two-ton Lehigh ... weighs 25.6 lbs. per H.P. less than the average two-ton unit.

... Is stronger—Alloy steels are used in place of ordinary carbon steel. Steel castings in place of malleable iron.

... Has bigger brakes—with one square inch of braking resistance for every 7 1/5 lbs. of chassis weight.

... Speed-45 miles per hour.

... Costs \$1001 less than the average two-ton truck.

You could not ask for more, we could not afford to offer less. Write for our sales proposition.

Increased rubber prices necessitate an increase in the Lehigh price—from \$1695 to \$1795. Still far below the average.

The Lehigh Company

Allentown, Pa.



2-Ton 4-Cylinder Model



\$1795 f. o. b. Allentown





The Great and Growing Popularity of Fisk Transportation "Fillerless" Cords is Bringing Big Rewards to Fisk Dealers

Why not be one of the dealers to benefit from the real demand for this great new business tire?

Since its announcement only a few months ago large bus and truck fleets as well as smaller operators have changed to Fisk Transportation "Fillerless" Cords exclusively.

The large, continuous advertising for 1926 already is creating new users. Your opportunity to profit was never better. Write us now for full information on the Fisk Truck Tire Franchise.

The Fisk Tire Company, Inc.

Chicopee Falls

Massachusetts





Only in the

Gramm-Kincaid Truck do you find the new, advanced, standardized design of B. A. Gramm. The result—simplified service, a 25% saving....Remember! in no other unit, regardless of its name, are these new, cost reducing advantages available....



IF you desire this kind of owner enthusiasm about the truck you sell "I have used this four-tonner, equipped with special brick handling body, and it has given me a new conception of power. Delivered a load of 1500 bricks (approximately 9000 lbs.) in the Squirrel Hill district, Pittsburgh, but once did I use the second speed gear, everywhere else using third speed gear and high, not even a chance of using the lower range. I now believe that I've got the most powerful truck on the road!" (name on request). . . if this is the kind of advertising you believe will sell trucks in your territory write today, right now, for full details of our unusual sales proposition.

GRAMM & KINCAID MOTORS, Inc., LIMA, Ohio.

Watch for announcement of new Gramm-Kincaid bus.



Gramm & Kincaid Motor Trucks

MEMBER OF MOTOR TRUCK INDUSTRIES, INC., OF AMERICA



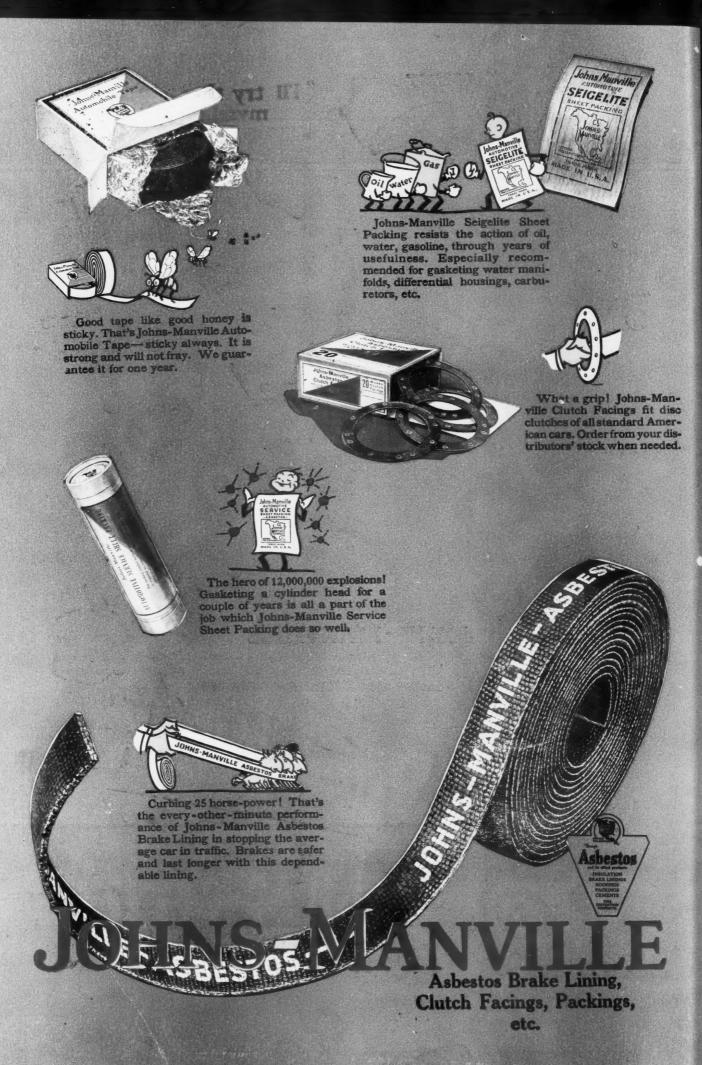
'll try that

a book you'll

NCE a month Johns-Manville issues a large handful of ideas to garagemen and dealers, between the covers of the "Hand Out." You will find many stories of success and short-cuts to profit in this publication whether your job is at the bench or in the office.

It is free to mechanics, garagemen and dealers.

THE HAND OUT



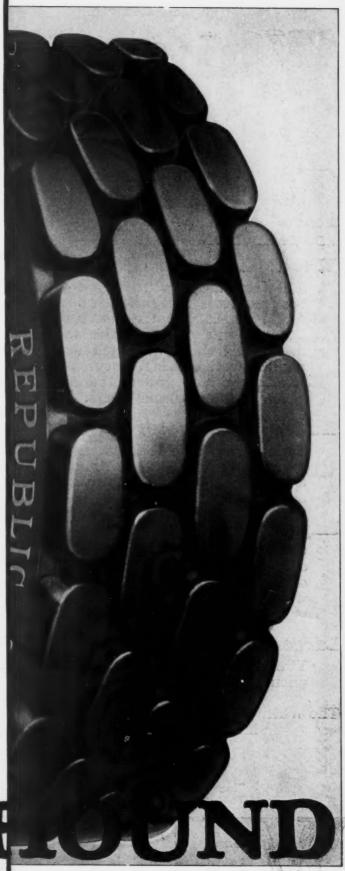


RESILIENCY TRACTION **MILEAGE SAFETY**

Base your selection of truck ires on one or all of these very essential factors. and, if your uided, as it should be, by the records of past perform~ ance your inevitable choice must be

REPUBLIC

TIRE & RUBBER CO. REPUBLIC DIVISION



THE

White Bus Chassis Model 50-B

THE White Bus Chassis Model 50-B is introduced to meet the changing conditions of passenger transportation.

Embodied in the Model 50-B Bus Chassis are a number of improvements and refinements including—

Westinghouse Air Brakes-

The installation of this type of air brake on rear axle makes it possible to use metal to metal friction surfaces which is the most effective way of dissipating the heat which accompanies severe braking. Insures effective brake control under all conditions and long life for brake liners.

An Improved Motor-

Various mechanical refinements have been made in the engine improving flexibility and smoothness of operation.

Improved Oiling System-

Oil pump capacity is increased to insure plentiful supply of oil to all parts of engine. Large area of fine mesh wire screen removes all dirt particles providing clean oil supply at all times.

Larger Tires-

Tire equipment consists of 34 x 7 pneumatic tires, duals in rear.

Improved Rear Axle-

Double bearings of taper roller type at wheel ends of spindles, with other refinements, designed to meet the most severe conditions of operation.

Stronger Frame-

The 10 inch frame with gusseted cross members provides ample strength and rigidity under all operating conditions.

Improved Radiator-

Heavy cast aluminum shell with removable core. Supported by new design of spherical seat and retained by springs in neat housings above radiator brackets.

Easier Steering-

New and sturdy design of steering gear makes easy steering.

Transmission-

Speed ratios specially adapted to bus operation.

The White Model 50-B Bus Chassis is built with the optional wheelbases of 198 or 230 inches to accommodate bodies seating from 25 to 29 passengers.

Write for full specifications and a booklet of facts about actual White Bus operations. We shall be glad to send them free.

THE WHITE COMPANY, Cleveland

WHITE BUSSES

MADE RIGHT - SOLD RIGHT - KEPT RIGHT

DURING 1925 sales of Gruss Air Springs increased 166% over those of the previous year. 10 manufacturers of trucks and buses have adopted Gruss as standard equipment. 6 others offer them as optional. Nearly 150 distributors and service stations located thruout the country are ready to give you instant service if you should need it.

Gruss Air Springs are manufactured and guaranteed by The Cleveland Pneumatic Tool Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

Distributors! A few desirable locations are open for the right men. Write or wire today.

GRUSS AIR SPRINGS

for Trucks, Buses Passenger Cars ~_





There are Two Ways to be Sure What a Brake Lining Will Do

ONE is to put it on the bus or truck and see. That's risky. The other is to make sure that the lining is marked "Thermoid." That's safe.

You don't have to investigate any deeper than that name. All the experiment, all the uncertainty, was taken out of Thermoid years ago. Where is the percentage of taking chances, when it costs no more to play safe? It pays to stick to Thermoid.

THERMOID RUBBER COMPANY, Factories and Main Offices, TRENTON, N. J.

Makers of Thermoid and Rexoid Transmission Lining, Thermoid-Hardy Universal Joints, Thermoid Radiator Hose and

Mechanical Rubber Goods





Give it the Toughest Jobs

THE man you sell a Hughes-Keenan Dump Body never needs to baby it. Give it the toughest jobs. Send it crashing over rough roads, dump it as fast as you like, work it day and night. It will outlast the truck that carries it.

For Hughes-Keenan Bodies are made with steel guts that stand the gaff of any job. Heavy steel plates electrically welded, fine cast steel gears to meet brutal strain—in every detail extra strength and endurance. They are made to deliver the utmost service per dollar of purchase price; no break-down, practically no wear-out, freedom from delay and trouble—that's sound, sensible economy.

For sales that stay sold, equip your trucks with Hughes-Keenan Dump Bodies.

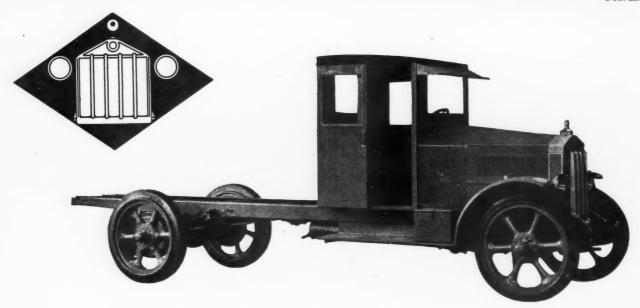
Write for the whole story.

A Complete Line of Dump Bodies

for all makes of light trucks—standard sizes to meet all requirements. Garbage, Gasoline and Oil Tank Bodies. Coal Dump Bodies with underbody hoists or Lift-Dump Hoists.

THE HUGHES-KEENAN CO., Box 21, MANSFIELD, OHIO

HUGHES-KEENAN Steel Truck Bodies



Ten Different Models— to meet every sales condition!

1926 is going to demand—more than ever—that you concentrate, letting go of all but the main issue. If you concentrate on the Buck line of trucks you will find the profit you get you KEEP. Buck engineering takes care of that.

With 10 different models, regardless of your trade's demands, you can take care of them. Ten models ranging from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{1}{2}$ tons. Six heavy-duty chassis equipped with 7-speed-forward-2-reversetransmission, three with 4-cylinder motors and three with 6-cylinder motors.

Four lighter and very speedy mod-

els, two with 4-cylinder motors and two with 6-cylinder motors.

Nationally - known units, engineered to the highest standards, make for economy of maintenance and act as a guard against undue free servicing.

The Buck franchise is backed by a vigorous policy of protection to its dealers. Buck Trucks are sold exclusively through its authorized dealers wherever dealers are available.

You are invited to let us put our proposition before you. No obligation.

The Buck Motor Truck Company Bellevue, Ohio, U. S. A.

BUCK TRUCKS

THE Februar

Yo

will Ex car be Pie

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You wouldn't do this-



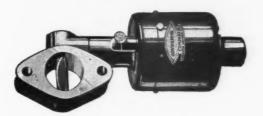
then why let your trucks?



You wouldn't jump off a cliff just for the fun of it, so why let your trucks run wild over city streets and country roads? Excessive speeds so dangerous to safe carrying, so injurious to truck life, can be easily and positively prevented with Pierce Governors. They breed a public confidence in the trucking service you

offer and at the same time insure low upkeep and longer truck life.

Over 150 manufacturers of motors, buses, trucks and power machinery are satisfied users of Pierce Governors. Their experience in effecting savings may be of interest. There's also some valuable data in free booklet No. 44. Ask for it!



The Pierce Governor Company

Anderson, Indiana

"World's Largest Governor Builders"

Pierce
Set the Most

Governors"

From Motors"

THE



"Buddy" Stewdit

¾ Ton Speed Truck \$895 chassis

To Dealers

Here is a rare opportunity to build sales volume quickly.
"Buddy" is an outstanding offering from a quality standpoint. It establishes a new price standard in the delivery truck field.
And "Buddy" is only one of the complete line of quality speed trucks which make the Stewart franchise a valuable asset. Write for particulars.

Other Models

4 and 6 Cylinder Motors

1 Ton Speed Truck 114 Ton Speed Truck 1½-2 Ton Speed Truck 2 Ton, 2½-3 Ton, 3½-4 Ton Also 18 and 25 Passenger Bus Chassis

All Prices f. o. b. Buffalo, plus tas

"Buddy" is not only a remarkable truck at the price, but a remarkable truck at any price.

It exactly meets light delivery needs in power, capacity, dependable service, long life, low operating cost, and still sells at a lower price than any truck of its size and quality.

It is all truck-not a converted passenger car, not a one-year truck but a truck built to last for years—as good looking as it is reliable.

"Buddy" has a SIX-CYLINDER 40 h. p. Continental motor, remarkable for its gasoline economy and freedom from vibration-it gives 18 to 22 miles to the gallon of gasoline.

Rear springs 50 inches long, 21/2 inches wide, 32 x 4 cord tires, insure easy riding comfort. Gemmer steering gear, large efficient brakes make it an easy truck to handle.

Think of the five inch frame, the big ten inch single plate clutch, the sturdy bevel axle. Timken bearings in front bevel axle. Timken bearings in front and rear axle insure long wear. Wheelbase, 118 inches, suitable for seven-foot

All the newest equipment - Zenith carburetor, electric lights and starter. Speedometer, oil gage and ammeter mounted on the dash under a glass panel.

Look it over, point for point, drive it and you will be convinced that "Buddy" is the greatest value on the American market.



STEWART MOTOR CORPORATION - Buffalo, N. Y., U. S. A. Export Branch: (Dept. 3) 90 West St., New York City

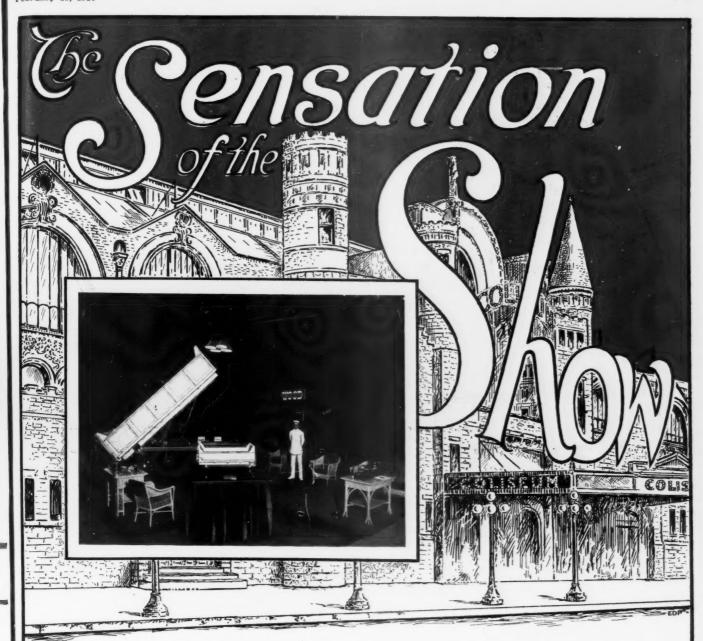
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Hydraulic Hoists and Steel Bodies

Factories:

DETROIT, MICHIGAN SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. WINDSOR, ONTARIO SOUTHPORT, ENGLAND PARIS, FRANCE

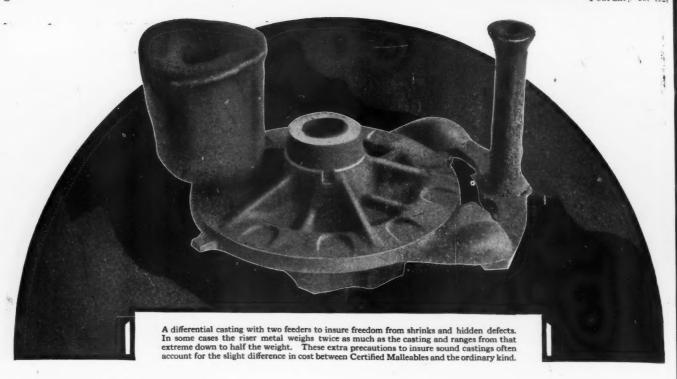
Did you get your copy of our new Hoist folder? It's different-Write for it. Our De Luxe Exhibit at the Good Roads Show was a message of appreciation to Truck Manufacturers and Truck Salesmen for their practical co-operation.

It was a sincere effort to visualize Wood ideals of design, workmanship and material which have won Wood products their outstanding position in the Hoist Industry. It demonstrated to practical road builders the simplicity of Wood Hydraulic Hoists as an indispensable factor in every good roads construction program.

Wood Hydraulic Hoist & Body Co.

World's Largest Builder of Hydraulic Hoists and Steel Dump Bodies
7944 Riopelle Street Detroit, Michigan

THE C



Certificate Holders for the Quarter Ending Sept. 30, 1925

Albany Malleal	ble Iron Co
Albion Malleab	ole Iron CoAlbion, Mich.
American Chair	n CoBridgeport, Cont.
American Malle	eable Castings Co
American Malle	eables Co Lancaster, N. Y. and Owosso, Mich.
Badger Malleni	ble & Mfg. CoSouth Milwaukee, Wis.
Baltimore Mali	leable Iron & Steel Casting Co Baltimore, Md.
Belle City Mal	Seable Iron Co
Chain Balt Co.	
Chicago Molles	able Castings Co
	leable Castings Co Columbia, Pa.
Columbia Mail	leable Iron Co., The
Denville Malle	able Iron Co
Dantas Malle	able Iron Co Dayton, O., Ironton, O., and Canton, O.
Dayton Maller	able Iron Co
Decatur Maner	o., Thomas
Devim Mig. C	able Iron Co., The Naugatuck Malleable Iron
Eastern Mailes	gatuck, Conn.; Bridgeport Malleable Iron Works, Bridgeport,
Conn.; Troy	Malleable Iron Works, Troy, N. Y.; Wilmington Malleable
Iron Works,	Wilmington, Del.; Vulcan Iron Works, New Britain, Conn.
Erie Malleable	Iron Co
Federal Mallea	ible Co
Fort Pitt Mall	eable Iron CoPittsburgh, Pa
	CoSyracuse, N. Y
	ic Co
Glancy Mallea	ble Corporation
Illinois Malleal	ble Iron Co
	e Iron CoFairfield, Is
Kalamaroo Me	alleable Iron Co
	oLaconia, N. H
Lakeside Malle	eable Castings Co
Link-Belt Co	Indianapolis, Ind
Marion Malles	able Iron Works
Moline Mallea	ble Iron CoSt. Charles, Il
National Malle	eable & Steel Castings Co
Cleveland, O	., Chicago, Ill., Indianapolis, Ind., Toledo, O., E. St. Louis, Il
Northern Mail	leable Iron CoSt. Paul, Minr
Northwestern	Malleable Iron Co
Peoria Malleal	ble Castings Co Peoria, Il
Dittabusch Ma	alleable Iron Co
Phode Island	Malleable Iron Works
Paraliford Mail	leable Iron Works
	Foundries, The
Ross-Meenan	leable Casting Co
St. Louis Mail	eable Iron Co
Saginaw Malic	rable Iron Co
Standard Mal	leable Castings CoTerre Haute, Inc.
Stowell Co., T	he South Milwaukee, Wi
Superior Steel	Castings Co
Symington Co	, The
Temple Malie	able Iron & Steel Co
Terre Haute B	Malleable & Mfg. Co Terre Haute, In
Trenton Malle	cable Iron Co., The Trenton, N.
Union Malleal	ble Iron Co., The E. Moline, I
	ileable Iron Co
Vermilion Ma	cable Castings Co
Wanner Malle	
Wanner Malle	& Forge Co
Wanner Malle	& Forge Co
Wanner Malle Warren Tool & Webster Mfg.	& Forge Co
Wanner Malle Warren Tool 6 Webster Mfg. Wisconsin Ma	& Forge Co

Plenty of Feeders and Risers Necessary to Produce Good Malleable Iron

To many persons "Feeders and Risers" are just technical foundry terms, not considered of vital importance in the purchase of Malleable Iron. Yet, the difference between good and poor malleables is often the difference between the adequate use and the skimping of Feeders and Risers.

Buyers of Certified Malleables can be reasonably sure that their castings will be sound and solid throughout, that they will be free from shrinks and hidden defects; that every casting will be malleable in fact as well as name.

For every foundry listed on this page is under the exacting metallurgical supervision of the association's consulting engineer:—a man who guards consumers' interests by insisting that certain high standards of quality and uniformity must be maintained.

Proper Risers and Feeders to prevent shrinks and hidden defects is just one of a dozen production items required by this "Sentinel of Science."

AMERICAN MALLEABLE CASTINGS ASSOCIATION UNION TRUST BUILDING CLEVELAND, OHIO





Dependability!

You must have it in your truck axles if you are to operate at a profit

EATON builds dependability into every inch of every axle that is produced at the Eaton plant. Unusual care in design and manufacture, and minute inspection of materials and parts assure a finished product that never fails when put to its job.

You'll like the brutal strength of Eaton Axles—strength to carry the load easily and to withstand the stiffest road shocks. And you'll like the ability of Eaton Axles to transmit the power smoothly at any speed.

Such characteristics—the result of Eaton's engineering skill and careful workmanship—have given Eaton Axles their wonderful record for year-in, year-out dependability on many of America's finest motor vehicles.

Insist on Eaton Axles for all your trucks. They'll save many expensive delays and heavy repair cost.

THE EATON AXLE & SPRING COMPANY
Cleveland, Ohio

The Eaton Organization also produces the famous Eaton Bumpers and Eaton Springs

EATON

Unaffected by Giant Road Blows

CPRING-PERCH Springs are nearly 80 years — and knows how. made from rigidly tested alloy
steels. Under thermostatic pyrompension for your new trucks or

eter control, specially designed furnaces harden and temper these high-grade steels the Spring-Perch way.

Our organization has been making springs for

buses let us give you the benefit of our wealth of experience in solving your spring problems. entails no obligation on your part. Send us your specifications.

Clarence F. Tollzien Direct factory representative for Michigan and Ohio Office: 5-251 General Motors Building, Detroit, Mich.

Telephone-Empire 7298 Detroit

SPRING-PERCH COMPANY

Makers of Springs Since 1843

STRATFORD

CONNECTICUT

FACT

AL

St.Paul VERTICAL AND UNDERBODY HYDRAULIC HOISTS



A fleet of 6 Hug trucks equipped with St. Paul Light Duty underbody Hydraulic Hoists to build good roads in Florida

All hoists are good hoists—

But only in St. Paul Hydraulic Hoists will you find a combination of Hydraulic and mechanical principles which make a hoist ideally suited to universal application.

St. Paul Hoists are so designed that they do not crawl on the chassis frame and they do not impose any strain on the frame other than one of direct lift.

Most important, however, is the fact that St. Paul Underbody Hoists lift the load ahead of the load center, thereby requiring less power.

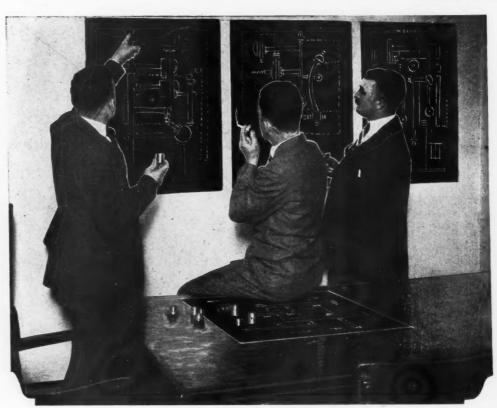
Make sure your next Hoist is a St. Paul

HYDRAULIC HOIST MANUFACTURING CO.

FACTORIES at St. Paul, Minnesota

DISTRIBUTORS and SERVICE STATIONS Everywhere

Write for Name and Address of One Nearest You



Car Builders' Specifications Tell the Story

THE motor car owner rightfully expects a replacement part of equal quality to the part originally installed by the Car Builder.

When Johnson Bushings are installed his interests have been safe-guarded, because Johnson Bushings are standard factory specifications on many of the finest motor cars, trucks, motorcycles and aeroplanes.

And we guarantee that Johnson Bushings are of equal quality or better than the bushings they replace.

When you consider that the bushing cost is but a small item in the repair bill, isn't it good policy to sell your dealers the very best bushings that money can buy?



JOHNSON
STANDARD QUALITY
BUSHINGS

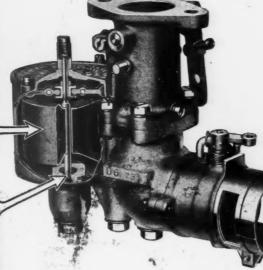
JOHNSON BRONZE CO.

New Castle, Pa.

7ENITH

The Zenith Float Mechanism and the Tests







(Upper) Zenith floats being weighed. A variance of one gram—1-28 of an ounce—from the specified weight causes them to be scrapped.

(Lower) Zenith needle points being inspected under a microscope which magnifies 144 diameters. This inspection discloses any imperfections however minute, which may remain after grinding.



There is a Zenith, tested and proven, for every motor.

With such modern instruments and such rigid inspection to guard the gas flow, a Zenith must be frugal—it is no wonder it is known as the economy carburetor.

And yet the speediest and most powerful engines are Zenith-equipped.

ZENITH-DETROIT CORPORATION

Manufacturer of

ZENITH CARBURETORS

DETROIT

Branches:

MICHIGAN

NEW YORK

CLEVELAND

CHICAGO

Over 1200 Service Stations

THE Febru



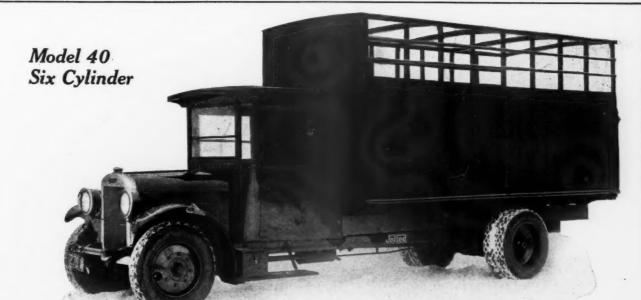
Goodrich Semi-Pneumatics inspire confidence in the look of them An experienced truck operator foresees their broader working range, their practical anti-skid and the cushioning feature But performance rendered in terms of profit clinches conviction Truck owners have found that they pay, and they say so Ask a Goodrich Distributor to show you their letters.

To round out economical and efficient service in the operation of trucks and buses, Goodrich provides the famous De Luxe solid smooth type, Goodrich Semi-Pneumatics and Goodrich Silvertown Heavy Duty Cords.

THE B. F. GOODRICH RUBBER COMPANY, Akron, Ohio
In Canada: Canadian Goodrich Company, Ltd., Kitchener

Goodfich "BEST IN THE LONG RUN"

Oemi-Pneumatic Truck Tire



United

TWENTY-FIVE INCHES
From Load to Road

Which Means:

Easier loading.
Better load distribution.
Easier riding.
Better brake action.
Less side-sway.
Less skidding.
Longer life to chassis.

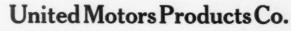
All of Which Mean:

Quicker, safer and cheaper transportation.

The United Model 40 is a six cylinder powerful, fast and dependable motor truck, especially adapted to cross country hauling.

It can be furnished in any required wheelbase. It has United quality built in, from radiator to rear axle.

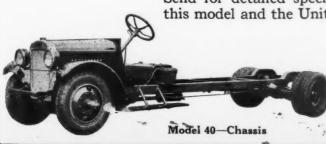
Send for detailed specifications and dealer information on this model and the United complete line.



Grand Rapids

Michigan

"Quality transportation units since 1910"





Splitdorf equipped

THE Globe Ice Cream Company, Los Angeles, in commenting on its fleet of more than twenty Garford trucks, said: "At the present day one of these trucks has traveled 16,000 miles and has never yet caused trouble or delay in the delivery schedule or broken down on the road. The Globe Ice Cream Company has never had to tow in one of these trucks as yet, nor has anyone else had to tow them in."

The record of this fleet of trucks, every one of which is equipped with Splitdorf Magneto Ignition, is indicative of the extreme DEPENDABILITY that Splitdorf Ignition insures in the day-in and day-out operation of trucks, buses, and tractors.

The Splitdorf Model SS Magneto which is regular equipment on Garford trucks

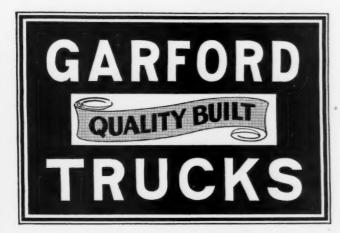
SPLITDORF ELECTRICAL COMPANY

392 High Street

Newark, N. J.

Subsidiary of
Splitdorf-Bethlehem Electrical Company





Increasing Profits!

Approximately four hundred ninety-two thousand commercial vehicles were produced in 1925. Steady increases are anticipated for 1926 and 1927. The owners, in greater numbers as each year goes on, are buying on a more intelligent basis. They are seeking units that will earn money for them and do it over a long period of time. To accomplish this, operating and maintenance expenses must be reduced. Garford has concentrated their efforts in producing motor trucks ranging in size from one to five tons, and motor buses of seventeen to thirty passengers capacity, that will stay out on the road—where they can earn, for only can a greater measure of economy be put into a commercial vehicle through the ceaseless effort to produce units—"Quality Built."

Write or wire for details of a franchise that will increase your profits

THE GARFORD MOTOR TRUCK COMPANY
709 WAPAK ROAD LIMA, OHIO



credit.

FREE: Something to help you make greater profit selling tires. A real money making idea. Read details below. Find out about this . . . today.

A"Red Hot" Opportunity plus -these 3 big advantages

A new sales policy... a special demonstration proposition . . sound financial strength. This tells how to make profits double those you now get. Read details here:

By RAY H. PADDOCK

ERE'S a tire—a truck and bus cord—that we actually help you sell! And you make just double your normal profit.

There's a Bus or Truck Fleet account that you'd like to get. This gives you a new chance - to land that business.

Because today, you can demonstrate this tire without obligation to them or risk to yourself.

Don't worry about capital!

You don't have to worry about money or limited finance on this proposition! If conditions are rightthe prospect is right-we make

By frictioning process with heavy steel calenders, rubber is driven through the fabric-completely impregnated. Double breaker-double cushion-covered with the

most costly tread we ever put on an automobile tire! The 36 x 6 weighs 71 lbs. without flap or wrapper.

Compare this in weight—in size, appearance and durability with any tire you've ever handled. And remember:

You can't get mileage out of a tire by writing it in . . . you've got to build it in.

Act on this . . . TODAY.

Through concentration on volume,



MURRAY RUBBER COMPANY, Trenton, N. J.

The Contractor's Choice

The work of the average excavating contractor affords a most exacting test of any motor truck. Necessity of operating under difficult conditions, seldom encountered by trucks traveling beaten paths, calls for transportation equipment of exceptional power and capacity.

It is therefore a tribute to the merit of SCHACHT TEN SPEED TRUCKS that so many prominent contractors have chosen SCHACHT fleets to handle their most strenuous work.

Many important and exclusive features of SCHACHT TEN SPEED TRUCKS are responsible for this preference. Unusual durability, ample reserve of power, Ten Speed transmission giving both flexible and fast handling are only a few of the important advantages which insure increased earning capacity.

From 1 to 71/2 ton capacity. Folder C will bring facts and figures of interest to every truck distributor.

The G. A. Schacht Motor Truck Company

"Pioneers in Motor Transportation" Cincinnati, Ohio

Below:

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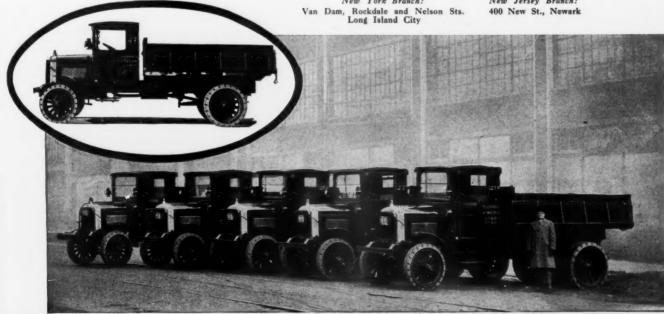
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K

This fleet of SCHACHT TEN SPEED, 7½ ton, dump body trucks is owned and operated by Otto Civil, New York subway contractor.



New Jersey Branch:



THE COMMERCIAL CAR JOURNAL February 15, 1926

WHERE DUPLEX SERVES IT SAVES

Owner Experiences Govern Dealer Measurements of Duplex Values

The Duplex "Four Wheel Drive" was the first super-powered motor truck, and it is still first.

One owner writes, "We had to have a truck that would climb 3000 feet in five miles. The fact that we purchased five Duplex 'Four Wheel Drive' should convince anyone what we think of them.

"We believe that this is the most powerful truck built today, and can honestly recommend it where extraordinary power and performance are required."

A page from any Duplex owner's diary contains sufficient evidence to convince dealers who want a reliable line that Duplex has untold merit.

Manufacturers of

Rear Drive Motor Trucks of 1, 1½, 2 and 3 ton capacity. Also the famous 3½ ton "Four Wheel Drive Truck."

DUPLEX TRUCK COMPANY . LA

LANSING MICHIGAN

TONG

Long Radiators are performing satisfac-torily on the Reaper-Thresher of the International Harvester Co. THE LONG MANUFACTURING **COMPANY** DETROIT MICHIGAN

LONG PRODUCTS . AUTOMOTIVE CLUTCHES and RADIATORS

THE Febru



For average conditions the bus with a capacity of 15 to 20 passengers can be operated most profitably

PROFITABLE operation of motor busses depends largely upon two things: first, the selection of equipment with the proper capacity and second, upon the mechanical characteristics of the bus and its power plant.

Experience has demonstrated that, for average conditions, the bus of medium capacity (about 20 passengers) will give the best fare return on the investment.

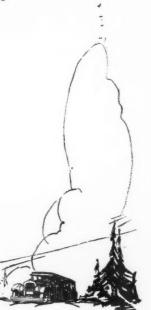
In Bus Models 80 and 81, the Republic Motor Truck Company combines this ideal average capacity with the results of long experience and thorough study of bus requirements.

The execution of every detail is evidence of this experience and knowledge which is further demonstrated in the use of Lycoming Motors for both models.

LYCOMING MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Makers of Fine Fours, Sixes and Eights-in-Line
WILLIAMSPORT :: PENNSYLVANIA

LYCOMING Motors

Years Ahead in Automobile Motor Efficiency



TIMKEN



333 Timken-equipped busses for Newark, N. J.

The largest single bus order ever placed

The Public Service Railway Company of Newark, N. J., has placed with the Yellow Truck & Coach Manufacturing Company, of Chicago, an order for 333 single-deck, dual-drive gas-electric busses. This represents an expenditure of over \$3,000,000 and, so far as can be determined, is the largest individual order ever placed for motor busses.

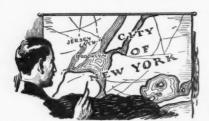
Each of the vehicles will be equipped front and rear with Timken Axles, specially designed and built for Yellow Coaches.

The selection of axles was based on the simplicity and dependability of the worm drive principle, plus Timken painstaking workmanship.



TIMKEN-DETROIT AXLE CO., DETROIT, MICH.

AXLES



Walker Facts for Truck Dealers

¶Walker Electric Trucks are made by one of the six oldest and leading truck companies. No truck outranks the Walker in quality or earning capacity on city routes. It gives ten to twenty years of profitable service—has an astonishing record of reliability in all weathers and under all city traffic conditions. It enables the owner to organize his city route deliveries and adhere strictly to schedule without maintaining a large margin of substitute equipment and its attendant maintenance and garage costs.

¶In final cost, Walkers are a highly profitable investment. Snow and blizzards do not stop them. They never overheat in summer. Their mileage exceeds practically all city route requirements. They climb the hills of San Francisco as easily as they negotiate the streets of New York. They require almost no outlay and trouble for emergency repairs and maintenance. Extra thousands of tire miles. Easy to handle and drive. Silent and clean. Enable drivers to dress and function as salesmen. Plenty of speed for all city conditions—quick pick-up makes them fastest in congested traffic. Cover many-stop routes more rapidly than gasoline or horse equipment.

¶Mechanically the Walker Electric is simply a compact and powerful electric motor mounted in the center line of the rear axle and meshing with balanced idler gears that rotate in oil, meshing with the inner rim of either rear wheel. Only nine moving parts, all rotating—a simpler, more compact, more durable and satisfactory motor drive.

¶Beautiful and exclusive body designs complete the effect of quality. A fleet of clean, silent Walkers are prestige-building posters that advertise the business to an enormous circulation monthly.

¶Manufactured by a company which enjoys a high reputation for well financed stability and prompt service.

¶ An overwhelming percentage of all that have bought one Walker truck have reordered, some as many as 89 times. Multimillion dollar Walker fleets are operated by several users. And a complete list of Walker owners reads like a "Blue Book" of American business.

¶ There are still some good dealerships open for dealers who can qualify. Write us for specific information.

Abraham & Straus, Inc., of Brooklyn, placed an initial order in 1923 for 28 1-ton Walkers for parcel delivery



Walker Dealers Get Many Repeat Orders

Looking beyond the appeal of low first cost—and applying sound accounting that includes every expense factor—hundreds of the best known concerns in America have proved to their own satisfaction that they want more and more Walker Electric Trucks.

Walkers maintain their delivery schedule the year round, making substitute trucks superfluous and enabling each truck, each route and each man to earn more profits; that's why Walker dealers build profitable repeat business.

WALKER VEHICLE COMPANY

Leading Manufacturer of Electric Street Trucks
CHICAGO

WALKER ELECTRIC TRUCKS

LOWEST TRUCKING COST ON CITY ROUTES !



Above, the fleet of the Wagner Baking Co., Detroit, Mich. Fainir Ball Bearings used for replacements.



Single row radial, the standard bearing for automotive Service



Double row radial, for carrying additional radial load without enlarging the bearing diameter



Single row radial thrust, for radial load as well as end thrust



Double row radial thrust, carries both heavy radial and thrust loads



Below, the trucks of the United Fuel and Supply Co., Detroit, Mich. Fafnirs used for replacements.

Truck builders prefer Fafnir— Let their experience guide you in bearing replacements

Builders of trucks know ball bearings. They have again and again compared, tested and even abused them to see what particular make of bearing can always be relied on to give service in keeping with the high quality of their trucks.

And the fact that so many of the leading manufacturers are using Fafnirs is a most convincing reason why it will pay you, also, to standardize on Fafnirs for replacements. Only in this way can you be sure of the dependable transportation

which the truck maker intended you should have.

Furthermore, you can obtain Fafnir bearings without delay. Fafnir distributors are accessibly located in all parts of the country. They carry a complete stock of replacements—a bearing for your every replacement need.

THE FAFNIR BEARING CO.

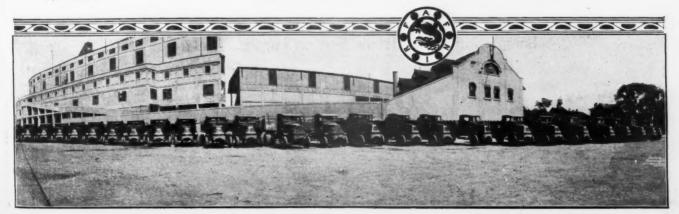
Makers of high grade ball bearings—the most complete line of types and sizes in America

NEW BRITAIN, CONN.

Chicago Cleveland

Newark Detroit

FAFNIR BALL BEARINGS



Use the Motor Transport Standard Cost System

It will enable you to get accurate information concerning the operation of your trucks.

It will give you a thorough check-up on your drivers and show who among them are careless or inefficient.

It will show whether or not you are getting the service from your trucks which you have a right to expect.

It will help you ascertain just how profitable is your truck installation.

There is nothing complicated or difficult about the Motor Transport Standard Cost System. On the contrary, it is very simple. There are but two forms to be used—a driver's daily route card and a monthly summary sheet. The information recorded on them tells you what you need to know about the operation of your trucks.

consists of

500 Driver's Cards The complete system 60 Monthly Summary Sheets 1 Complete Instruction Book 1 Binder

The Price is Only \$950

Sample forms and details sent on request. Address:

Chilton Class Journal Company

Chestnut and 56th Streets

Philadelphia

STRENGTH-LIGHT WEIGHT-DURABILITY



Maccar uses DAYTONS

Maccar, "The Truck of Continuous Service" uses Dayton Steel Wheels.

Like the Maccar Truck, Dayton Steel Wheels are built to give continuous service. Day after day, year after year, Dayton Steel Wheels meet the most exacting requirements of heavy duty truck service.

The records of prominent fleet owners show that Dayton Steel Wheels increase the life and the earning capacity of their trucks. That's why nearly all the leading truck manufacturers use Dayton Steel Wheels. Specify them on your next order.

THE DAYTON STEEL FOUNDRY COMPANY, Dayton, Ohio

Dayton Steel Truck Wheels

TIRE ECONOMY-ACCESSIBILITY-APPEARANCE

Indestructible Steel Wheel

What is Expected of a Dual Pneumatic Wheel?

Service, Safety and Speed!

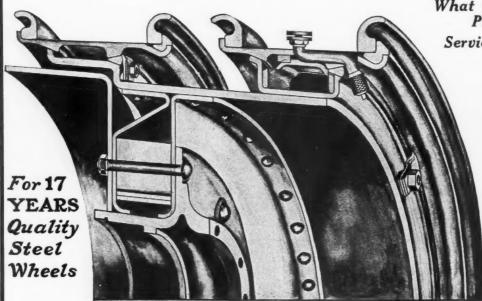
INDESTRUCTIBLE DUAL PNEUMATIC WHEELS will give your customer increased tire mileage, improved appearance and very important, PERMANENT WHEEL ALIGNMENT AND CON-CENTRICITY.

SAFETY is incorporated to a greater degree in INDESTRUCTIBLE DUAL PNEUMATIC WHEELS by a substantial and durable wheel. A wheel that reduces wear and tear on bearings by its permanent positive align-

SPEED is obtained wherever used, from the assembly line to the road, as all parts are standard and interchangeable with present wheel equipment. Such as standard rims, clamps, bolts, inflation equipment, hubs, hub bolts and brake drums.

Write us for detailed specifi-cations on Indestructible Wheels for your truck models.

> Steel Wheels for All Automotive Purposes



Manufactured by INDESTRUCTIBLE WHEEL COMPANY LEBANON, INDIANA, U.S.A. WHEELS THAT STAND THE TEST

Jacks for All Types of Busses and Trucks

EQUIPPED WITH PNEUMATIC TIRES

The No. 18 DOUBLE-LIFT JACK

FOR BUSSES WITH LOW OVERHANGING BODIES

The modern bus must have a jack with a very low starting height in order to go under the axle when a tire is deflated. The handle of the jack must operate with a rotary motion (in order to avoid the low bus body) and be long enough so that the jack can be pushed into place and operated from behind the bus. Notice how the following features of the No. 18 meet these requirements:

Elite Manufacturing Company

quirements:

lst. Low starting
height, 7 in.
2nd. Lift of 9 in.
Total height, 16 in.
3rd. Long folding
handle equipped with handle equipped with semi-universal joint which gives all the advantages of a universal joint but is rigid enough to place the jack in position. 4th. Both scr.ws work together, twice as fast as ord in ary isole.

jacks.
Specifications No. 18.
Weight, 19 lbs. Lift,
5 tons. Height of Jack,
7" to 16". S c r e w
Diam.: Outer, 17%";
Inner, 114".

The No. 12 DOUBLE-LIFT JACK

FOR HEAVY TRUCKS WITH PNEUMATIC TIRES

The axles on such trucks come close to the ground when a tire is flat, thus necessitating the use of a jack with a low starting height. The 10 inch lift of the No. 12 Reliable insures ample clearance for changing a tire.

Since the bodies of trucks are high, the operator can in sert any length handle desired in the socket of this jack.

This jack operates on the same principle as the No. 18 Bus Jack. The double-acting screws working to-gether result in an unusually rapid jack.

Specifications No. 12. Weight, 17 lbs. Lift, 5 tons. Height of jack, 8" to 18". Screw Diam.; Outer, 17%"; Inner, 114".

We will be glad to furnish prices and ad-ditional information upon request.

There is a sturdy Reliable Jack for every size car, bus and truck.

(Dept. C. C.-2)

Ashland, Ohio

RELIABLE JACKS



THERE is no doubt that if a quality article and a cheap article were human beings, on your payroll, working side by side, and you saw by comparison the big difference in results, you would quickly fire the cheap article—for you would then clearly see that cheapness is expensive at any price!

THE MATHER SPRING COMPANY, TOLEDO, OHIO

Makers of scientifically heat-treated springs for the leading passenger car and truck manufacturers in America and Europe.

Selling a Cab with each Chassis is EASY—on this basis!

If you want to see how easy it is to sell a cab with practically every chassis, try talking along these lines—

Truck operators know they are losing money unless their trucks keep running on schedule, good weather or bad. Delivery requirements take no heed of weather.

Rain or Shine Cabs keep trucks moving by lessening accidents and increasing driver efficiency in bad weather. "Keep 'em running" is a mighty good sales argument. Use it for profit on Rain or Shine Cabs.

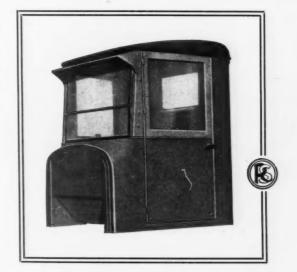
Stocks of Rain or Shine Cabs always "within-a-day" of most dealers. No stock investment. You merely make the sale—then order the cab.

Write today for the Rain or Shine Cab sales proposition.

General Woodwork Corp.

Cincinnati, Ohio

General Motor Coach and Body Division



RAIN OR SHINE CABS

THE C



There is more than just "money profit" for you in selling the Original Bosch Horn

The progressive automotive merchant is constantly on the watch for quality products that will net him good profits and, at the same time, help him build up a quality reputation in his community.

That is why dealers everywhere have been quick to receive the Robert Bosch Horn and to offer it to their trade.

The Robert Bosch Horn (an original Bosch product), is already on thousands of fine motor cars. The musical, penetrating tone of this new high-frequency warning signal compels attention whether in crowded thoroughfares or on far-flung country roads.

It is suited, alike, to fine motor cars, motor busses, commercial cars, taxicabs and motor boats. Write for price schedules and agency details

for selling Robert Bosch Automotive Equipment.



Original Bosch Automotive Equipment is identified by the trade mark shown above and the full name, "Robert Bosch." Be sure to specify "Robert Bosch when ordering. Only then can you be sure of getting original and genuine Bosch quality as known the world over since 1887.

RobertBoschMagnetoCo., Inc. (Otto Heins, President), 119c West 64th Street, New York, N.Y. Chicago Branch: 1302 South Wabash Avenue.

N	EW	PI	RICES			
The Robert	Boso	h	Horn i	s m	nad	e in
three sizes -	one e	que	lity.			
"Junior"			now			\$16
"Standard"			now			21
"Master"			now			25
(L	IST	PF	RICES)			



ROBERT · BOSCH · MAGNETO COMPANY · INC.

No connection whatsoever with the American Bosch Magneto Corporation

Nearly 36,000,000 square yards of concrete street pavement were placed under contract in 1925

Over 1000 Cities Laid Concrete Streets Last Year

The reason for this nation-wide popularity of concrete street pavement is the fact that it is the finest looking pavement money can buy, and gives greater service value per dollar than any other type.

All of the facts are in our free booklet on "Concrete Streets." Ask for your copy.

PORTLAND CEMENT ASSOCIATION

111 West Washington St. Chicago

A National Organization to Improve and Extend the Use of Concrete

OFFICES IN 30 CITIES



LET us explain why Gramm-Bernstein Trucks mean greater profit for the dealer—and a better investment for his customers. There is a Gramm-Bernstein Truck for every conceivable need. Write us—here's a sales plan that's a money maker.

GRAMM-BERNSTEIN TRUCK CORPORATION OHIO

24 Years Experience Engineering Trucks

The Measure of Your Message

THE measure of your message is the number of actual readers reached by the publications carrying your advertising.

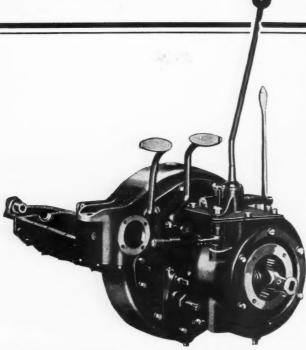
You may buy "9,000 circulation," but is it delivered, or is it merely a "claim" of the publisher?

The A. B. C. offers a service that will enable the advertiser and advertising agent to measure every message placed in the leading publications of the United States and Canada.

Every day in all parts of the Continent A. B. C. auditors are checking the records of publishers, and their findings are tabulated in the form of A. B. C. reports.

These reports, by the authentic, reliable, verified data they contain, enable the advertiser to measure exactly how widely his message has been distributed.

Ask for the latest A. B. C. Report on the Commercial Car Journal. It is a member of the A. B. C.



No Makeshift-Just the Real Thing!

With heavy-duty Fords-cars and trucks that must perform extraordinary service—there is no adequate substitute for an honest-to-goodness sliding-gear transmission.

That's Himico. THERE IS NO OTHER.

For Himico places a Ford on the same basis with any other good sliding-gear chassis. There are no planetary features left to limit load, add friction and complicate operation.

Himico standard low is lower than Ford low. Himico intermediate is a pure addition. Himico high is equivalent to Ford high.

For trucks, there is an additional emergency low gear with a ratio of 42 to 1. It delivers far more smooth vibrationless pulling power than any other device we know.

And all these gears shift smoothly and simply, as in any other high-grade transmission. The Himico clutch, included with every transmisson, makes this possible.

Himico does more, sells faster, installs easier and makes more money for the dealer. Every sale means a worth-while profit, and puts a bonus of Ford parts into stock for additional profits.

Are you getting your share of these Himico profits? Here's your chance.

HIMICO TRANSMISSION replaces Ford planetary set. Sliding gears, three forward speeds and reverse. Complete for installation, \$137. Emergency Fourth Speed, 42 to 1 (especially for trucks), \$16. Power Takeoff, \$18.

Write today for our proposition

HINKLEY MOTORS, INC.

P. O. Box J-839

Detroit, Michigan

(Builders of Famous Hinkley Heavy Duty Automotive Engines)

THE COMMERCIAL CAR JOURNAL THE CO. February 15, 1926 February 1 **STEWA** 'ampaign for Better [AND SERVICE TOO] Equip With ewart-Warner

Bumpers **Speedometers Electric Windshield Cleaners Hand Horns Electric Horns** Odometers **Rear Vision Mirrors** Shock Absorbers

RA

STEWART-WARNER SPEEDOMETER COR'N 1826 Diversey Parkway - CHICAGO, U.S.A.





Thousands of Perfex Bronze-Core Radiators are doing their part to keep motors going on profitable work every day. You know, and we have proved it, too, that correct cooling forestalls a great many motor ills. But that sort of cooling means a sound, scientific design builtto fit every day working conditions. Itmeans Perfexindividual construction.

If you are interested in efficient cooling of hard worked motors, we shall be glad to furnish you with a collection of facts from which you may draw your own conclusions. You can quickly tell whether or not our product and specialized service will fit your situation as it has that of over a hundred other well known manufacturers.

Our engineering department will gladly collaborate with your own or offer a complete designing service if desired. Write us, placing your problems before us.

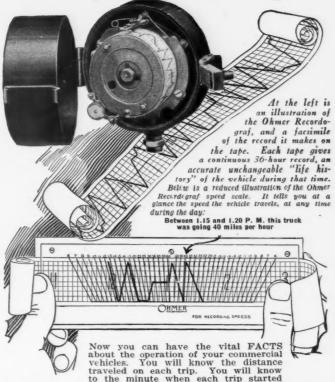
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RACINE RADIATOR COMPANY, Racine, Wis.

Pacific Coast Representative **ENGINEERING & SALES COMPANY** 24 California St. San Francisco, California

PERFECT RADIATOR





Now you can have the vital FACTS about the operation of your commercial vehicles. You will know the distance traveled on each trip. You will know to the minute when each trip started and when it ended. You will know how many stops were made, and how long the vehicle was idle each time. You will know how fast it traveled. You will know whether time was wasted or whether the speed was beyond the bounds of safety. And you will have all these facts under lock and key on a record that cannot be changed or tampered with, that is instantly available only to you, and that can be filed away for future reference.

The Ohmer Recordograf Gives Them to You

All this vital information is furnished you by the Ohmer Recordograf. It is attached to the instrument board or any other convenient place and is DRIVEN FROM THE TRANSMISSION, MAKING ITS OPERATION POSITIVE AND ACCURATE. The record is automatically made on a tape that is divided into squares representing five minute periods and quarter mile distances. A pencil moves over the tape, making a continuous, accurate record in graphic form of every movement of the vehicle.

Positive Control of Operation

PRODUCTS

We also

Fare Registers Printing Taximeters Atco Taximeters Hub Odometers Odometers Truck Auditors Fare Boxes

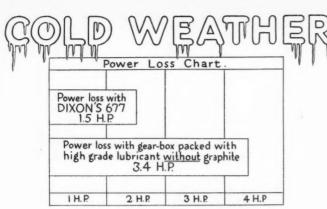
This Recordograf tape furnishes the information necessary for stopping waste and increasing profits. Trucks can be made to start their day promptly. Drivers' working time is no longer a conjecture. Overtime is reduced. The average speed of the vehicle can be increased if necessary. Overspeeding conducive to accidents and excessive repair bills can be stopped. Drivers' efficiency can be determined. Operating costs can be reduced.

Get All the Facts

Let us tell you all the facts about the Ohmer Recordograf—How it, will save you money, increase your profits, increase the efficiency of truck operation, and give you data that every truck or fleet, owner needs. Let us show you how in a surprisingly short time it will return its small initial investment and then continue to pay big dividends indefinitely. Write today for full details.

THE OHMER FARE REGISTER CO.





-demands REAL gear lubrication!

Tests show Dixon's 677 cuts power losses 56%

Motors have almost as much pep in freezing weather as in mid-summer—but this power doesn't get to the rear wheels. It is dissipated between the motor and the rear wheels due to friction caused by cold lubricant in gear box and differential.

Dixon's 677 contains absolutely pure flake graphite. Tests prove that at freezing temperature Dixon's 677 consumes 56% less power than the average gear lubricant.

Dixon's eliminates stiff gear shifting—the sure warning of faulty gear lubrication.



It pays to see that your customers get the most out of their trucks and buses. See that they use Dixon's 677 in transmissions and differentials.

Write for the "Dixon Dealer Deal No. 112-G."

Joseph Dixon Crucible Company
Jersey City, N. J. Established 1827

DIXON'S

for ALL YEAR ROUND Lubrication

MOTOR TRANSPORT

Motor Transport is devoted to the development of the art and science of motor transportation as it applies to the transport of commodities by Motor Truck, the transport of passengers by Motor Bus and the transportation of both by Gasoline Railroad Car.

Written for those concerned with the operation of fleets—Motor Transport's mission is to analyze all problems which properly come within its scope—and to assist in the solution of these problems by means of editorial discussion.

The five major problems which the Fleet Operator has to contend with in the handling of his fleet and which Motor Transport helps to solve, are

Fleet Maintenance
Organization Plans
Correct Costs
Operation of Fleet
Handling of Drivers

Each issue of Motor Transport contains articles based upon the factors outlined above and these articles are written from first-hand investigations and study by our editors in the field.

Motor Transport is published monthly, on the 10th. The subscription price is \$2.00 per year.

Write for a Sample Copy

Chilton Class Journal Co.

Chestnut and 56th Sts. Philadelphia, Pa.

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KELLOGGS Help Keep Friends

After a truck is sold and in service, it is the little conveniences which effect economy of operation that make a hit with users.

That is why many manufacturers install a Kellogg engine driven tire pump on every pneumatic job they put out.

When manufacturers do not provide a Kellogg engine driven tire pump as stock equipment, dealers have found that the sale of one helps to make friends of the truck user.

That is why the following makes of trucks either carry Kellogg's as standard equipment or have attachments for them.

USERS

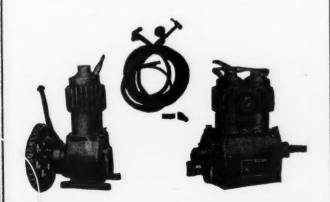
Acme Advance Rumely American-LaFrance American Motor Body Atterbury Riederman Brockway Century Clydesdale Coleman Commerce Corbitt Day-Elder Diamond T Federal Four-Wheel Drive Garford Gary G. M. C.

Gotfredson Guilder Hawkeye Dart Huffman Larrabee Maccar Mack Maxim Minneapolis Steel Nelson Pierce-Arrow Republic Ruggles Standard Stewart United Wichita Winther Yellow Coach

KELLOGG MFG. CO.

Rochester, N.Y.

Also manufacturers of air compressors for service stations and air brakes



USERS OF SPICER PROPELLER SHAFTS (One of a series)



"—without mechanical failure"

ONE great objective was set up before the designers of Yellow Coach. That was to build a vehicle with "the ability to stay in continuous service without danger of mechanical failure."

Their decision to use

Spicer Propeller Shafts

was perfectly logical. For 21 years these units have been giving that kind of service. No other unit used in bus construction has been so thoroughly tried out by time and mileage as Spicer Universals.

Associated Spicer Companies

Spicer Manufacturing Corporation, South Plainfield, N. J. Parish Manufacturing Corporation, Reading, Pa. Salisbury Axle Company, Jamestown, N. Y.



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Used by Large
Fleet Owners Everywhere!

Compare it—point by point.
Used by Rolls-Royce, Ford, Packard, Dodge, Goodyear,
Goodrich and others of like importance.
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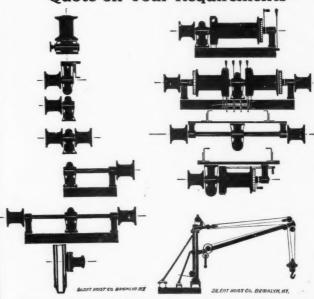
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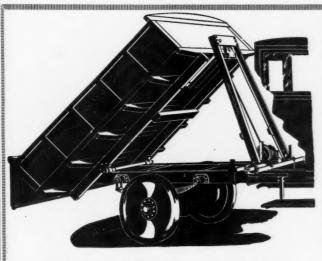
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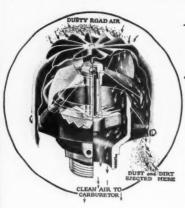
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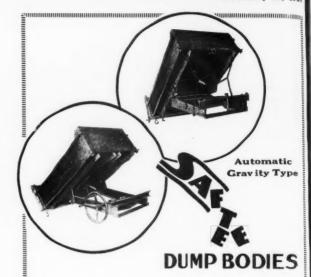
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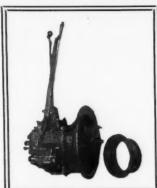
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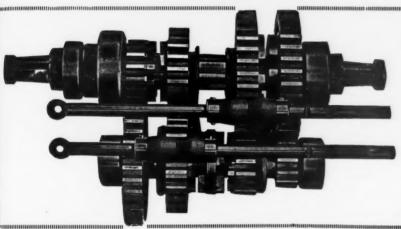
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No One Doubts | Dependability

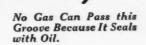
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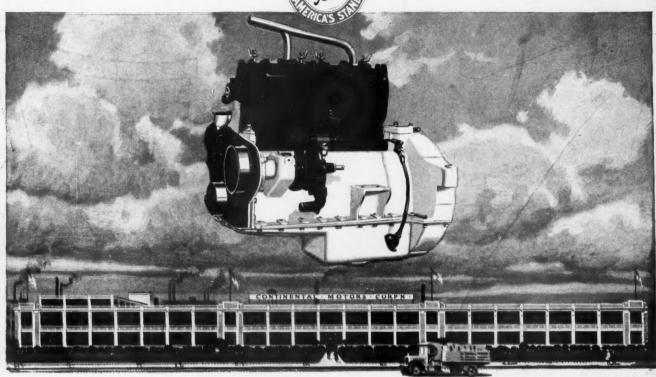
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